

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/2F

Foundation Tier Paper 2 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2023

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

| M | Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer. |
|-----------------|--|
| A | Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied. |
| В | Marks awarded independent of method. |
| ft | Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step. |
| sc | Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth. |
| M dep | A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded. |
| B dep | A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded. |
| oe | Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. |
| | eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| [a, b] | Accept values between a and b inclusive. |
| [a, b) | Accept values a |
| 3.14 | Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416 |
| Use of brackets | It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks. |

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

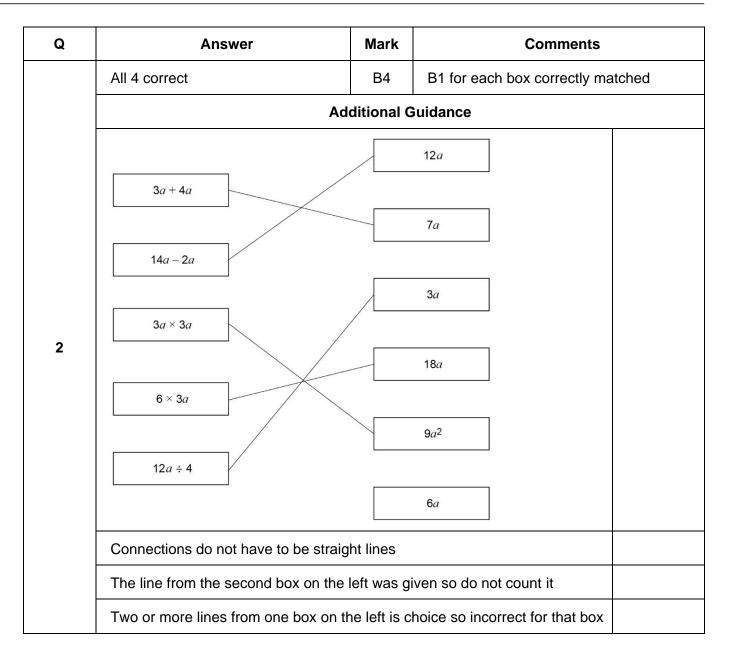
Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---|-----------|-----------------------|--|
| | 35 | B1 | | |
| 1(a) | Additional Guidance | | | |
| , , | Mark the answer line. If this is blank, diagram | the answe | er may be seen on the | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---|-----------|-----------------------|--|
| | -2 | B1 | | |
| 1(b) | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | Mark the answer line. If this is blank, diagram | the answe | er may be seen on the | |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|--|------|---|---------|
| | A and (A =) 14 and (B =) 12 | B2 | B1 (A =) 14 or (B =) 12 14 and/or 12 may be on the accept 140 and 120 | diagram |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| 3(a) | Ignore reference to areas of any shapes and perimeters of the other shapes | | | |
| | Ignore units, including for 140 and 120 | | | |
| | If answer line blank, accept A clearly indicated in working | | | |
| | Accept 14 on the answer line in place of A with 12 seen for B | | | B2 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------|--------|------|----------|
| 3(b) | D | B1 | |

| Q | | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------|---|---------|------|--------------|
| 3(c) |) | C and E | B1 | either order |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---|------|---|---|
| | Any correct reflection of shape with corresponding mirror line shown | B2 | B1 any correct reflection of shape with no or incorrect mirror line | 1 |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | Mark intention for mirror line and sha | | | |
| 3(d) | Ignore internal lines | | | |
| | For B2, if there is more than one shape and/or more than one mirror line, apply the rules of choice | | | |
| | For B1, any one correct reflection of the shape (even with other incorrect shapes) will score B1 | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|------|--|------|---------------|----|--|
| | (4, 3) | B1 | accept (4, 3) | | |
| 44. | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| 4(a) | Mark the answer line. If this is blank, the answer may be seen on the diagram but must be the coordinates for <i>P</i> | | | | |
| | Do not allow x and y within the coordinates eg $(4x, 3y)$ | | | В0 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|----|--|
| | $(x, -3)$ where $x \neq 4$ | B1 | accept eg $\begin{pmatrix} x & y \\ 5, & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ | | |
| 4(b) | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | Do not allow x and y within the coord | inates eg | (5 <i>x</i> , –3 <i>y</i>) | В0 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---|------|------------------------------|--|
| | 5 ÷ 0.75 or 500 ÷ 75 or 6.6() or 6.7 or 75 × 6 or 450 or 0.75 × 6 or 4.5 or 75 × 7 or 525 | M1 | oe eg build up or build down | |
| 5(a) | or 0.75 × 7 or 5.25 | A1 | Guidance | |
| | Incorrect work seen is A0 eg $75 \times 6 = 450$ and $75 \times 7 = 575$ Answer 6 Do not allow $5 \div 75$ or $500 \div 0.75$ unless recovered | | | |
| | Build up must be fully correct method, no errors, 75, 150, 225, 300, 375, 450, (525) | | | |
| | Build down must be fully correct method, no errors, 425, 350, 275, 200, 125, 50 | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|------|--|------------|---|
| | Alternative method 1 Comparing t | he cost of | 24 bottles |
| | 2.5 × 0.1 or 0.25 or 1 – 0.1 or 0.9 | M1 | oe eg 2.5 \div 10 discount or multiplier for shop X implied by 2.5 \times 6 \times 0.1 or 1.5 or 2.25 |
| | (2.5 – their 0.25) × 6 or 2.5 × their 0.9 × 6 or 2.25 × 6 or 13.5 | M1dep | oe eg 15 × 0.9 or 15 – 1.5 shop X |
| | 7 × 2 or 14 | M1 | oe shop Z |
| | X with 13.5 and 14 seen | A1 | oe |
| | Alternative method 2 Comparing t | he cost of | 1 bottle |
| | 2.5 × 0.1 or 0.25 or 1 – 0.1 or 0.9 | M1 | oe eg 2.5 \div 10 discount or multiplier for shop X implied by 2.5 \div 4 \times 0.1 or 0.06(25) or 2.25 |
| 5(b) | (2.5 – their 0.25) ÷ 4 or 2.5 × their 0.9 ÷ 4 or 2.25 ÷ 4 or 0.56(25) or 0.563 | M1dep | oe eg 0.62(5) × 0.9 or 0.62(5) – 0.06(25) shop X |
| | 7 ÷ 12 or 0.58(3) | M1 | oe shop Z |
| | X with 0.56(25) or 0.563 and 0.58(3) seen | A1 | oe |
| | Alternative method 3 Comparing t | he cost of | 12 bottles |
| | 2.5 × 0.1 or 0.25 or 1 – 0.1 or 0.9 | M1 | oe eg 2.5 \div 10 discount or multiplier for shop X implied by 2.5 \times 3 \times 0.1 or 0.75 or 2.25 |
| | (2.5 – their 0.25) × 3 or 2.5 × their 0.9 × 3 or 2.25 × 3 | M1dep | oe eg 7.5 × their 0.9 or 7.5 – 0.75 shop X |
| | X with 6.75 (and 7) seen | A2 | A1 6.75 oe |

Question 5(b) continues on the next page

| | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
|--------------|--|------|--|--|--|--|
| | Up to 3 marks may be awarded for correct work with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts | | | | | |
| | Use the scheme that favours the student eg 0.56 and 0.58 followed by 13.44 and 13.92 and X (mark by Alt 2) | M3A1 | | | | |
| | Ignore incorrect money notation eg 13.5 or 14.0 | | | | | |
| | All schemes can be oe in pence and allow work in a mix of pounds or pence for up to 3 marks | | | | | |
| | Condone eg answer 13.5 with 14 seen | M3A1 | | | | |
| 5(b) cont | For 0.1 × 2.5, accept 10% × 2.5 but do not accept 10% of 2.5 unless recovered | | | | | |
| | Allow variations | | | | | |
| | eg Shop X £15, Shop Z £14, | M1 | | | | |
| | Shop X is £1 more but the discount is £1.50 | M1M1 | | | | |
| | Shop X cheaper | A1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Where the student compares eg 2, 3, 4, 6, 48 or 96 bottles apply the principles of Alt 2 - some relevant figures given below (after offer)

| Shop | Cost of 2 | Cost of 2 Cost of 3 | | Cost of 6 | |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|---------|-----------------|--|
| Х | 1.12(5) or 1.13 | 1.68(75) or 1.69 | 2.25 | 3.37(5) or 3.38 | |
| Z | 1.16(6) or 1.17 | 1.75 | 2.33(3) | 3.5 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|---|---|------------|--|--|--|
| 6 | All five extra sets ie AC or CA but not both and AD or DA but not both and BC or CB but not both and BD or DB but not both and CD or DC but not both | B2 | list in any order B1 any three or four of the five correct | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | Mark the grid unless blank | | | | |
| | Ignore extras, repeats and reversals | not for B2 | | | |

| Q | Answer | | | | | | Mark | Comments | | | | | |
|------|--|------|--------|------|--|-------|--------|------------|------------------------------------|----|----|---|-----------------------|
| | Two even and two odd numbers and the numbers all different and the sum of the four numbers is 46 | | | | Two even and two odd numbers and the numbers all different and | | | | | | B2 | any order B1 two even and two odd not and the sum of the four numbers or the numbers all different and the sum of the four numbers or two even and two odd numb and the numbers all different and the sum of the four numbers | is 46 is 46 ers |
| | | | | | | | Add | litional G | uidance | | | | |
| 7(a) | 11 | + | 8 | + | 6 | + | 21 | | | B2 | | | |
| | 30 | + | 10 | + | 3 | + | 3 | (no | t all different) | B1 | | | |
| | 8 | + | 12 | + | 10 | + | 16 | (no | odds) | B1 | | | |
| | 10 | + | 16 | + | 1 | + | 11 | (no | t 46 but in range) | B1 | | | |
| | 15 | + | 10 | + | 15 | + | 10 | (no | t all different and not 46) | В0 | | | |
| | 3 | + | 5 | + | 7 | + | 29 | (no | evens and not 46) | В0 | | | |
| | Negativ | es a | are ac | cept | able fo | or B1 | or B2 | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| | 0 is an | eve | n num | ber | for B1 | or B | 2, but | a blank b | pox does not imply 0 | | | | |
| | Fractions and/or decimals are acceptable for four different numbers that sum to 46 for B1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Mark th | e bo | oxes | | | | | | | | | | |

| Q | | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------|---|-----------------|
| | or | 5 | B2 | either order B1 uses a factor of 12 and the product of the two number or uses a factor of 40 and the product of the two number or the product of the two number | ers is [24, 36] |
| 7(b) | | Add | ditional G | Buidance | |
| | 3 × | 9 | | | B1 |
| | 7 × | 5 | | | B1 |
| | 30 × | 1 | | | B1 |
| | 15 × | 2 | | | B1 |
| | Fractions and | d/or decimals are accep | table for r | non-factors for B1 | |
| | Mark the box | kes | | | |

| Q | Answer | | | swer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|--------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------------|--|----|
| | 36 |] ÷ [| 2 | | B2 | B1 any square number > 1 or any prime number | |
| | | | | Ad | ditional G | Guidance | |
| | Allow | squa | ares to | be written in index f | orm for B2 | 2 or B1 eg | |
| 7(c) | 62 | ÷ | 2 | | | | B2 |
| | 2 | ÷ | 36 | | | | B1 |
| | | ÷ | 9 | | | | B1 |
| | 72 | ÷ | 4 | | | | B1 |
| | Mark t | he b | oxes | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|-------------|
| | 45 in No (Played) | B1 | | |
| | 36 in No (More than one game played?) | B1 | | |
| | 12 in Yes (More than one game | | ft 48 – their 36 | |
| | played?) | B1ft | their 36 must be a positive in than 48 | iteger less |
| | Add | ditional G | uidance | |
| | Mark the frequency tree | | | |
| 8(a) | 12 | | | |
| | 93 45 | 36 | | B1B0B1ft |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|------|---|--------------|-----------------------------|------|--|--|
| | Alternative method 1 | | | | | |
| | 0.68 × 93 or 63.2(4) | M1 | oe | | | |
| | 64 | A1 | | | | |
| | Alternative method 2 | | | | | |
| | $\frac{63}{93} = 0.67()$ | | other trials can be ignored | | | |
| | or | M1 | | | | |
| 8(b) | $\frac{64}{93} = [0.68, 0.69]$ | | | | | |
| | 64 | A1 | | | | |
| | | Additional G | Guidance | | | |
| | Answer only 64 | | | M1A1 | | |
| | 0.69 × 93 or 64.1(7) or 64.2 w (without seeing 0.68 × 93 or 63 | | M0A0 | | | |
| | For 0.68 × 93, accept 68% × 93 but do not accept 68% of 93 unless recovered | | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|------|---|------------|----------|------|
| | 6×4 or 24 or $11 \times (12 - 4)$ or 11×8 or 88 | M1 | oe | |
| 9(a) | 112 | A1 | | |
| | Ad | ditional G | Guidance | |
| | 112.00(p) | | | M1A1 |
| | 112.0 | | | M1A0 |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | | |
|------|--|---|---|-------|--|--|--|
| | Alternative method 1 Works in min | Alternative method 1 Works in min or hrs for 9 episodes and 1 episode | | | | | |
| | $9 \times 50 \text{ or } 450$ or $9 \times \frac{50}{60} \text{ or } \frac{450}{60}$ | M1 | oe eg 9 × $\frac{5}{6}$ or $\frac{45}{6}$ or $\frac{15}{2}$ o | r 7.5 | | | |
| | $60 + 42$ or 102 or $\frac{102}{60}$ oe fraction or 1.7 | M1 | 552 or 9.2 implies M1M1 | | | | |
| | 9 hours 12 minutes | A1 | SC2 9h 32min or 6h 32min or 9h 20min | | | | |
| | Alternative method 2 Works in min or hrs for 9 episodes and converts to hrs and min | | | | | | |
| 9(b) | $9 \times 50 \text{ or } 450$ or $9 \times \frac{50}{60} \text{ or } \frac{450}{60}$ | M1 | oe $eg \ 9 \times \frac{5}{6} or \frac{45}{6} or \frac{15}{2} or 7.5$ implied by 7 h 30 min | | | | |
| | 7 h 30 min | ft conversion of their 450 to I minutes if their 450 > 60 or their $\frac{450}{60}$ to hours and m $\frac{450}{60}$ > 1 | | | | | |
| | 9 hours 12 minutes | A1 | SC2 9h 32min or 6h 32m or 9h 20min | in | | | |
| | Ad | ditional G | Guidance | | | | |
| | 7 h 50 min + 1 h 42 min = 9 h 32 min | | SC2 | | | | |
| | 4 h 50 min + 1 h 42 min = 6 h 32 min | | | SC2 | | | |
| | 9.2 h = 9 h 20 min | | | SC2 | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|-------|--|------|----------|--|--|--|
| | 1020 ÷ 5 (× 2) or 204 (× 2) | M1 | | | | |
| | 408 | A1 | SC1 612 | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| 10(a) | $\frac{408}{1020}$ on answer line | | M1A0 | | | |
| | Condone 408 out of 1020 | M1A1 | | | | |
| | For 0.4 × 1020, accept 40% × 1020 to recovered | | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------|-------------|----|--|--|
| | $\frac{4}{7}$ | B1 | oe fraction | | | |
| 10(b) | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| | Conversion to decimal or percentage | | | В0 | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|-------|---|----------|----------|--|--|
| | 220 ÷ 250 (× 100) or 0.88 | M1 | oe | | |
| 40(-) | 88 | A1 | SC1 12 | | |
| 10(c) | Ad | Guidance | | | |
| | Build-up methods must be correct or show correct method for each step | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------|------|---|------------|--|--|
| | 8 in W only | B1 | | | | |
| | 21 in (H U W)' | B1ft | ft 29 – their 8 their 8 must be < 29 | | | |
| 11(a) | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| | 15 in W only 21 in (H U W)' | | | B0 B1 | | |
| | 15 in W only 14 in (H U W)' | | | B0 B1ft | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|-------|---|------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 7 60 or [0.116, 0.117] or [11.6, 11.7]% | B1 | oe fraction | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| 11(b) | Ignore conversion attempt to decimal after correct probability seen | , fraction | or percentage (but not ratio) | | | |
| | Do not allow eg 7 in 60 or 7 out of 60 | unless th | e correct probability seen | | | |
| | Do not allow ratio | | | | | |
| | Ignore words if correct probability see | en | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | | |
|-------|--|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | Valid explanation | B1 | eg needs brackets around 35 | – 19 | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | | | |
| | Any calculations shown must be corre | ect | | | | | |
| | Ignore irrelevant, non-contradictory s | tatements | 3 | | | | |
| | It gives 25.5 and it should be 8 | | | B1 | | | |
| | (It gives the wrong answer,) it should | be 8 | | B1 | | | |
| | He shouldn't divide (by 2) first | | | B1 | | | |
| | He needs brackets around the takear | way | | B1 | | | |
| | He needs to subtract first | | | | | | |
| | He should do 35 – 19 and then divide by 2 | | | | | | |
| 11(c) | (35 – 19) ÷ 2 (may correct the given calculation by adding brackets) | | | | | | |
| | $\frac{35-19}{2}$ (implies the brackets) | | | | | | |
| | This gives 25.5 (or 51) when he needs 8 or 16 | | | | | | |
| | $35 - 19 = 16$ $16 \div 2 = 8$ (needs to | say that | this is what he should do) | В0 | | | |
| | This gives 25.5 (or 51) which is too m | nuch (ne | eds to compare with 8 or 16) | В0 | | | |
| | He hasn't used BIDMAS | | | В0 | | | |
| | It gives the wrong answer | | | | | | |
| | $35 - 19 \div 2 = 8$ | | | | | | |
| | 35 – 19 ÷ 2 = 25.50 | | | В0 | | | |
| | He needs brackets | | | В0 | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|----|---|-------------|--|----|--|--|
| | Ticks Both of them and gives valid reason for Kai eg references both values being divided (or multiplied) by 3 and gives valid reason for Jo eg references both values being divided (or multiplied) by 6 | B2 | 1.5 × 1 = 6 = 1.5 ai o or Kai | | | |
| 12 | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| 12 | Ticks Both of them and gives correct reason for Kai or Jo and refs both values being divided (or multiplied) by 2 (to link Jo and Kai) | | | | | |
| | Accept a build-up method to imply multiplying by 3 or by 6 eg all three of 3: 2 and 6: 4 and 9: 6 or all six of 1.5: 1 and 3: 2 and 4.5: 3 and 6: 4 and 7.5: 5 and 9: 6 | | | | | |
| | Condone eg 3:2 × 3 = 9:6 to imp | | | | | |
| | If evaluating 6 ÷ 9 = 0.66 and 2 ÷ 3 = 0.66() or 0.67 | | | | | |
| | 3 is a factor of 9 and 2 is a factor of 6 | В0 | | | | |
| | 9:6=3:2 or $\frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$ (not evaluated | В0 | | | | |
| | 9:6 simplifies to 3:2 and 1.5:1 (with | В0 | | | | |
| | 3 : 2 and 1.5 : 1 are both equivalent t | o 9 : 6 (wi | th no reference to \times 3 or \times 6) | В0 | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|----|---|--------------------------|---|------|--|
| | Correct method or evaluation for the 25% or the 15% or correct multiplier for the increase or the decrease seen | M1 | eg 28 × 0.25 or 7 or 40 × 0.15 or 6 or 1.25 or 0.85 oe | | |
| | Correct method or evaluation for either calculation | M1dep | eg 28 + 28 × 0.25 or 35 or 40 × 0.85 or 34 | | |
| | Correct method or evaluation for both calculations | M1dep | | | |
| | 35 with 34 seen | A1 | oe eg 28 increased by 25% with 35 and 3 seen | | |
| 13 | Ad | | | | |
| | 28 × 1.25 or 35 | | M1M1 | | |
| | 40 × 0.85 or 34 | | | M1M1 | |
| | 28 × 1.25 or 35 and 40 × 0.85 or | M1M1M1 | | | |
| | Build-up methods must be correct or | show cor | ect method for each step | | |
| | eg 1 10% = 2.8, 5% = 1.4, 25% = 7 | | | M1 | |
| | eg 2 $10\% = 2.8$, $5\% = 2.8 \div 2 = 1.8$, method shown for that step) | 4 (error in build-up but | M1 | | |
| | eg 3 10% = 2.8, 5% = 1.8, 25% = 7. shown for that step) | MO | | | |
| | 35 and 34 seen and 35 chosen by eq | M3A1 | | | |
| | For 28 × 0.25, do not accept 28 × 25 | % unless | recovered | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|----|--|------------|----------|----|--|
| | 3(4a + 5b) | B1 | | | |
| | Add | ditional G | Buidance | | |
| | Condone missing final bracket ie $3(4a + 5b)$ | | | | |
| 14 | Allow multiplying back out to check their answer | | | | |
| 14 | Further incorrect work after a correct | | | | |
| | eg $3(4a + 5b) = 27ab$ | | | В0 | |
| | 3(a4 + b5) | | | | |
| | $3 \times (4a + 5b)$ | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|----|---------------------|------|--|----|--|--|
| | -3, -2, -1, 0, 1 | B2 | any order B1 four correct and none incorrect or five correct and one incorrect | | | |
| 15 | Additional Guidance | | | | | |
| 15 | -2, -1, 0, 1 | | | B1 | | |
| | -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2 | | | B1 | | |
| | -3, -2, -1, 1 | | | | | |
| | -2, -1, 0, 1, 2 | | | В0 | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | | |
|----|---|---|----------|----|--|--|
| | 3n + 4 or $4 + 3n$ | B2 oe eg $7 + (3n - 3)$ B1 $3n + (3n - 3)$ | | | | |
| | Add | ditional G | Guidance | | | |
| | Ignore LHS of formula given eg $T_n =$ | 3 <i>n</i> + 4 | | B2 | | |
| | Condone $n = 3n + 4$ or n th term $= 3n + 4$ | | | | | |
| | Allow a multiplication sign eg $3 \times n + 4$ or $n \times 3 + 4$ | | | | | |
| 16 | Allow other variables eg $3x + 4$ | | | | | |
| | 3x | | | | | |
| | пЗ | | | | | |
| | n3 + 4 | | | B1 | | |
| | 3nth + 4 | | | | | |
| | 3nth | | | | | |
| | 3n + 4n | | | | | |

| Q | Ans | wer | | Mark | | Comments | | |
|----|---|--|-------|-------|---|----------|--------------------|--|
| | 45 × 8 or 360 | 45 × 8 or 360 oe M1 number of 2p coins may be embedded | | | | | | |
| | 45 × 8 × 2 or 360 × 2 or 720 or 7.2(0) | | | M1dep | oe value of 2p coins implied by 1170 or 11.7(0) | | | |
| | 17.7(0) – their 7.2 or 1770 – their 720 – or 6(.00) or 600 | | | M1dep | oe value of 5p coins | | | |
| | 6:5 | | | | | | 1 1 : 1 | |
| 17 | Additional Guidance | | | | | | | |
| | Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts | | | | | | | |
| | Allow working in p | | | | | | | |
| | Must work consist | ark (or recover) | | | | | | |
| | Ignore units in the | M3A1 | | | | | | |
| | 720 may be seen in a ratio with the value of the 10p coins eg 720 : 450 or 7.2 : 4.5 | | | | | | M2 | |
| | 600 may be seen in a ratio with the value of the 10p coins eg 600 : 450 or 6 : 4.5 | | | | | | M3 | |
| | For information: | Coin | 10p | 2p | 5p | | | |
| | | Number | 45 | 360 | 120 | | | |
| | | Value | £4.50 | £7.20 | £6.00 | | | |

| Q | Answer | | | | Mark | Comments | | | | |
|-------|--------------------|-------|---------|--------|------|------------------------|----|----|--|----|
| | All values correct | | | | B2 | B1 1 or 2 rows correct | | | | |
| | | Addit | ional G | Suidar | nce | | | | | |
| 40(-) | | 1 | 2 | 3 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | | |
| 18(a) | 2 x | 2 | 4 | 6 | | 8 | 10 | 12 | | B2 |
| | 3 x | 3 | 6 | 9 | | 12 | 15 | 18 | | BZ |
| | x ² | 1 | 4 | 9 | | 16 | 25 | 36 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments on fraction, desiral or percentage | | |
|-------|--|--|---|---|--|
| | $\frac{8}{18}$ or $\frac{4}{9}$ or 0.44(4) or 44(.4)% | oe fraction, decimal or per ft their table with ≥ 12 val must be using 18 for the to possible scores | | S | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| 18(b) | Ignore simplification or conversion attempt (not ratio) after correct probability seen | | | | |
| | Ratio answer eg 8 : 18, even alongside a correct probability is B0 | | | | |
| | ft decimals or percentages must be correct to the same accuracy as in the scheme | | | | |
| | eg 10 winning values in their table | | | | |
| | $\frac{10}{18}$ or 0.55(5) or 0.56 or 0.556 or 55(.5)% or 56% or 55.6% | | | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|-------|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | $711 \times \text{their } \frac{8}{18}$ | M1 | oe ft their probability from (b) or if no probability in (b), ft their table with ≥ 12 values where 0 < their probability < 1 probabilities, if rounded in (c), must be truncated or rounded to at least 2 sf | | |
| | 316 | A1 | SC2 395 | | |
| | Ade | ditional G | Guidance | | |
| | Answer 316 | M1A1 | | | |
| | $\frac{316}{711}$ on answer line | M1A0 | | | |
| 404 > | Condone 316 out of 711 | M1A1 | | | |
| 18(c) | Do not treat estimating by rounding a eg1 700 used instead of 711 eg2 (b) 0.44 (c) 0.4 × 711 (rounded) eg3 (b) 0.4 (c) 0.4 × 711 (follows) | m (c) for the probability) M0A0 | | | |
| | Do not allow ft for a ratio from (b) but may ft their (a) instead | | | | |
| | For 0.44 × 711, accept 44% × 711 but do not accept 44% of 711 unless recovered | | | | |
| | The method mark may be implied by the nearest integer or rounded up to the eg1 (b) $\frac{7}{18}$ | · · | | | |
| | (c) 276.5 or 276 or 277 (correct f | t method | implied using (b)) M1A0 | | |
| | eg2 (a) completed table has 7 winnin | | | | |
| | (c) 276.5 or 276 or 277 (correct | ft method | d implied using (a)) M1A0 | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|-------|---|------|---|------|--|
| 19(a) | 360 ÷ 8 or 135 seen | M1 | oe eg $45 \times 8 = 360$ or $180 - \frac{(8-2) \times 180}{8}$ may be on diagram | | |
| | 45 | A1 | | | |
| | Additional Guidance | | | | |
| | M1 may be awarded for correct work with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts | | | | |
| | 45 seen but not chosen as answer, even if linked to the wrong angle | | | M1A0 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
|-------|--|------|----------|
| 19(b) | It is less than the answer to part (a) | B1 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | | |
|----|--|-------------------|--|-----|--|
| | (4) (-3) | B2 | B1 $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ SC1 $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ | | |
| | Ad | ditional G | Buidance | | |
| | $(4, -3)$ or $\begin{pmatrix} -3\\4 \end{pmatrix}$ | | | | |
| | Ignore words if a vector is also seen | | | | |
| | eg1 Reflection $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ | | | B2 | |
| 20 | eg2 4 right 3 up and $\binom{4}{3}$ | | | B1 | |
| | eg3 4 right 3 down | | | В0 | |
| | eg4 Rotate 4 left and 3 up and $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ | | | SC1 | |
| | Condone any type of brackets | | | | |
| | Condone missing brackets for B2 or B1 or SC1 but must have two numbers in a column | | | | |
| | Condone 'fraction line' for B2 or B1 or SC1 but must have two numbers in a column | | | | |
| | $\begin{pmatrix} 4x \\ -3y \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} x4 \\ -y3 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} x+4 \\ y-3 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 4x \\ 3y \end{pmatrix}$ | 4 right 3 down | or $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \text{ r} \\ 3 \text{ d} \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \rightarrow \\ 3 \downarrow \end{pmatrix}$ | В0 | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|----|--|-------|---|--|
| | Alternative method 1 Compares 70% of volume of hemisphere with volume of water | | | |
| | $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 12^3$ or 2304π | | oe eg $\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 1728$ | |
| | or [7216, 7239.2] or | M1 | allow without any multiplication signs $eg \frac{4}{3}\pi 12^{3}$ | |
| | $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 12^3$ or 1152π | | 3 | |
| | or [3581, 3638] | | | |
| | 0.7 × their 1152π or 806.4π or [2506, 2547] | M1dep | oe 0.7 × their [3581, 3638] or $\frac{4032}{5}\pi$ | |
| | | | must be using volume of hemisphere | |
| | 325 × 8 or 2600 | M1 | oe | |
| 21 | [2506, 2547] and 2600 and Yes | A1 | oe | |
| 21 | Alternative method 2 Works out volume of water as proportion of volume of hemisphere | | | |
| | $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 12^3$ or 2304π | | oe eg $\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 1728$ | |
| | or [7216, 7239.2] | | allow without any multiplication signs | |
| | or | M1 | eg $\frac{4}{3}\pi 12^3$ | |
| | $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 12^3$ or 1152π | | | |
| | or [3581, 3638] | | | |
| | 325 × 8 or 2600 | M1 | oe | |
| | their 2600 ÷ their 1152π | M1dep | oe eg their 2600 ÷ their [3581, 3638] | |
| | or [0.71, 0.73] | | or 72% | |
| | | | dep on M2 must be using volume of hemisphere | |
| | [71, 73](%) and Yes | A1 | oe eg 0.72 and 0.7 and Yes | |

Question 21 continues on the next page

| | Alternative method 3 Works out time to fill 70% of volume of hemisphere | | |
|------------|--|-------|---|
| | $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 12^{3}$ or 2304 π or [7216, 7239.2] or $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 12^{3}$ or 1152 π or [3581, 3638] | M1 | oe eg $\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 1728$ allow without any multiplication signs eg $\frac{4}{3}\pi 12^3$ |
| 21 cont | $0.7 \times$ their 1152π or 806.4π or $[2506, 2547]$ or their $1152\pi \div 325$ or $[11, 11.2]$ | M1dep | oe $0.7 \times \text{their} [3581, 3638] \text{ or } \frac{4032}{5} \pi$ or $\text{their} [3581, 3638] \div 325$ must be using volume of hemisphere |
| | 0.7 × their 1152π ÷ 325 or 0.7 × their [3581, 3638] ÷ 325 or [7.7, 7.84] | M1dep | oe their [2506, 2547] ÷ 325 or 0.7 × their [11, 11.2] |
| | [7.7, 7.84] and Yes | A1 | ое |

Question 21 continues on the next page

| | Additional Guidance | | |
|------|---|-------|--|
| | Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts | | |
| | Allow 1.33() for $\frac{4}{3}$ | | |
| | Allow 0.66() or 0.67 for $\frac{2}{3}$ | | |
| | π may be seen as [3.14, 3.142] eg Alt 1 $\frac{2}{3} \times 3.14 \times 12^3$ | | |
| | If a number (or calculation) in terms of π is seen but π is subsequently omitted, treat as a miscopy for M marks | | |
| 21 | eg Alt 1 | | |
| cont | 1152π | | |
| | $0.7 \times 1152 = 806.4$ | M1dep | |
| | $325 \times 8 = 2600$ Yes | M1A0 | |
| | Yes cannot be implied by inequalities | | |
| | Alts 1 and 2 | | |
| | 325 cm ³ × 8 seen is M1 even if evaluated incorrectly | | |
| | $325^3 \times 8$ seen is M0 unless recovered to 2600 | | |
| | Do not allow misreads of the given formula unless recovered | | |
| | eg1 using 12 ² instead of 12 ³ | | |
| | eg2 using $\frac{3}{4}$ instead of $\frac{4}{3}$ | | |
| | For 0.7 × their 1152 π , do not accept 70% × their 1152 π unless recovered | | |

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
|----|--|------|--|--------------|
| | $8 \div 5$ or $19.2 \div 12$ or $\frac{8}{5}$ or $\frac{19.2}{12}$ or 1.6 or $12 \div 5$ or $19.2 \div 8$ or $\frac{12}{5}$ or $\frac{19.2}{8}$ or 2.4 | M1 | oe use of a valid pair of side appropriate calculation or valeg 5 ÷ 8 or 0.625 or 5 ÷ 12 or [0.416, 0.417] | |
| | $8 \div 5 = 19.2 \div 12 \text{ or } \frac{8}{5} = \frac{19.2}{12}$ or $12 \div 5 = 19.2 \div 8 \text{ or } \frac{12}{5} = \frac{19.2}{8}$ | A1 | oe showing sides are in property of $5 \div 8 = 12 \div 19.2$ or $\frac{5}{12} = \frac{8}{19.2}$ | portion |
| | Additional Guidance | | | |
| | For A1 equating may be implied by two calculations or two fractions with correct evaluation | | | |
| | eg $8 \div 5 = 19.2 \div 12$ is implied by $8 = 5 \times 1.6$ and $19.2 = 12 \times 1.6$ | | | M1A1 |
| 22 | For A1 equating may be implied by calculations | | | |
| | eg1 $8 \div 5 = 19.2 \div 12$ is implied by $8 \div 5 = 1.6$ and $12 \times 1.6 = 19.2$ | | | M1A1 |
| | eg2 8 ÷ 5 = 19.2 ÷ 12 is implied by $\frac{8}{5} \times 12 = 19.2$ | | | M1A1 |
| | 5 × 19.2 = 8 × 12 | | | M1A1 |
| | $5 \times 19.2 = 96$ and $8 \times 12 = 96$ | | | M1A1 |
| | Non-contradictory working can be ignored eg correct response along with area calculations | | | M1A1 |
| | Ignore words eg references to scale factors, enlargement, angles | | | |
| | Working on diagrams may be seen eg1 Arrows or lines from 5 to 8 and 12 to 19.2 with × 1.6 on them eg2 Arrows or lines from 5 to 8 and 12 to 19.2 with 1.6 on them Arrows or lines must unambiguously link relevant numbers | | | M1A1 M1A0 |
| | For $8 \div 5$ or $\frac{8}{5}$ allow $8:5$ etc | | | |

| _ | _ | | _ | |
|----|---|------------|--|---|
| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments | |
| | $80 \times x$ or $80x$ or $x \times 80$ or $x \times 80$ or $x \times 60$ or $x \div 60$ | M1 | teabags per hour boxes per minute | |
| | $\frac{80x}{60} \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ | | oe showing 80 and 60 and | |
| | or | A1 | $= \frac{80 \times x}{60} \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right) \text{ or } x \frac{80}{60} \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ | |
| | $80 \div 60 \times x \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ | | or $\frac{80}{60} \times x \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ or $80x - \frac{1}{3}$ | $\div 60 \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ |
| | Ade | ditional G | Guidance | |
| | M1 may be awarded for correct work with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts | | | |
| 23 | Do not allow M1 if only seen embedded in an incorrect expression or calculation eg $80x \times 4 = 320x$ | | | MO |
| | $60 \times \frac{4x}{3} = 80x$ (M1 allowed as $80x$ is not embedded in an incorrect expression or calculation, A0 because using the given answer) | | | M1A0 |
| | Condone $x = 80 \div 60$ | | | M1A0 |
| | $\frac{80x}{60} \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ | | | M1A1 |
| | $\frac{80}{60} = \frac{4}{3} \text{ and } \frac{4}{3} \times x \left(= \frac{4x}{3} \right)$ | | | M1A1 |
| | $\frac{80}{60} = \frac{4}{3}$ and $\frac{4x}{3}$ | | | M1A0 |
| | No equivalents allowed for M1 | | | |
| | Ignore units | | | |
| | Condone 1.33() for $\frac{4}{3}$ | | | |
| | Ignore non-contradictory working afte | er M1A1 s | een | |