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GCSE COMBINED SCIENCE: TRILOGY



Foundation Tier Chemistry Paper 2F

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- · a scientific calculator
- the periodic table (enclosed).

Instructions

- · Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- · Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
TOTAL	



	The colour of anhydrous copper	sulfate is		
blue	green	orange	white	yellow
	CHOOSE ANSWERS HOTH THE DOX.			[2 marks]
0 1 . 2	Complete the sentences. Choose answers from the box.			
	Complete the conteness			
0 1 1 . 1	Thew does the equation offers the			[1 mark]
0 1 1	How does the equation show th	at the reaction i	s reversible?	
	water + anhydro	us copper sulfa	te ⇌ hydrated cop	per sulfate
	The word equation for the react	on is:		
	Water reacts with anhydrous co	pper sulfate in a	a reversible reactio	n.
0 1	Fresh water contains low levels	of dissolved sa	lts.	

biue	green	Oralige	wille	yenow
	The colour of anhydrou	s copper sulfate is		
	The colour of hydrated	copper sulfate is		



0 1. 3 Figure 1 shows anhydrous copper sulfate in a sealed container.

Figure 1



Suggest **one** reason why anhydrous copper sulfate is kept in a sealed container.

[1 mark]

Question 1 continues on the next page

Turn over ▶



	Sodium chloride dissolves in water to	o form sodium chloride solution.	
0 1.4	Draw one line from each substance	to the description of the substance. [2 mark]	s]
	Substance	Description of substance	
		Compound	
	Sodium chloride solution		
		Element	
	Water	Hydrocarbon	
		Mixture	
0 1.5	Name the process used to obtain so sodium chloride solution.	id sodium chloride from [1 mar	k]
			_

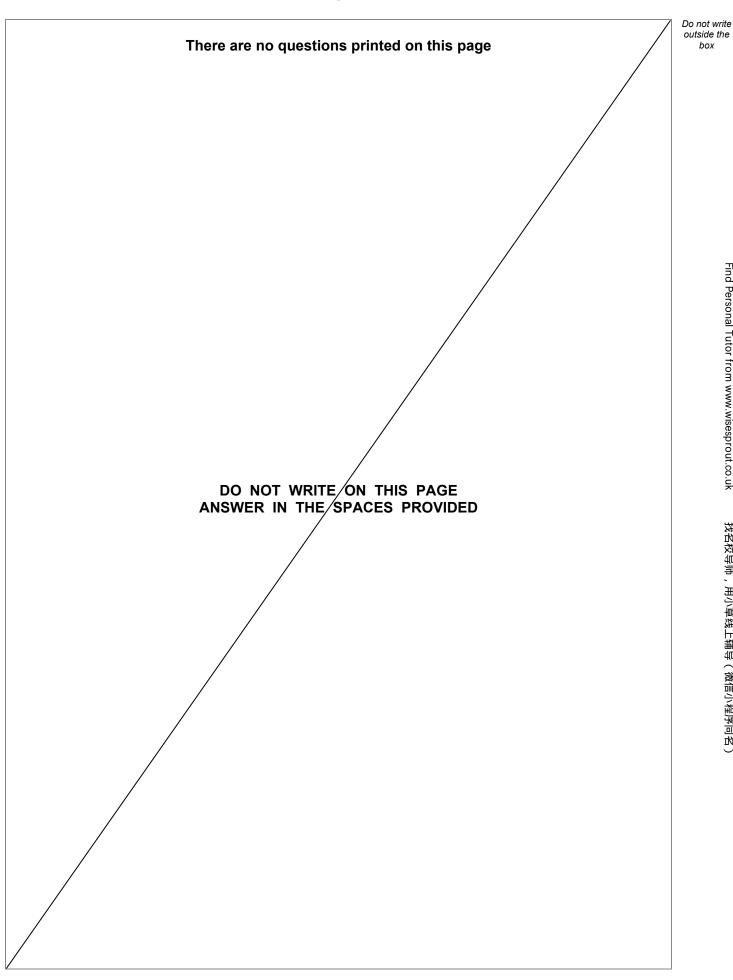


0 1.6	Two processes used to obtain potable water from fresh water are: • filtering • sterilising.	outside box
	Give one reason why each process is used. [2 marks]	
	Filtering	
	Sterilising	
0 1.7	Which type of water is the easiest to obtain potable water from? [1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Ground water	
	Salt water	
	Waste water	
0 1 . 8	Which of the following is the first stage of waste water treatment?	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Aerobic biological treatment of effluent	
	Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge	
	Screening and removal of grit	11

Turn over ▶



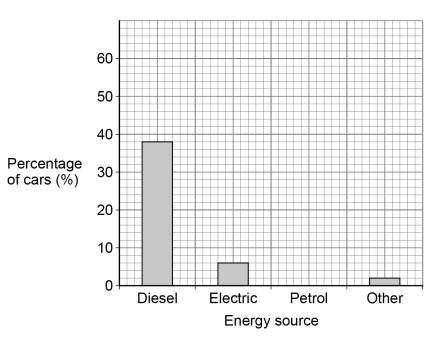
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- 0 2 Cars cause atmospheric pollution.
- 0 2 . 1 Figure 2 shows the percentage of cars in the UK using different energy sources.

Figure 2



The percentage of cars using petrol is 54%.

Draw the bar for petrol on Figure 2.

[1 mark]

Question 2 continues on the next page



Some car emissions contain nitrogen dioxide.

Table 1 shows the concentration of nitrogen dioxide in the air in three different areas for 1 week.

Table 1

	Concentration of nitrogen dioxide in the air in arbitrary units		
Day	City centre	Countryside	Motorway
Monday	35	8	22
Tuesday	37	8	23
Wednesday	37	8	23
Thursday	34	8	23
Friday	37	8	23
Saturday	29	7	20
Sunday	22	6	17

0 2 . 2	Which column of data has the greatest range?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.	į .
	City centre	
	Countryside	
	Motorway	



0 2.3	Explain why the concentration of nitrogen dioxide in the air is lower on Sunday. [2 marks]
0 2.4	Calculate the mean value for the concentration of nitrogen dioxide in the air in the city centre for the days from Monday to Friday.
	Use Table 1. [2 marks]
	Mean value for concentration of nitrogen dioxide =arbitrary units
	Question 2 continues on the next page



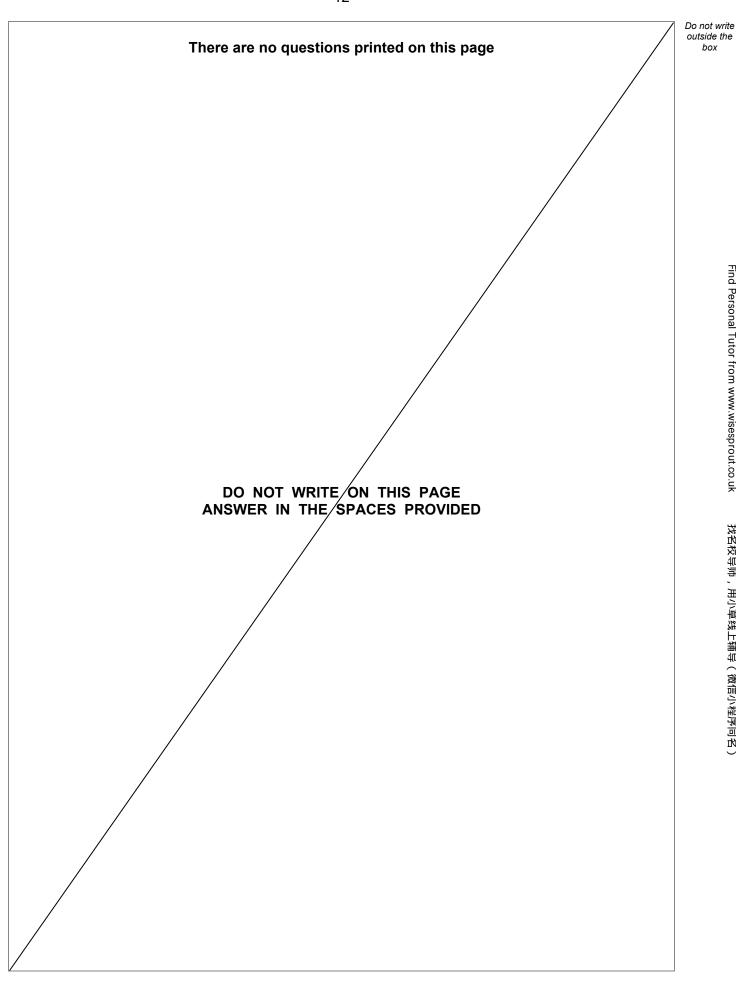


	Nitrogen dioxide is removed from car emissions by catalytic	converters.
0 2.5	Which two of the following are correct statements about cata Tick (✓) two boxes.	alysts? [2 marks]
	Catalysts are included in the chemical equation for a reactio	n.
	Catalysts are not used up in a reaction.	
	Catalysts decrease the surface area of the reactants.	
	Catalysts increase the concentration of the reactants.	
	Catalysts lower the activation energy of a reaction.	
0 2 . 6	The catalyst in catalytic converters contains platinum. Platinum is an unreactive metal obtained from the Earth's cr	ust.
	Complete the sentence.	
	Choose the answer from the box.	[1 mark]
	finite resource formulation ren	ewable resource
	Platinum is a	·



		Do not write
0 2.7	Emissions from cars that burn fossil fuels contain carbon dioxide.	outside the
	What is used to test for carbon dioxide? [1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Burning splint	
	Glowing splint	
	Limewater	10 Find Pe
		rsonal Tu
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0 3	An increase in greenhouse gases in the Earth's atmosphere causes an increase in global temperature.
0 3.1	An increase in global temperature is a major cause of climate change.
	Give two effects of global climate change. [2 marks]
	1
	2

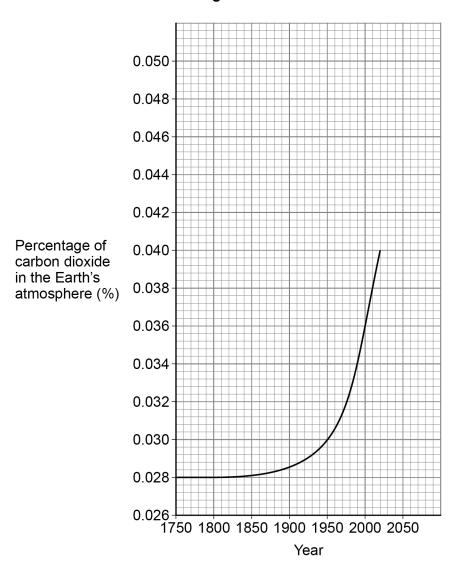
Question 3 continues on the next page



Carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas.

Figure 3 shows the percentage of carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere from 1750.

Figure 3





0 3.2	Describe the trend in the percentage of carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere from 1750 to 2000.	
	Use Figure 3 .	[2 marks]
0 3.3	Determine the change in the percentage of carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere from 1950 to 2000.	
	Use Figure 3.	[2 marks]
	Percentage of carbon dioxide in 1950	
	Percentage of carbon dioxide in 2000	
	Change in percentage of carbon dioxide =	<u></u> %
0 3.4	Give one reason why the percentage of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is changing.	[1 mark]
0 3.5	Predict the percentage of carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere in 2050.	
	You should extend the graph line on Figure 3 .	[2 marks]
	Percentage of carbon dioxide in 2050 =	<u> </u>





0 4	This question is about the atmospheres of Earth and Mars.	
0 4.1	Earth's early atmosphere may have been like the atmosphere of Mars today. Why are scientists not certain about the percentage of gases in the Earth's early atmosphere?	[1 mark]
	What was formed from the water vaneur in the Earth's early atmosphere?	
0 4 . 2	What was formed from the water vapour in the Earth's early atmosphere? Tick (✓) one box. Crude oil Limestone Natural gas Oceans	[1 mark]



Draw one line from each gas	s. [2 mark	
Gas		What produced the gas
		Algae
Nitrogen		Animals
]	Fossils
]	FUSSIIS
Oxygen		Oceans
	Г	Volcanoes

Question 4 continues on the next page



Table 2 shows the percentage of some gases in the atmospheres of Earth and Mars.

Table 2

0.50	Percentage of gas in atmosphere (%)				
Gas	Earth	Mars			
Argon	0.9	1.9			
Carbon dioxide	0.04	95			
Nitrogen	78	2.6			
Oxygen	21	0.2			

0 4.4	Why are animals not able to live on Mars?		[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.		[
	The atmosphere of Mars does not contain enough argon.		
	The atmosphere of Mars does not contain enough nitrogen.		
	The atmosphere of Mars does not contain enough oxygen.		
0 4.5	There is more carbon dioxide on Mars than on Earth.		
	Which other gas is found in larger quantities on Mars than on	Earth?	[1 mark]

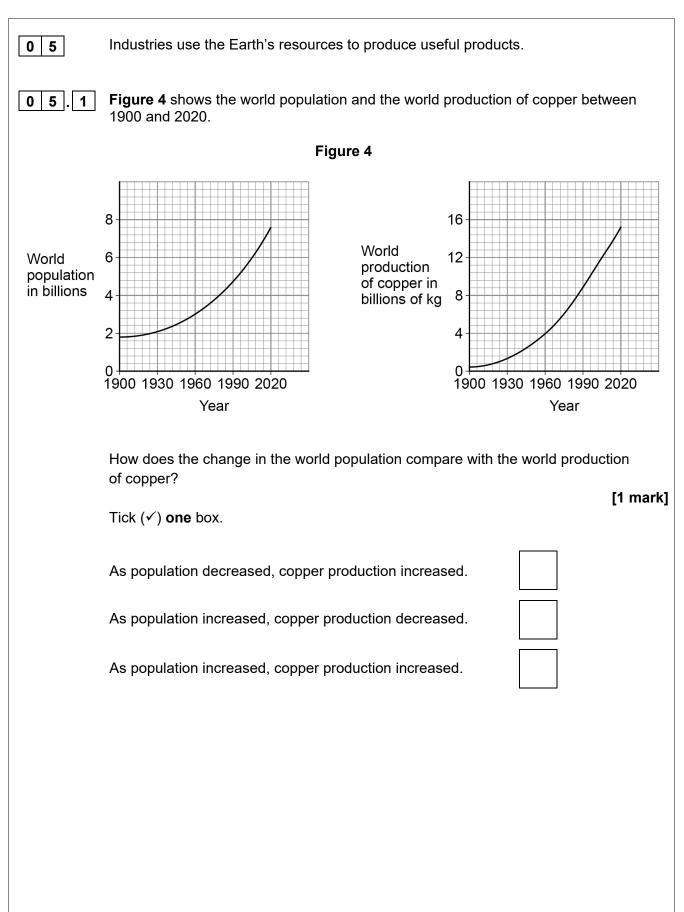


0 4 . 6	Calculate how many times more nitrogen than oxygen there is in the atmosphere of Earth.	
	Use Table 2.	
	Give your answer to 2 significant figures.	[3 marks]
	Number of times more nitrogen than oxygen (2 significant figures) = _	

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►







	Copper is produced from copper ore and from recycling waste copper.
0 5.2	The energy needed to produce 1 kg of copper from copper ore is 70 MJ.
	The energy needed to produce 1 kg of recycled copper is 27 MJ.
	Calculate the energy saved if 100 kg of copper is produced from recycled copper and not from copper ore. [3 marks]
	Energy saved = MJ
0 5.3	Producing copper from recycling waste copper reduces emissions of sulfur dioxide. Why is reducing emissions of sulfur dioxide important? [1 mark]
0 5.4	Copper is used to make coins.
	A coin of mass 8 g contains 75% copper.
	Calculate the mass of copper in the coin. [2 marks]
	Mass of copper = g





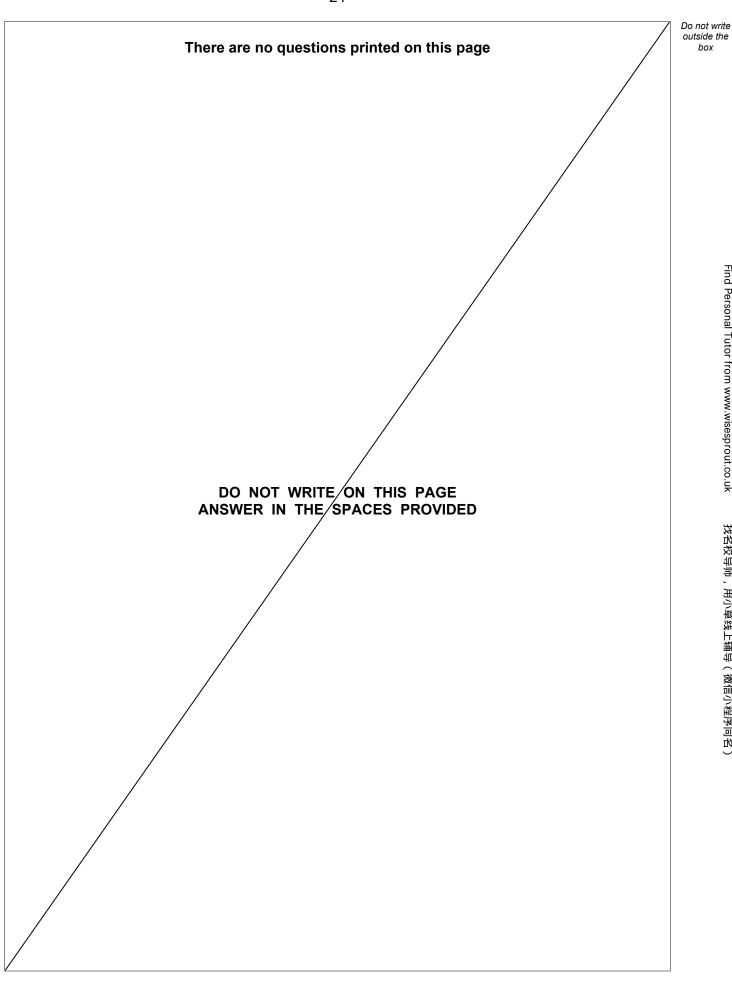
0 5.5	Iron and glass are both produced from the Earth's resources.					
	Some processes can reduce the use of limited resources.					
	Draw one line from the description of the process to the name of the process. [2 mark					
	Description of process	Name of process				
		Extraction				
	Comproste al in added to					
	Scrap steel is added to iron from a blast furnace	Quarrying				
		Reacting				
	A glass bottle is refilled					
	A glass bottle is refilled	Recycling				
		Reusing				



0 5.6		assessments are used to assess the environmental impact of producing and glass bottles.	
	There are	four stages, A , B , C and D , in a life cycle assessment.	
	The stages	s are not in the correct order.	
	Stage A	Disposal	
	Stage B	Extracting and processing raw materials	
	Stage C	Manufacturing and packaging	
	Stage D	Use and operation	
		e correct order of stages A, B, C, and D? [1 mark]	1
	Tick (✓) oı	ne box.	
	C, D, B, A		
	D, B, C, A		
	B, C, D, A		

Turn over for the next question



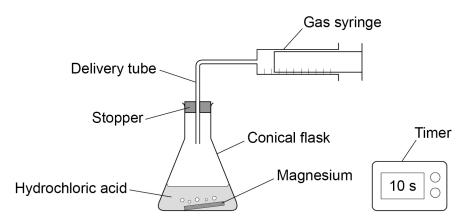




A student investigated the reaction between magnesium and excess hydrochloric acid.

Figure 5 shows the apparatus.

Figure 5



This is the method used.

- 1. Pour 50 cm³ of hydrochloric acid into a conical flask.
- 2. Add a piece of magnesium.
- 3. Insert stopper and delivery tube and start a timer.
- 4. Collect the gas produced in a gas syringe.
- 5. Record the volume of gas produced every 20 seconds for 2 minutes.
- 6. Repeat steps 1 to 5 with higher concentrations of hydrochloric acid.

0 6 . 1	Give the independent variable and one control variable in this investigation.		
	Independent variable		
	Control variable		

Question 6 continues on the next page



Turn over ▶

Table 3 shows the results from the first experiment using hydrochloric acid with a low concentration.

Table 3

Time in seconds	0	20	40	60	80	100	120
Volume of gas in cm ³	0	48	72	90	97	98	98

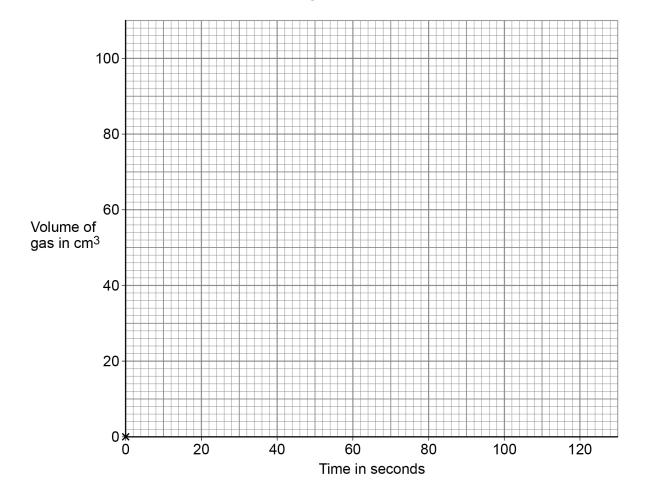
0 6 . 2 Complete Figure 6.

You should:

- plot the data from **Table 3** (the point 0,0 has been plotted for you)
- draw a line of best fit.

[3 marks]

Figure 6





0 6 . 3	How does the rate of this reaction change with time?	
	Use Table 3.	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	The rate decreases.	
	The rate stays the same.	
	The rate increases.	
0 6.4	The student repeated the experiment using hydrochloric acid with a higher concentration.	
	Which statement is correct?	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	The activation energy for the reaction was higher.	
	The magnesium reacted more quickly.	
	The reaction finished at the same time.	
	The total volume of gas collected was smaller.	
	Question 6 continues on the next page	





	20		
0 6 . 5	Temperature also affects the rate of the reaction.		Do not write outside the box
	Explain how increasing the temperature affects the rate of the reaction.		
	You should refer to particles and collisions.		
		[3 marks]	
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0 7	Crude oil is a resource found in rocks. Most of the compounds in crude oil are hydrocarbons.	
0 7.1	Complete the sentence.	[1 mark]
	Crude oil is formed by the decomposition of	
0 7.2	Alkanes are hydrocarbons.	
	Give the name of the alkane molecule that has three carbon atoms.	[1 mark]

Question 7 continues on the next page



Turn over ►

0 7 . 3

Figure 7 shows two alkane molecules.

Figure 7

 Methane
 Hexane

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Table 4 shows the melting points and boiling points of methane and hexane.

Table 4

	Melting point in °C	Boiling point in °C
Methane	-183	-162
Hexane	-95	69

Compare the structure and properties of methane and hexane.	[6 marks]



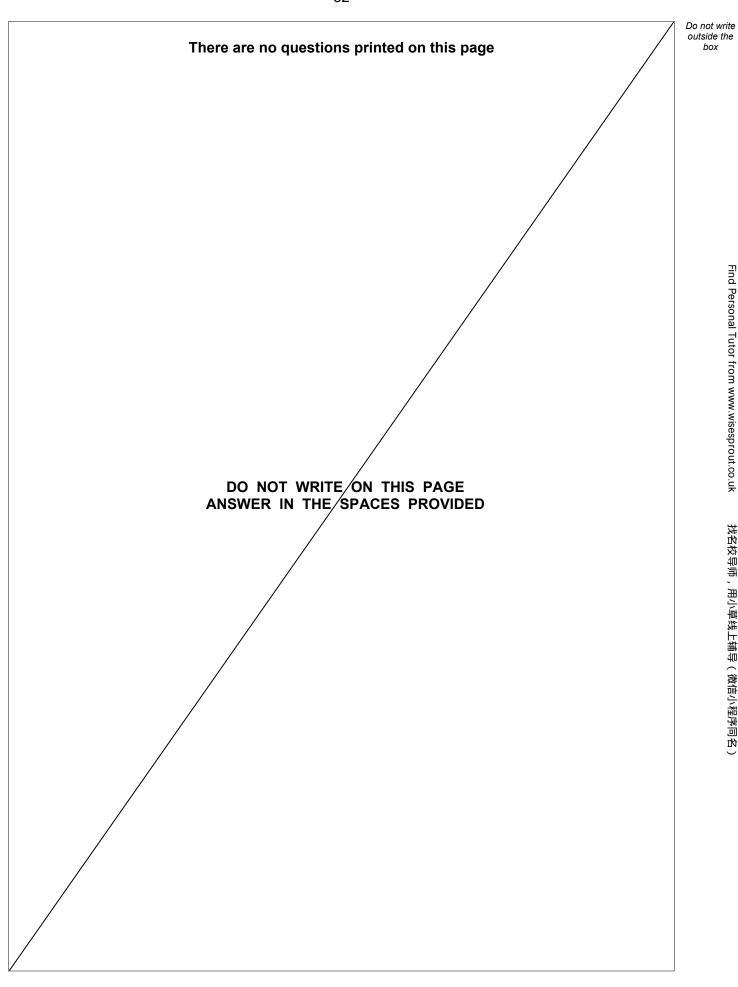
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	Hydrocarbons are cracked to produce more useful alkanes and alkenes.		
0 7.4	Decane $(C_{10}H_{22})$ is cracked to produce two products.		
	Complete the equation for the reaction.	[1 mark]	
	$C_{10}H_{22} \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + C_2H_4$	[]	
0 7.5	C_2H_4 is an alkene. What is the test for alkenes?		
	Give the result of the test if an alkene is present.	[2 marks]	
	Test		
	Result		[.

END OF QUESTIONS







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