

Monday 16 November 2020 – Afternoon GCSE (9–1) Business

J204/02 Business 2: operations, finance and influences on business

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

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| Centre number | | | | | | Candidate number | | |
| First name(s) | | | | | | | | |
| Last name | | | | | | | | |

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. You can use extra paper if you need to, but you must clearly show your candidate number, the centre number and the question numbers.
- · Answer all the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 20 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

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Turn over

2

SECTION A

Answer all the questions.

| 1 | Wh | hich of the following tasks is not a finance function? | | | | | |
|---|----|--|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | Α | Advertising price reductions | | | | | |
| | В | Applying for a bank loan | | | | | |
| | С | Calculating break-even | | | | | |
| | D | Measuring profit and loss | | | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | | | |
| 2 | Wh | ich of the following issues is climate change an example of? | | | | | |
| | Α | A financial issue | | | | | |
| | В | A quality control issue | | | | | |
| | С | An economic issue | | | | | |
| | D | An environmental issue | | | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | | | |
| 3 | Am | nanufacturer is experiencing a range of problems. | | | | | |
| | Wh | ich of the following problems would be classed as a 'liquidity problem'? | | | | | |
| | Α | A breakdown on the production line | | | | | |
| | В | Being short of funds to pay suppliers | | | | | |
| | С | Experiencing high levels of wastage during the production process | | | | | |
| | D | Having insufficient financial information to make business decisions | | | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | | | |

| 4 | increasing wage costs as the company expands. | | | | |
|---|---|--|-----|--|--|
| | Whi | ich one of the following actions would provide a long term solution to this problem? | | | |
| | Α | Applying for an overdraft | | | |
| | В | Automating the production process | | | |
| | С | Employing a finance assistant | | | |
| | D | Switching to job production | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | |
| 5 | A bı | usiness will make a profit if it: | | | |
| | Α | ends the year with a positive bank balance | | | |
| | В | exceeds its break-even quantity | | | |
| | С | has costs that are greater than its revenues | | | |
| | D | pays off all of its debts | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | |
| 6 | Whi | ich of the following is a short-term source of finance suitable for a new business? | | | |
| | Α | Retained profit | | | |
| | В | Sale of business assets | | | |
| | С | Share issue | | | |
| | D | Trade credit | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | |
| | | | | | |

| 7 | | ompany's total costs in 2019 were £9 million. The company's labour costs were 40% of npany's total costs. | the | | | | |
|---|--|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | The company's labour costs in 2019 were: | | | | | | |
| | Α | £3.6 million | | | | | |
| | В | £5.4 million | | | | | |
| | С | £12.6 million | | | | | |
| | D | £14.4 million | | | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | | | |
| 8 | Var | iable costs: | | | | | |
| | Α | are not affected by changes in output | | | | | |
| | В | fall as output rises | | | | | |
| | С | increase as output rises | | | | | |
| | D | remain constant over time | | | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | | | |
| 9 | A cı | ustomer has ordered an electric shower from a plumbing firm. | | | | | |
| | Ву | law, the plumbing firm must: | | | | | |
| | Α | charge a lower price than other plumbers | | | | | |
| | В | fit the shower without turning the water off | | | | | |
| | С | supply a shower that meets current safety standards | | | | | |
| | D | use an environmentally friendly supplier | | | | | |
| | | Your answer | [1] | | | | |
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|----|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----|--|
| 10 | Following recent financial success, a business has decided to double the size of its workforce. | | | | | |
| | This | s decision will signifi | cantly increase the wor | kload of the: | | |
| | Α | finance function be | ecause new recruits nee | ed to be trained | | |
| | В | human resources f | function because applic | ants need to be interviewed | | |
| | С | marketing function | because person specif | ications need to be produced | | |
| | D | purchasing function | n because contracts of | employment need to be issued | | |
| | | Your answer | | | [1] | |
| 11 | | | • | w wood cutting machine. The expected cost at three years are shown in the table below. | and | |
| | Co | ost of machine | £6000 | | | |
| | Ind | come year 1 | £3000 | | | |
| | Income year 2 | | £3000 | | | |
| | Ind | come year 3 | £3000 | | | |
| | The | e expected average | rate of return for this pu | rchase is: | | |
| | Α | £1000 | | | | |
| | В | £3000 | | | | |
| | С | 16.67% | | | | |
| | D | 33.33% | | | | |
| | | Your answer | | | [1] | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

12 An extract from Pete's Pet Shop's cash flow forecast for July is shown below.

| | July |
|--------------------|-------|
| Total cash inflow | £6900 |
| Total cash outflow | ? |
| Net cash flow | -£605 |
| Opening balance | £3000 |
| Closing balance | £2395 |

| | O | pening balance | £3000 | |
|----|-----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | CI | osing balance | £2395 | |
| | Wh | at is Pete's Pet Shop's estimated | d total cash outflow for | July? |
| | Α | £3900 | | |
| | В | £6295 | | |
| | С | £7505 | | |
| | D | £9295 | | |
| | | Your answer | | |
| 13 | The | e concept of 'quality' refers to ma | iking products: | |
| | A | by hand | | |
| | В | of a satisfactory standard | | |
| | С | that are better than the leading | brand | |
| | D | to the highest possible specific | ation | |
| | | Your answer | | |
| | | | | |

| | | | • | | | |
|------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | relatively easy to g | gain customers but | has great difficulty | retaining | these |
| Wh | ich aspect of the | business is most like | ely to need improving | j? | | |
| Α | After-sales serv | ice | | | | |
| В | E-commerce | | | | | |
| С | Marketing | | | | | |
| D | Procurement | | | | | |
| Fina | Your answer | e data for Pico Ltd ov | er the last three yea | rs is shown in the ta | able below | [1] |
| | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | | |
| Re | evenue | £3.1 million | £3.3 million | £3.5 million | | |
| Co | ost | £2.9 million | £2.9 million | £2.9 million | | |
| | | | 22.0 | 22.5 111111011 | | |
| Acc | cording to the tab | le, which of the follov | | ZZ.3 million | | |
| Acc | | e, which of the follow | ving must be true? | £2.5 million | | |
| | Pico Ltd has im | proved its market sha | ving must be true? | £2.5 million | | |
| A | Pico Ltd has impliced Ltd has de | | ving must be true? are ar on year | £2.5 million | | |
| | CUS Wh A B C D | customers. Which aspect of the A After-sales serv B E-commerce C Marketing D Procurement Your answer | Customers. Which aspect of the business is most like. A After-sales service. B E-commerce. C Marketing. D Procurement. Your answer. Finance performance data for Pico Ltd over the commerce. 2017. Revenue. £3.1 million. | Customers. Which aspect of the business is most likely to need improving A After-sales service B E-commerce C Marketing D Procurement Your answer Finance performance data for Pico Ltd over the last three year 2017 2018 Revenue £3.1 million £3.3 million | Customers. Which aspect of the business is most likely to need improving? A After-sales service B E-commerce C Marketing D Procurement Your answer Finance performance data for Pico Ltd over the last three years is shown in the tagent to the service of th | Which aspect of the business is most likely to need improving? A After-sales service B E-commerce C Marketing D Procurement Your answer Finance performance data for Pico Ltd over the last three years is shown in the table below. |

[1]

Your answer

8

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SECTION B

Answer all the questions.

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Text 1

John Lewis & Partners

John Lewis & Partners (JLP) is a chain of department stores that stocks a wide range of products from clothing to home furnishings. As a result it is always looking for high quality suppliers for its products.

JLP uses face-to-face selling in its stores. Staff in the electrical department are trained to have good product knowledge. These products include a wide range of computers, televisions and washing machines. However, JLP's recent growth has come from e-commerce.

JLP has a wide range of suppliers. It is important that the right supplier is chosen, so JLP will take time evaluating new suppliers and will review existing suppliers regularly so that it can continue supplying high quality products to its customers.

|) (i) Explain one reason why quality is important to a business in the production of goods. | |
|--|-----|
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| | |
| | |
| | [2] |
| (ii) JLP's electrical department staff have good product knowledge. Analyse one positi impact of this on the quality of JLP's customer service. | ve |
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| | [3] |

| (b) | Exp | lain one role of procurement within JLP. |
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| | | |
| | | [2] |
| (c) | Exp | lain two possible advantages to JLP of using e-commerce. |
| | 1 | |
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| | 2 | |
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| | | [4] |
| (d) | (i) | Identify two factors that affect the supply decisions made by a business. |
| | | 1 |
| | | 2 |
| | | |
| | | [2] |

| (ii) | Evaluate factors that may have influenced JLP when choosing which suppliers to use. |
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| | [7] |

Text 2

Luxury Cushions

Elizabeth owns a small business, Luxury Cushions (LC), making and selling quality cushions. She sells these to retail shops and direct to the public over the internet. When she first started, Elizabeth used social media to get herself well known. Her business really became successful when she sent some cushions to celebrities and they posted them on their Instagram accounts. Elizabeth regularly communicates to her 10000 Instagram followers when she has new designs to sell.

In 2019 LC earned £150 000 in revenue and had a gross profit of £118 000 and a net profit of £56 800. Elizabeth has provided the following financial information:

Table 1 — Financial data for LC

| Cushions made and sold in one month | Fixed costs each month | Average Selling price | Cost of each cushion filling | Cost of each cushion cover | Wage paid per cushion made | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 250 | £7440 | £50 | £3 | £6 | £10 | |

Elizabeth has the opportunity to expand her business by taking over a competitor and moving into larger premises. One of her customers suggested that she could use crowdfunding to raise the £30 000 she needs. However, Elizabeth thinks that she might be better using a bank loan. Even though she would need to pay interest on the loan, her stable cash flow forecast shows she should be able to afford it.

| (a) | Identify one reason, other than expansion, why a business may need to raise finance. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | [1] |

| | | 13 | | | | | | |
|-----|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (b) | (i) | Calculate the break-even point for LC. | | | | | | |
| | | Show your workings. | | | | | | |
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| | | Answer:[3] | | | | | | |
| | (ii) | Analyse one way Elizabeth could use her break-even data. | | | | | | |
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| (c) | (i) | Calculate the gross profit margin for 2019. | | | | | | |
| | | Show your workings. | | | | | | |
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| | (11) | Calculate the net profit margin for 2019. | | | | | | | |
|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Show your workings. | | | | | | | |
| (.I) | (1) | Answer: [2] | | | | | | | |
| (a) | (i) | Analyse one advantage and one disadvantage to Elizabeth of using crowdfunding to finance the takeover. | | | | | | | |
| | | Advantage | | | | | | | |
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| | | Disadvantage | | | | | | | |
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[6]

| (ii) | Recommend whether Elizabeth should use crowdfunding or a bank loan to finance the takeover. |
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| | [3] |

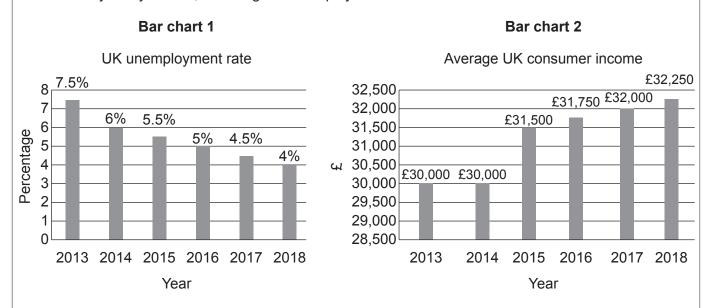
18

Text 3

Aston Martin plc

Aston Martin plc (AM plc) is a British manufacturer of luxury sports cars. It has more than 150 car dealerships in over 50 countries on six continents. Its globalised supply chain includes suppliers from the UK, EU and across the world. The company is also expanding its brand to include speed boats, submarines and property development.

Its headquarters and the main production site are centrally located in Warwickshire, England, on the site of a former RAF airbase. It employs over 3000 workers on this site, who are highly skilled engineers and who produce each car using the most up-to-date machinery. When the cars are finished, they are then transported from central England all over the UK and beyond. The demand for AM plc products is influenced by many factors, including UK unemployment rates and consumer income levels.



AM plc is proud of its commitment to the environment, which includes trying to produce goods sustainably. It also considers ethical issues in its decision making.

| (a) | State one ethical consideration a business may need to consider. | | | | | |
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| | [1] | | | | | |

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| [3] |
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| (d) | (i) | Analyse, with reference to Bar chart 1 , one impact on AM plc of the changes in the UK unemployment rate. |
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| | | [3] |
| | (ii) | Analyse, with reference to Bar chart 2 , one impact on AM plc of the changes in the average UK consumer income. |
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| | | [3] |

| (| | income levels will | | | plc. | lange in consumer |
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| | | | | | | [3] |
| (e)* | Eval | uate how globalis: | ation may bring ri | | o the shareholders | |
| (0) | Lvai | date now globalist | adon may bring no | ok ana rewara t | o the shareholders | 017 W PIO. [3] |
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END OF QUESTION PAPER



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