

Please write clearly in	block capitals.
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.

A-level PHYSICS

Paper 3 Section A

Thursday 15 June 2023

Morning

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- a Data and Formulae Booklet
- a protractor.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).

IB/M/Jun23/E10

- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show all your working.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 45.
- You are expected to use a scientific calculator where appropriate.
- A Data and Formulae Booklet is provided as a loose insert.



Time allowed: The total time for both sections of this paper is 2 hours. You are advised to spend approximately 70 minutes on this section.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
TOTAL	

		2		
	Se	ection A		
	Answer all que	stions in this section	n.	
0 1	A stroboscope emits bright flashe The duration of each flash and th		flashes can be varie	d.
	Table 1 shows information about	the stroboscope.		
	r	Table 1		
		Minimum	Maximum	
	Duration of each flash / μs	60	300	
	Frequency of flashes / Hz	1	150	
01.1	The duration of each flash is T_1 . The time from the start of a flash The duty cycle of a stroboscope i What is the maximum duty cycle Tick (\checkmark) one box. 6.0 × 10 ⁻⁵ 3.0 × 10 ⁻⁴ 9.0 × 10 ⁻³ 4.5 × 10 ⁻²	is defined as $rac{T_1}{T_2}$.		[1 mark]



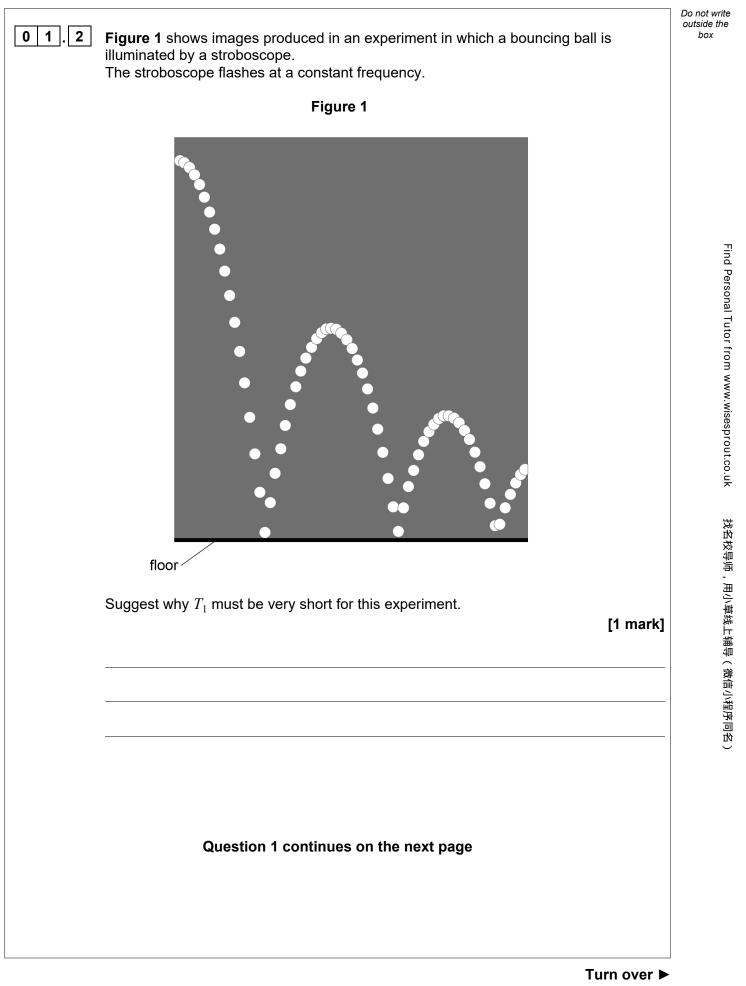
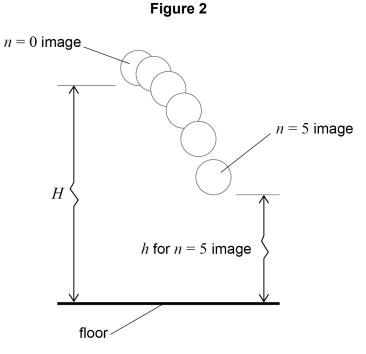




Figure 2 shows the first six images starting with n = 0, where *n* is the image number.





The images are used to determine:

H, the vertical distance from the bottom of the ball to the floor when n = 0 *h*, the vertical distance from the bottom of the ball to the floor for each non-zero value of *n*.

The n = N image is produced at the instant that the ball hits the floor for the first time. For *n* between 0 and *N* it can be shown that

$$H - h = \frac{u_0 n}{f} + \frac{g}{2} \left(\frac{n}{f}\right)^2$$

where

 u_0 is the vertical velocity of the ball when n = 0

g is the acceleration due to gravity

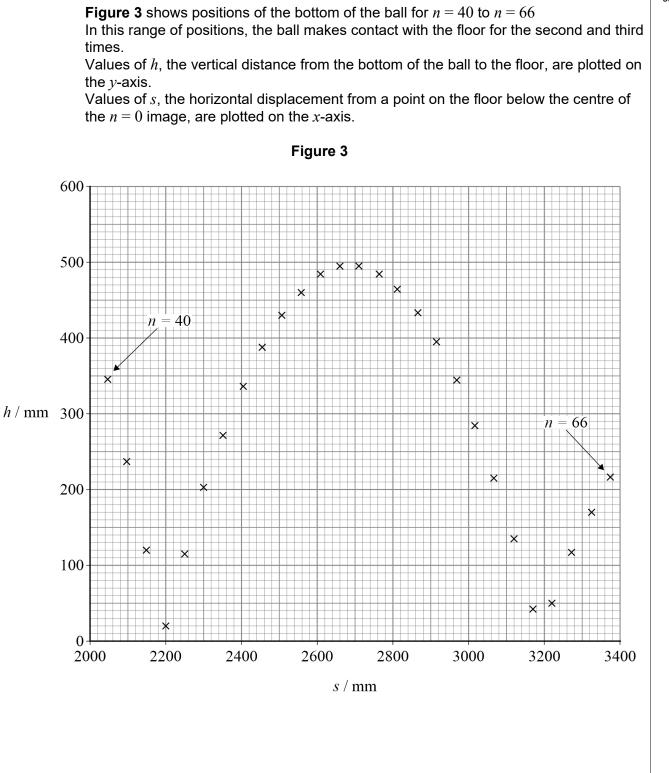
f is the frequency of the flashes.



Do not write outside the box

	0 1.3	In order to find g, a graph is plotted with values of $\frac{H-h}{n}$ on the y-axis.		Do not write outside the box
$u_0 = _ m \text{ s}^{-1}$ Question 1 continues on the next page			[3 marks]	
$u_0 = _ m \text{ s}^{-1}$ Question 1 continues on the next page				
$u_0 = _ m \text{ s}^{-1}$ Question 1 continues on the next page				רוווע רפוצטוומו דעוטי דוטווו איאיאיאוצפטטיטערכט.טא
$u_0 = _m s^{-1}$ Question 1 continues on the next page		H = 1550 mm f = 31.0 Hz		v. Wisespirout.co. uz
$u_0 = _m s^{-1}$ Question 1 continues on the next page	01.4	Determine <i>u</i> ₀ .	[3 marks]	ᇄᄪᇄᇼᆓ᠉ᄤ,ᅲᆆᄭᆍ
$u_0 = _m s^{-1}$ Question 1 continues on the next page				我也怀夺她,他小华线上袖夺(她语少姓所问句)
Question 1 continues on the next page				
		$u_0 =$	m s ⁻¹	
		Question 1 continues on the next page		

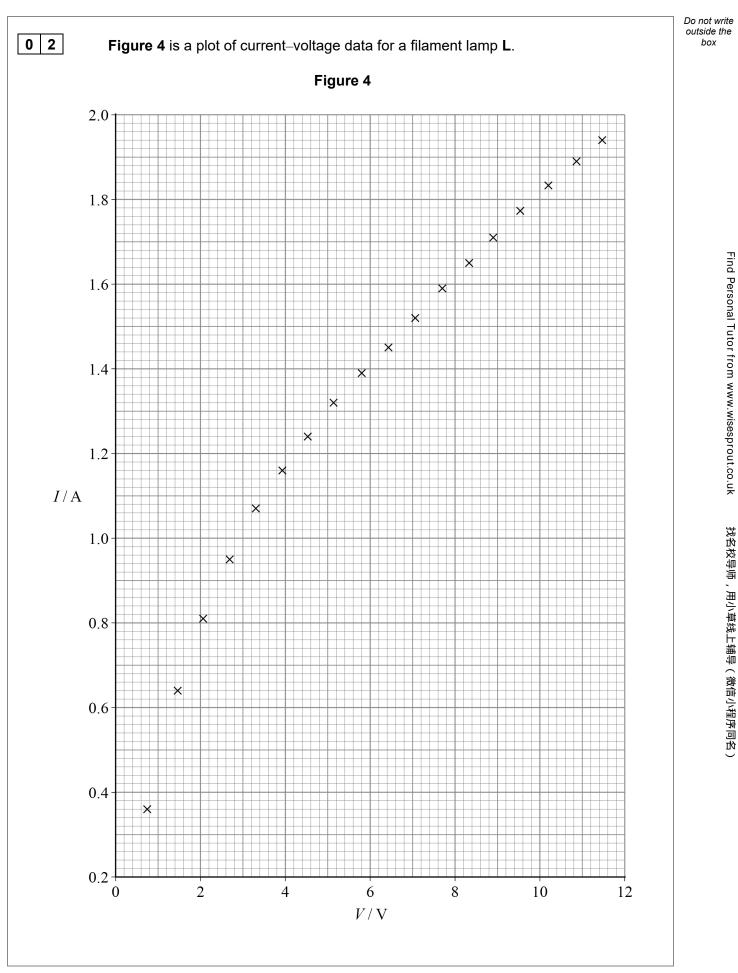






0 1.5	Determine, in ${\rm mm~s^{-1}}$, the horizontal velocity of the ball between the second a contacts of the ball with the floor.		Do not write outside the box
		[2 marks]	
			Find Pe
			rsonal T
			utor fro
	horizontal velocity =	$_$ mm s ⁻¹	m www.v
0 1.6	Determine the time between the second and third contacts. Annotate Figure 3 to show your method.		visespro
		[3 marks]	Find Personal Tutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk
			拔
			找名校导师,用小草线上辅导(微信小程序同名)
			, 用小草
			我 上 早
			(渡信」
			、程序同名
	time =	S	13
	Tu	rn over ►	

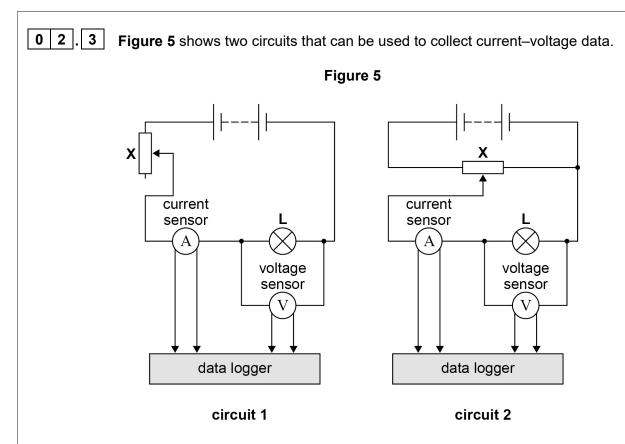






02.1	The current <i>I</i> was measured as the voltage <i>V</i> across L was increased at a steady rate. These data were obtained using a current sensor and a voltage sensor connected to a data logger. The logger recorded data at a rate of 2.5 Hz. Determine, in V s ⁻¹ , the rate of increase of <i>V</i> . [2 marks]	
02.2	rate of increase of $V = _V s^{-1}$ State two advantages of using data logging for this experiment. [2 marks] 1	Find Personal Lutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk 获省校导师
	2 Question 2 continues on the next page	找名校导师,用小卓残正 辅导(愈信小程序 间名)





The dc supply has an emf of $12\ V$ and negligible internal resistance. The current sensor and the voltage sensor behave as ideal meters.

In circuit 1:

- X is used as a variable resistor with a maximum resistance of $14.9\,\Omega$
- when **X** is set to maximum resistance, the resistance of **L** is 2.3 Ω .

In circuit 2, X is used as a potential divider.

Find Personal Tutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk

找名校导师,用小草线上辅导(微信小程序同名)

Discuss, with reference to circuit **1 and** circuit **2**, whether either circuit can produce all the data shown in **Figure 4**. Support your answer with a calculation.

[4 marks]

Do not write outside the box

Find Personal Tutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk 找名校导师,用小草线上辅导(微信小程序同名)

Question 2 continues on the next page



Turn over ►

Table 2 shows some values of V that are plotted on **Figure 4** and corresponding results for I and for the power P dissipated in **L**.

	1	
V/V	<i>I /</i> A	<i>P</i> / W
3.30	1.07	3.53
5.17	1.32	
7.69	1.59	12.2
9.58		
11.47	1.94	22.3

Table 2

0	2	

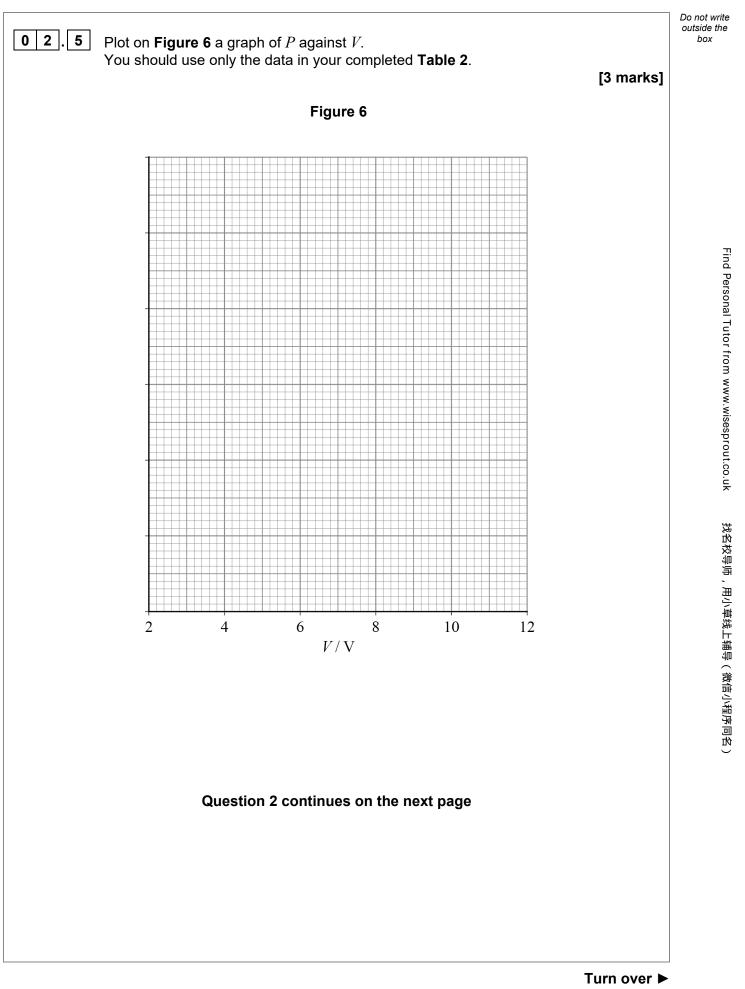
4

Complete Table 2.

[3 marks]

Do not write outside the box







14

0 2 . 6

A second lamp, identical to L, is now connected in series with L.

Determine the percentage of $P_{\rm r}$ that is dissipated in this circuit.

[2 marks]

Do not write outside the

box

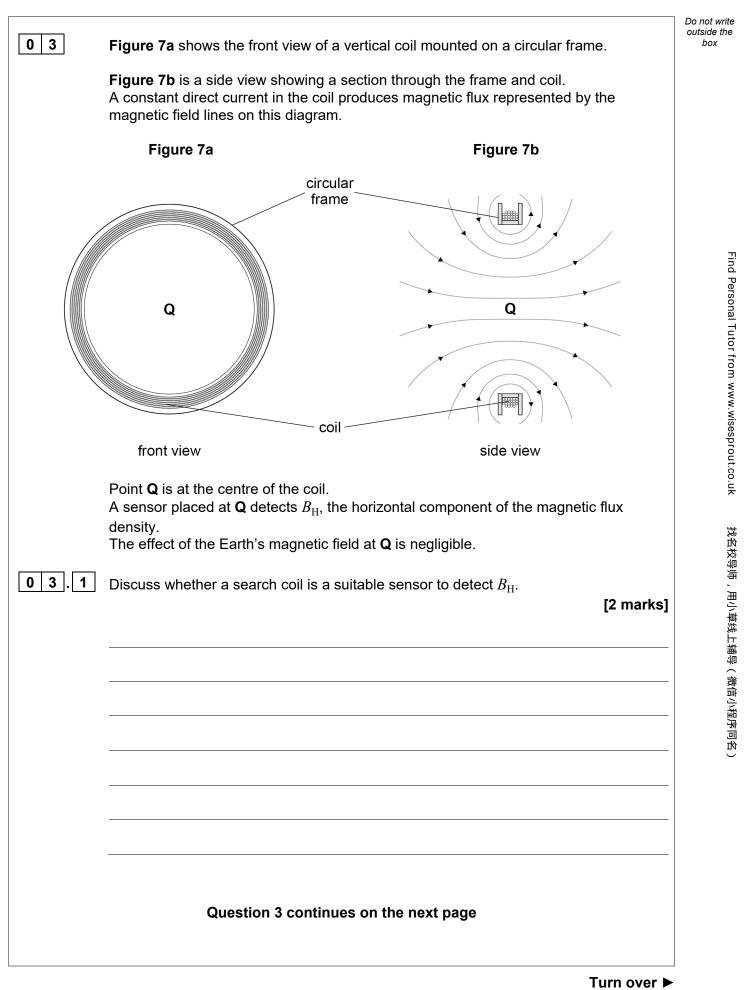
percentage =

16

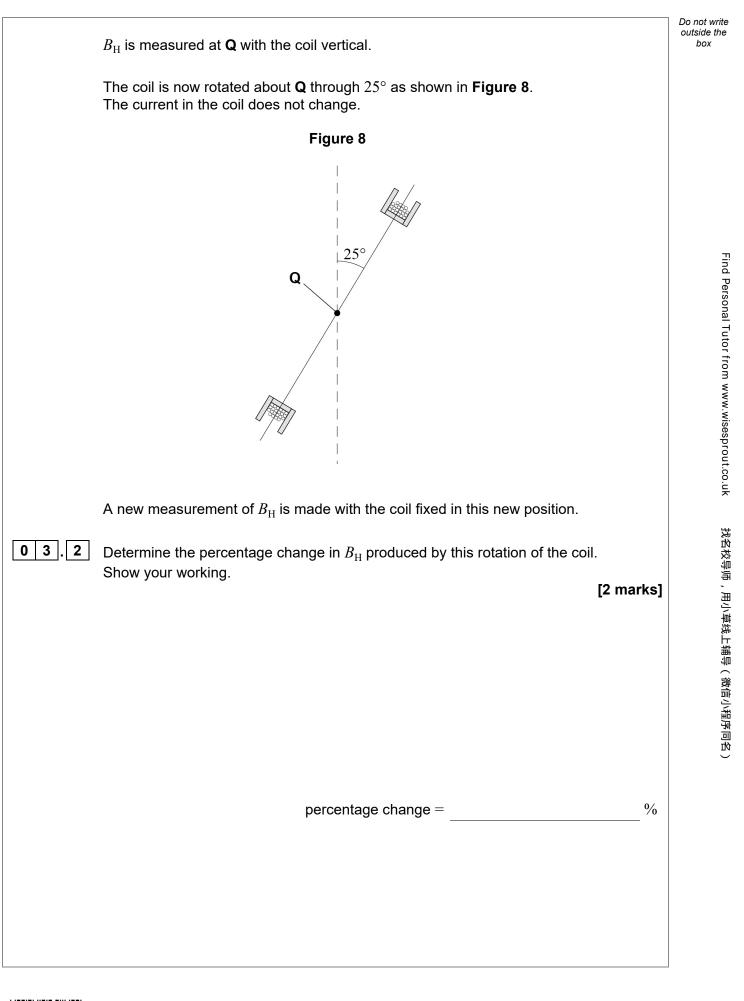
%



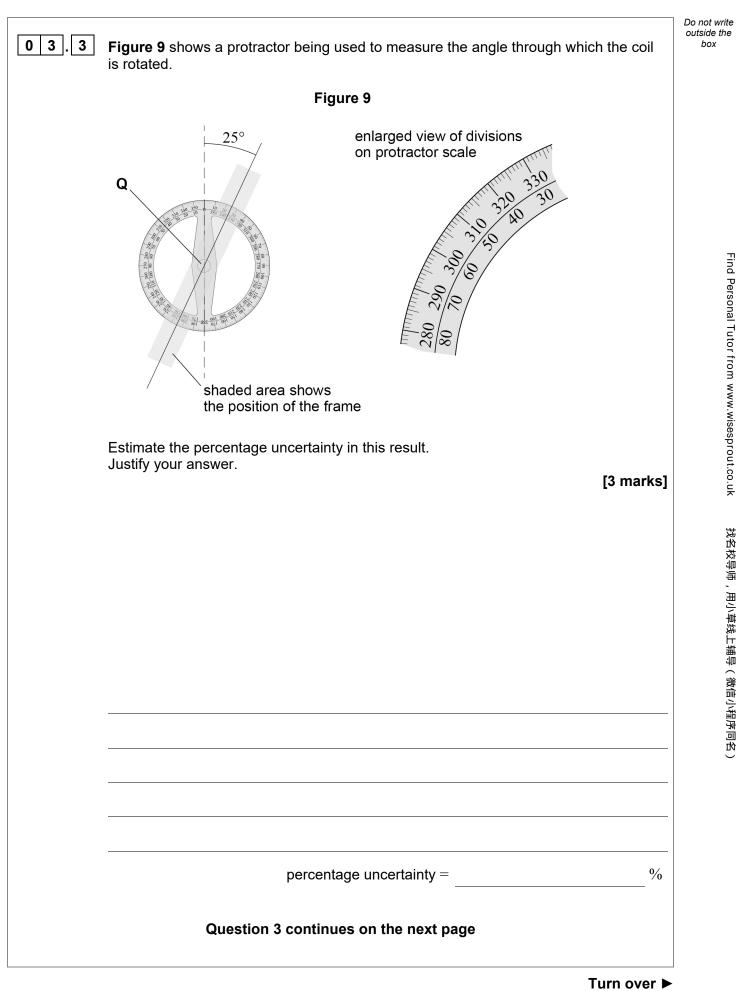




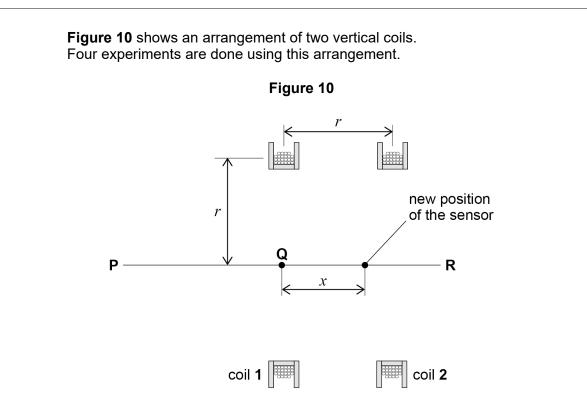




I	6	







Coil **1** and coil **2** are identical and have a radius r. The coils are separated by a distance r and have a common axis **PR**. **Q** is at the centre of coil **1**.

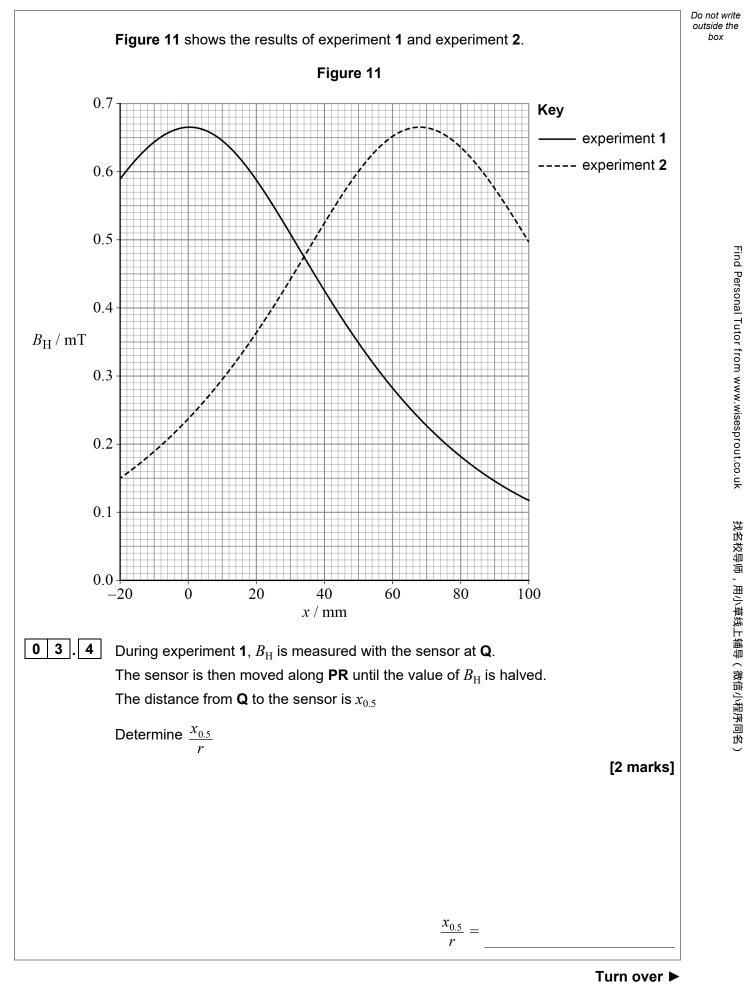
The four different experiments investigate how $B_{\rm H}$ varies with *x*, the displacement of the sensor from **Q** along **PR**.

In experiment 1, the current in coil 1 is 225 mA and the current in coil 2 is zero.

In experiment 2, the current in coil 1 is zero and the current in coil 2 is 225 mA.



Do not write outside the box





	In experiment 3 , the current in both coils is 225 mA so that the magnetic fields produced by coil 1 and coil 2 are combined.	Do not write outside the box
	The resultant $B_{\rm H}$ has a constant maximum value in the region between $x = \frac{r}{4}$ and $x = \frac{3r}{4}$	
03.5	Deduce, in mT, the value of $B_{\rm H}$ in this region. [2 marks]	Find
		Personal Tutor fro
	$B_{\rm H} = mT$	Find Personal Tutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk
03.6	State two characteristics of the magnetic field lines in this region. [2 marks]	
	1	找名校导师,用小草线上辅导(微信小程序同名)
	2	上辅导(微信小程
		· 序 同 名)





In experiment **4**, the current in coil **2** is reversed so that the direction of the magnetic field produced by coil **2** is also reversed. The magnitudes of the currents in coil **1** and coil **2** are still 225 mA.

21

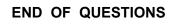
Sketch a graph to show how $B_{\rm H}$ varies between x = 0 and x = r. The *x*-axis has been provided for you.

Your graph should include numerical values on your $B_{\rm H}$ axis that correspond to x = 0 and x = r.



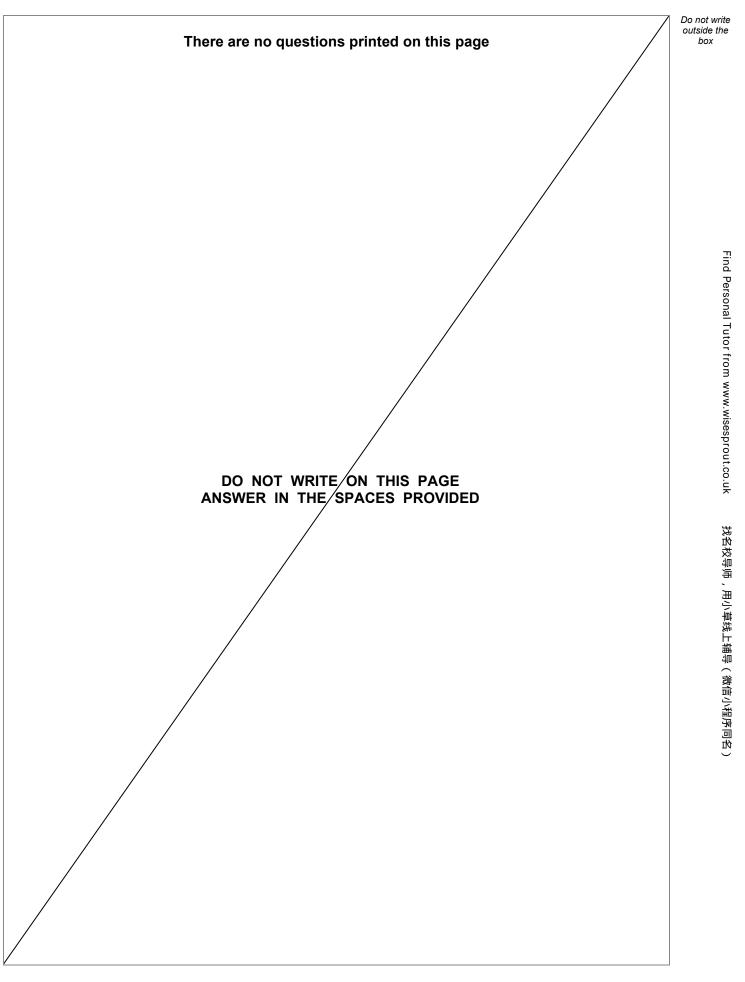
I	1
	r
<i>x</i> / 1	nm

Do not write outside the box





 $\stackrel{}{\overset{}_{0}}$





Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.	



Find Personal Tutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk

找名校导师,用小草线上辅导(微信小程序同名)

Do not write outside the box

Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, all acknowledgements of third-party copyright material are published in a separate booklet. This booklet is published after each live examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team.

Copyright © 2023 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.





Question number

Additional page, if required.

Write the question numbers in the left-hand margin.