

GCSE (9–1)

# Combined Science (Biology) A

(Gateway Science)

J250/01: Paper 1 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

**Mark Scheme for June 2019** 

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2019

# Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
<b>√</b>	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
<b>√</b>	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

## **Subject-specific Marking Instructions**

### **INTRODUCTION**

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science A:

Assessment Objective				
nowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.				
nowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.				
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.				
lge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.				
ge and understanding of scientific ideas.				
ge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.				
nation and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve procedures.				
ation and ideas to interpret and evaluate.				
ation and ideas to interpret.				
ation and ideas to evaluate.				
ation and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.				
ation and ideas to make judgements.				
ation and ideas to draw conclusions.				
ation and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.				
ation and ideas to develop experimental procedures.				
ation and ideas to improve experimental procedures.				
ation and ideas to evaluate.  ation and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.  ation and ideas to make judgements.  ation and ideas to draw conclusions.  ation and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.  ation and ideas to develop experimental procedures.				

# For answers to Section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Qı	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1			D	1	1.1	
2			В	1	2.2	
3			D	1	1.2	
4			A	1	1.1	
5			A	1	2.2	
6			С	1	2.2	
7			D	1	2.2	
8			C	1	1.1	
9			С	1	2.1	
10			С	1	1.1	

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
11	(a)	(i)	surface area = 384√ volume = 512√	2	2.2		
	(b)		increases decreases	1	3.1a	both correct for mark	
	(c)		increase the surface area (for gas exchange) ✓ increase the surface area to volume ratio (for gas exchange) ✓	3	3 x 2.1		
			reduce the distance (for diffusion into blood) ✓			<b>ALLOW</b> without gills distance (for diffusion into blood) is too large.	

Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
12	(a)	(i)	66 (%)✓	1	2.2		
		(ii)	muscle requires oxygen/glucose ✓ OR removal of carbon dioxide/water/heat from muscle✓ oxygen/glucose/carbon dioxide/water/heat is transported in the blood ✓	2	2.2	IGNORE references to lactic acid.  IGNORE references to lactic acid.	
	(b)	(i)	Any two from:  arteries have thicker wall / ORA ✓  arteries have muscle in walls ✓  arteries have collagen in walls ✓  arteries have elastic tissue ✓  capillary wall only one cell thick ✓  capillary wall is permeable / ORA ✓	2	1.1	Wall is in stem of question, assume references to artery or capillary are in context of wall.  IGNORE references to overall size.	
		(ii)	idea of higher pressure (of blood) in artery ✓ OR idea of need for exchange / diffusion of materials through capillary wall ✓	1	1.1		

Q	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
13	(a)	(i)	Cell membrane  Mitochondria  Nucleus	1	1.1	
		(ii)	contains receptor molecules / surface markers ✓ AND allows cells to stick together / recognise other molecules ✓  OR  (membrane) is selective (barrier) ✓ AND Controls which substances enter or leave ✓  OR  (membrane) is thin ✓ AND allows short diffusion pathway / allows flexibility ✓	2	1.1	IGNORE incorrect answer from 13(a)(i)
	(b)	(i)	mitosis ✓ replication ✓	2	1.1	
		(ii)	to provide <b>different</b> cells or <b>specialised</b> cells $\checkmark$ for development / growth / repair $\checkmark$	2	1.1	ALLOW can differentiate  ALLOW (cell) replacement as equivalent to repair

C	Question		Answer Mar		AO element	Guidance	
14	(a)	(i)	D✓	1	2.1		
		(ii)	peaks <b>after</b> ovulation ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW peaks after day 14 IGNORE levels off	
		(iii)	maintains uterus lining ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE thickens	
	(b)		prevents ovulation ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW higher level responses that are linked to negative feedback	
			thickens mucus from cervix ✓			ALLOW idea of mucus preventing sperm entering uterus	
			prevents implantation of (fertilised) ovum / zygote ✓			ontolling decide	

Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
15	(a)	(i)	phloem ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	xylem ✓	1	2.1	
	(b)	(i)	sucrose / sugar / amino acids / proteins / hormones√	1	1.1	
		(ii)	downwards because substances collect above the cut ✓	1	3.2b	ALLOW because swollen area is above cut ALLOW "at the top" as equivalent to "above the cut"

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		eye ✓	1	1.1	
	(b)	(i)	46(s) √	1	1.2	
		(ii)	idea of more attempts fewer errors ✓	2	3.2a	
			idea of more attempts the quicker they are ✓			

Detailed description of the nervous system, in an appropriate order, and how the parts they work together to coordinate the response given in the question.  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3–4 marks)  Limited description of the nervous system listed, in an appropriate order.  AND  Describes the role of one part.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1–2 marks)  Limited description of the nervous system, in an appropriate order.  OR  Describes the role of one part.  There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.  O marks  No response or no response worthy of credit.			response     receptors     sensory neurone     relay neurone     spinal cord     brain     motor neurone     muscles / effectors  AO2.1 Applies knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas Links parts to job in this specific example     image in mirror detected by receptors     receptors are in the eye     sensory neurone take impulses to the CNS/brain     relay neurone in the brain or spinal cord     CNS/brain coordinates the response     impulses sent down spinal cord     motor neurone takes impulse from spinal cord down the arm     muscles in the hands bring about the response continued
--	--	--	---

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	7 ✓	1	1.2	If answer line is blank open up the whole script to check for answer in table.  IGNORE units
		(ii)	Any two from: it is an anomaly / does not fit the pattern ✓	2	3.1b	ALLOW (considerably) different to the other results / too far away from the rest of the results / outlier  IGNORE incorrect result
			much lower/faster than the other two results ✓			ALLOW is only/just 8 ALLOW it is small compared to other results / should take longer / should be 17-19  IGNORE just 'it is small' / 'it is 8'
			makes the <b>mean</b> more accurate ✓			ALLOW not using it brings mean closer to true value ALLOW using it would lower the mean  IGNORE not fair test / they measured it wrongly
	(b)		10 - spread (of data) is least / smallest range ✓	1	3.2a	ALLOW only two minutes between highest and lowest / all within one (minute) of each other ALLOW numbers are closer (than the others)  IGNORE results are similar to each other / mean is close to the other numbers / no anomalies / highest values

(c)	to show that the algae/algal/beads was causing the effect / as a control ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW to see if the indicator changes colour without algae/algal/beads present
				ALLOW examples of being used as a control e.g. to see if carbon dioxide is used up without any algae/algal/beads present make sure the hydrogen carbonate does not react with anything else (other than the algal beads) to see if anything changes without the algae (beads) to make sure indicator does not change on its own  ALLOW as a comparison (to the normal)
(d)	Max two from: idea that (more algae beads there are) the more chlorophyll/chloroplasts ✓  (more algae beads) absorbs more light ✓  larger surface area to take up more carbon dioxide ✓	3	2x 3.2b	ALLOW more enzymes available (that are involved in photosynthesis)  ALLOW (more algae beads) absorb more energy
	Max one from: the more algae/algal/beads present the faster the rate of photosynthesis / ORA ✓		3.1a	ALLOW the more algae beads the more photosynthesis / ORA ALLOW the more algae/algal/beads present the faster carbon dioxide is used / ORA  IGNORE faster rate of reaction  IGNORE carbon dioxide is a limiting factor / needed for photosynthesis

(e)	(i)	idea of water bath to maintain the temperature ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW change the temperature / idea of using it as a water bath / control the temperature
	(ii)	put the algae beads at different temperatures ✓	3	2.2	
		Max two from: states the need for controlling other variables√		2x3.3a	
		identifies at least one variable they need to control ✓			ALLOW keep everything else the same e.g. keeping the number of beads the same each time / always use 20 beads / same concentration of hydrogen carbonate indicator solution / control light intensity
		measure time to turn purple (at different temperatures) ✓			ALLOW time how long it takes  IGNORE find the rate (of photosynthesis)

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

## **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: <a href="mailto:general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk">general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk</a>

### www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee Registered in England Registered Office; The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA Registered Company Number: 3484466 OCR is an exempt Charity

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) Head office

Telephone: 01223 552552 Facsimile: 01223 552553

© OCR 2019



