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Surname		
Forename(s)		
Candidate signature	I declare this is my own work.	ノ

# GCSE BIOLOGY

F

Foundation Tier Paper 2F

Monday 1 June 2020 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

### **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

## Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use		
Question	Mark	
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
TOTAL		



	Answer <b>all</b> questions in the sp	paces provided.
0 1	A food for pet dogs contains meat from chic	ckens.
	Figure 1 shows the food chain.	
	Figu	ire 1
	Wheat plant — Chic	ken — Dog
0 1.1	What is the trophic level of the dog?	
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[1 mark]
	1 2	3
0 1.2	Draw <b>one</b> line from each organism to the defood chain.	[3 marks]
	Organism	Description
		Herbivore
	Chicken	
		Producer
	Dog	
		Secondary consumer
	Wheat	
		Tertiary consumer



0 1.3	Name the process wheat plants use to make glucose.	[1 mark]
0 1.4	Some of the chicken biomass does <b>not</b> become part of the dog's biomass.	
	What is <b>one</b> reason why?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[
	Some of the chicken is used for the dog to grow	
	The dog produces waste in faeces	
	The wheat is eaten by the dog	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	



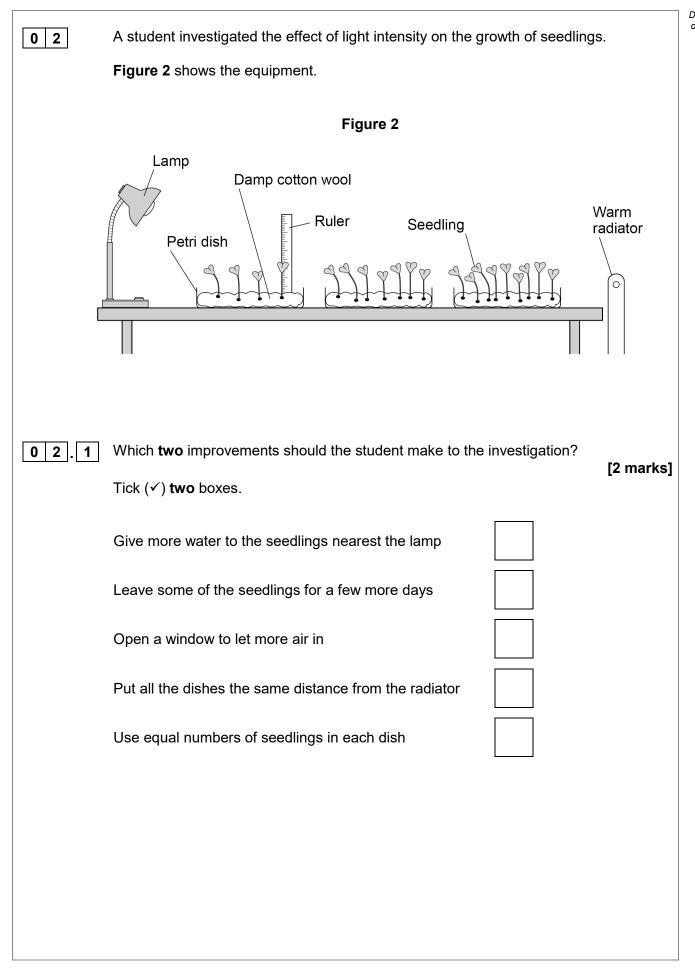
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		4	
	A new dog food has been develo	ped.	
	The new dog food is made from i	nsects.	
	The insects in the dog food factor	ry are fed on vegetables	
0 1.5	Which pyramid of biomass represchain?	sents the vegetables, ins	-
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.		[1 mark]



beef.'
2 markal
2 marks]





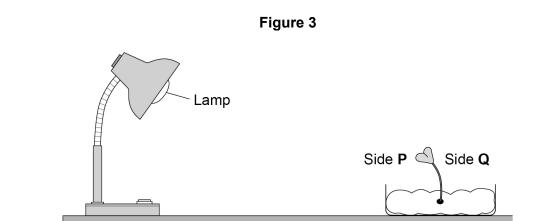


0 2.2	What is the dependent variable in the investigation?  Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	The height of the seedlings	
	The mass of cotton wool	
	The temperature of the room	
0 2.3	In each dish the seedlings compete with each other.	
	Give <b>two</b> factors the seedlings compete for.	[2 marks]
	1	
	2	
	2	
	Question 2 continues on the next page	



Figure 3 shows a seedling growing towards a lamp.

[1 mark]



0 2.4	What happened to the growth of the seedlin side <b>Q</b> ?	g on side <b>P</b> compared with the growth on
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[1 mark
	Side <b>P</b> has grown less than side <b>Q</b>	
	Side <b>P</b> has grown more than side <b>Q</b>	
	Side <b>P</b> has grown the same as side <b>Q</b>	



8		

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0 2 . 5	Plant responses are called tropisms.		C
	Which tropism causes the seedling to grow towards light?	[4 mork]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]	
	Geotropism		
	Gravitropism		
	Phototropism		
0 2.6	Which hormone causes the seedling to grow towards the light?	[1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Auxin		
	Insulin		
	Testosterone		-
	Turn over for the next question		





0 3	Sperm cells and egg cells are formed by meiosis.	
0 3.1	During meiosis a cell divides twice.  How many sperm cells are formed when a cell divides by meiosis?	[1 mark]
0 3.2	Human body cells contain 46 chromosomes.  How many chromosomes are in each human egg cell?	[1 mark]



	Dupuytren's is a disorder that affects the hands.
	One form of Dupuytren's is caused by a dominant allele ( <b>D</b> ).
	The allele for <b>not</b> having Dupuytren's is recessive ( <b>d</b> ).
0 3 . 3	What is an allele?
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.
	A different form of a chromosome
	A different form of a gamete
	A 1155
	A different form of a gene
0 3.4	A man with Dupuytren's has the genotype <b>Dd</b> .
	Which word describes the man's genotype?  [1 mark]
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.
	Heterozygous
	Homozygous
	Phenotype
	Question 3 continues on the next page





	The man with Dupuytren's ( <b>Dd</b> ) and a woman who does <b>not</b> have Dupuytren's ( <b>dd</b> ) plan to have a child.				
0 3.5	Complete the genetic diagram in <b>Figure 4</b> to show the possible genotypes of the child.  [2 marks]				
			Figure 4		[2 marks]
			Wor	nan	]
			d	d	
	Man	D	Dd		
	Wali	d			
0 3 . 6	Draw a ring aroun	d the genotype	of a child in <b>Fig</b> u	ure 4 who will ha	ave Dupuytren's. <b>[1 mark]</b>
0 3.7	What is the chanc	e of the child ha	ving Dupuytren'	s?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.				
	25% 50% 75% 100%				



0 3.8	A genetic disorder develops as a result of a change in a gene.
	What scientific term describes a change in a gene?  [1 mark]
0 3.9	People with a family history of some genetic disorders are offered embryo screening.
	Suggest <b>one</b> way embryo screening can help people with a family history of a genetic disorder.
	[1 mark]

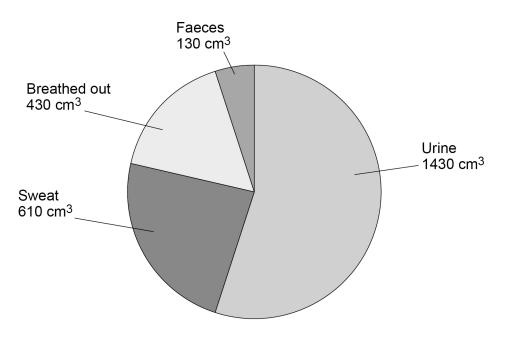
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Figure 5 shows the water loss from a person on one day.





**0 4** . **1** The total water loss was 2600 cm<sup>3</sup>.

Calculate the percentage of the total water loss that was lost as urine.

[2 marks]

Percentage lost as urine =



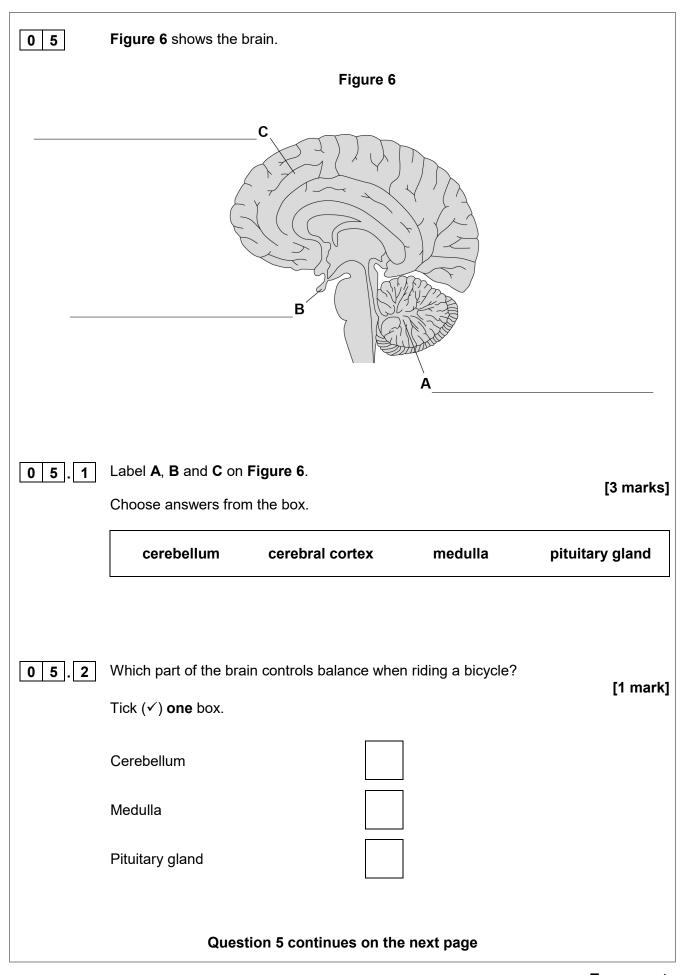
	A marathon race is 42 km long.	
0 4.2	What happens to the volume of water lost as	s sweat when a person runs a marathon? <b>[1 mark</b> ]
0 4.3	What must marathon runners do to prevent	themselves becoming dehydrated?
0 4.4	Complete the sentences.	[3 marks
	Choose answers from the box.	-
diges	stion excretion fertilisation	filtration reabsorption
diges	stion excretion fertilisation  Blood entering the kidneys goes through the	e process of
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through the	e process of
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through the	e process of
diges	Blood entering the kidneys goes through the	e process of  ess of



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0 4.5	People with kidney failure can have dialysis or a kidney transplant.			
	Dialysis is often needed 3 times each week and can take over 4 hours each time.			
	Dialysis usually happens in a hospital.			
	Kidney transplants require a donor and major surgery.			
	Describe the advantages <b>and</b> disadvantages of having a kidney transplant instead of having dialysis.			
	[4 marks]			









0 5.3	The ears send information about sound to the brain.	
	Which word describes the brain?	
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[1 mark]
	Coordinator	
	Effector	
	Receptor	
	Stimulus	
0 5.4	What type of cell carries impulses from the ears to the brain?	[1 mark]
0 5.5	Human eyes detect light.  Which part of the eye has cells that detect light?  Tick (✓) one box.  Iris  Lens  Retina	[1 mark]



0 5.6	The eyes of some birds have specialised cells to detect ultraviolet (UV) light.
	Some fruits reflect UV light.
	Explain why it is an advantage for birds to be able to detect UV light.  [2 marks]

Question 5 continues on the next page



Turn over ▶

Figure 7 shows a student reading a book.





There are trees on the far side of the field.

The student looks at the trees instead of looking at the book.

0 5.7	What process occu	rs in the eye when the student looks at the trees instead of lo	ooking
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[1	mark]
	Accommodation		
	Magnification		
	Reflection		



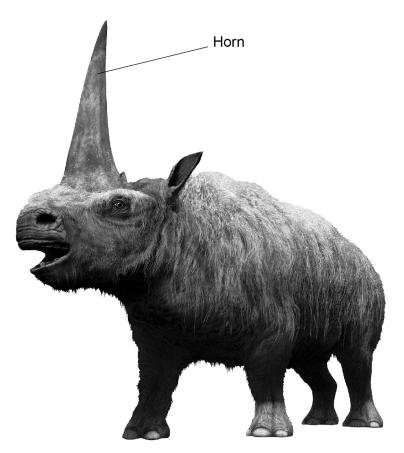
0 5.8	What change happens in the student's eyes when they look up at the trees?  [1 mark]  Tick (✓) one box.	
	Light rays are refracted less	
	More light is reflected	
	The optic nerves move	
0 5.9	The student <b>cannot</b> see the trees in focus.	
	Name the common defect of the eye which causes distant objects to appear out of focus.  [1 mark]	Γ
	Turn over for the next question	

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**Figure 8** shows what the extinct Siberian rhinoceros (*Elasmotherium sibiricum*) might have looked like.

Figure 8



0 6.1	What is the genus of the Siberian rhi	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[ i iliai k]
	Elasmotherium	
	Elasmotherium sibiricum	
	sibiricum	



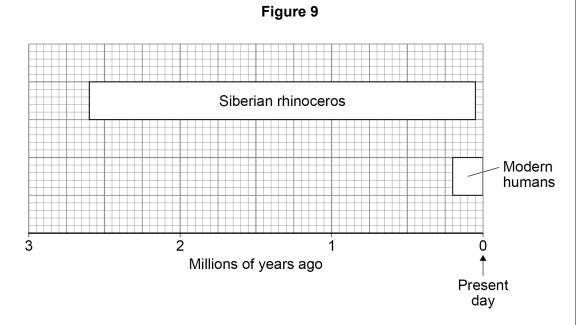
	The 'three-domain system' of classification places all living organisms in one three domains.	of
0 6.2	Which domain was the Siberian rhinoceros in?  Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Archaea	
	Eukaryota	
	Prokaryota	
0 6.3	Who developed the 'three-domain system' of classification?  Tick (✓) one box.	[1 mark]
	Carl Woese	
	Charles Darwin	
	Gregor Mendel	
0   6  . 4	The horn of the Siberian rhinoceros is estimated to have been 150 cm long.  Suggest <b>one</b> advantage of this adaptation to the Siberian rhinoceros.	[4 manula]
		[1 mark]
	Question 6 continues on the next page	





0 6.5	The only parts of the Siberian rhinoceros that have been found are fossilised Give <b>one</b> reason why <b>only</b> the bones of the body of the Siberian rhinoceros befossils.	
		[1 mark]
0 6.6	Suggest how scientists can estimate when the Siberian rhinoceros was alive.	[1 mark]

**Figure 9** shows when the Siberian rhinoceros existed and when modern humans existed.





How many million years ago did the Siberian rhinoceros become extinct?  million y	[1 mark] ears ago
Determine the time in years when both the Siberian rhinoceros and modern existed together.	humans
Use <b>Figure 9</b> and your answer to Question <b>06.7</b> .	[3 marks]
Time =	years
Suggest <b>two</b> factors that may have caused the extinction of the Siberian rhir	noceros. [2 marks]
1	
2	
	Determine the time in years when both the Siberian rhinoceros and modern existed together.  Use Figure 9 and your answer to Question 06.7.  Time =  Suggest two factors that may have caused the extinction of the Siberian rhin

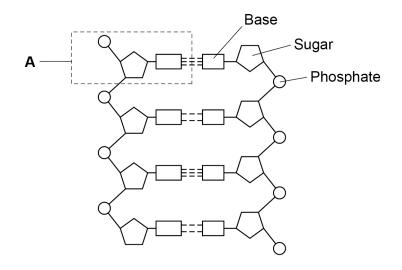
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0 7	This question is about DNA.
0 7.1	Describe the shape of a DNA molecule.  [2 marks]

Figure 10 shows part of a DNA molecule.

Figure 10



0 7.2	DNA codes for a se	equence of amino acids.	
	Which part of DNA	forms the code for a particular amino acid?	[4 magula]
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.		[1 mark]
	Bases		
	Phosphates		
	Sugars		



0 7.3	Which substance is produced when amino acids are joined together?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	
	Carbohydrate	
	Fat	
	Protein	
0 7.4	DNA is made of repeating units. One of the units is labelled <b>A</b> in <b>Figure 10</b> .	
	What is the name of the repeating unit labelled <b>A</b> ?	[1 mark]
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[ i iliai k]
	Chromosome	
	Enzyme	
	Nucleotide	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	

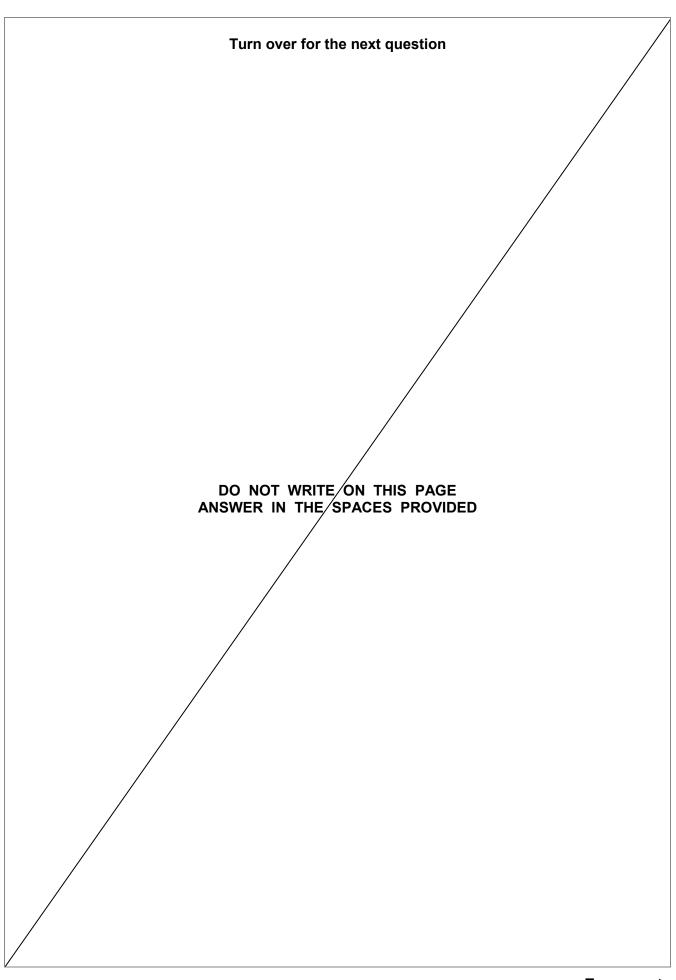




0 7.5	The DNA in one human body cell is the length of 6 000 million repeating Each repeating unit is 0.34 nanometres (nm) long.	units (part <b>A</b> ).
	Calculate the length of the DNA in the cell in millions of nanometres.	[2 marks]
	Length =	million nm
0 7.6	Give your answer to Question <b>07.5</b> in metres. 1 metre = $1 \times 10^9$ nanometres	[1 mark]
	Length =	m
0 7.7	DNA analysis can show people which alleles they have.	
	Patients who have certain types of cancer can be offered DNA analysis.	
	The family of the patient can also be offered DNA analysis.	
	Suggest <b>one</b> advantage of having DNA analysis.	[1 mark]



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0 8	This question is about the decay of milk.	
0 8.1	Name <b>two</b> types of microorganism that cause decay.	2 marks]
	1	
	2	
0 8.2	Cows' milk is pH 6.6.	
	As milk decays, lipids in the milk are broken down.	
	One of the products of the breakdown of lipids causes the pH of milk to decre	ease.
	Name the product that causes the pH to decrease.	[1 mark]



A student investigated the effect of temperature on the time taken for different types of milk to decay.

This is the method used.

- 1. Put cows' milk in six test tubes.
- 2. Keep each test tube at a different temperature.
- 3. Measure the pH of the milk in each tube every day for 12 days.
- 4. Record the number of days taken to reach pH 5.

Give one way the pH can be measured.

5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 with goats' milk and with almond milk.

	[1 mark]
0 8 . 4 Give <b>two</b> control variables the student should have used in this	
	[2 marks]
1	
2	

Question 8 continues on the next page



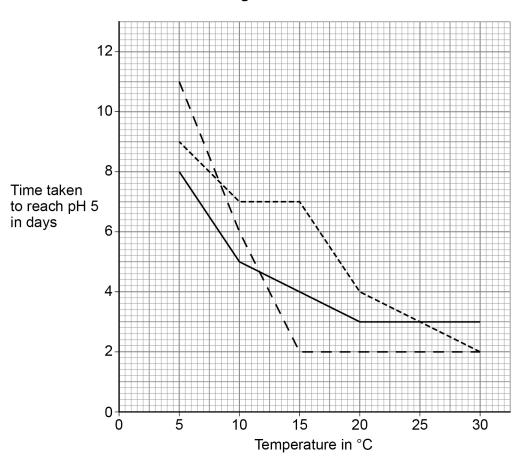
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3

The student improved the investigation to produce valid results.

Figure 11 shows the results.

Figure 11



KeyCows' milkGoats' milkAlmond milk

0 8 . 5 Which type of milk stays fresh the longest at 10 °C?

[1 mark]



0 8.6	Describe the effect of temperature on the time taken for <b>goats</b> ' milk to reach pH 5.	
	Use data from <b>Figure 11</b> in your answer.  [2 marks]	
	[2 marks]	
0 8.7	The time taken for cows' milk to reach pH 5 at 10 °C is less than the time taken for cows' milk to reach pH 5 at 5 °C.	
	Suggest <b>one</b> reason why.	
	[1 mark]	
0   8   .   8	Suggest <b>two</b> reasons why the different types of milk took different lengths of time to reach pH 5.	
	[2 marks]	
	1	
	2	
	Question 8 continues on the next page	



0 8 . 9	The student said:		Do not write outside the box
	'The temperature milk is stored at affects how likely the milk is to cause food poisoning.'		
	How can the investigation be developed to find out if the student is correct?	[1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) <b>one</b> box.	[ i iliai k]	
	Determine the types of bacteria present in the milk		
	Record the pH every 12 hours		Find Pers
	Use more than three different types of milk		13 Tutor fr
	Question 9 starts on page 36		Find Personal Tutor from www.wisesprout.co.uk
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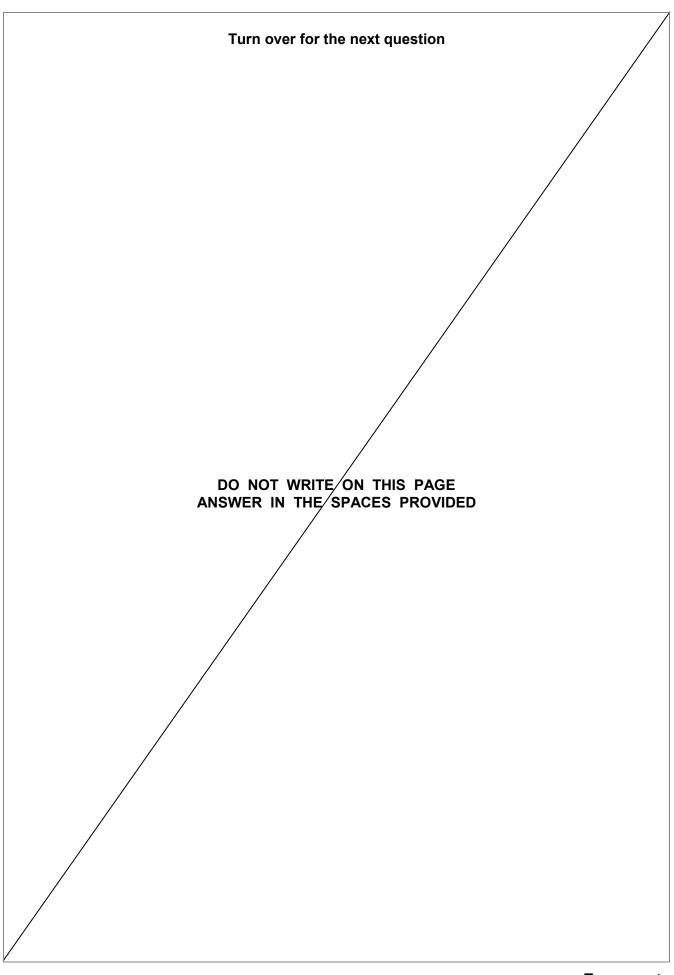
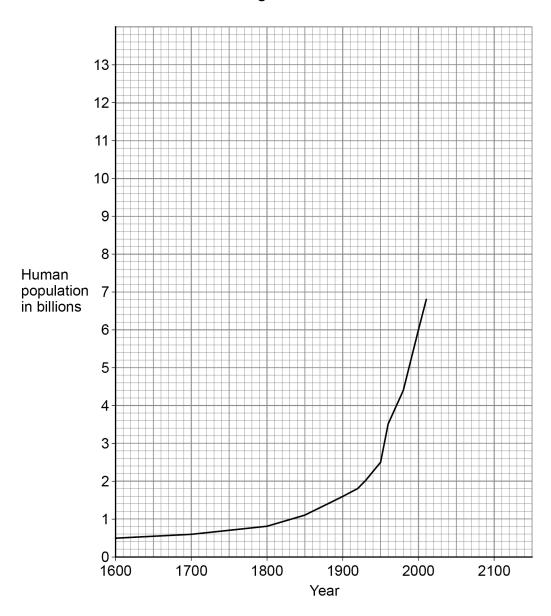






Figure 12 shows the human population from 1600 to 2010.

# Figure 12



In 1900 the human population was 1.6 billion.

0 9 . 1	compared with the year 1900.	year 2000
		[2 marks]

Number of times greater =



0 9 . 2	In 1950 the human population was 2.5 billion.	
	Calculate the mean annual increase in the human population between 1900 and 1950.	
		[2 marks]
	Mean annual increase = billi	on per year
0 9.3	Predict the human population in 2050 if the current rate of population increontinues.	rease
	You should draw an extrapolation line on Figure 12.	[2 marks]
	Predicted human population =	
0 9.4	The increasing human population has caused a decline in fish stocks.	
	Describe how fishing quotas can help to return fish stocks to a sustainable	e level. [2 marks]
	Question 9 continues on the next page	



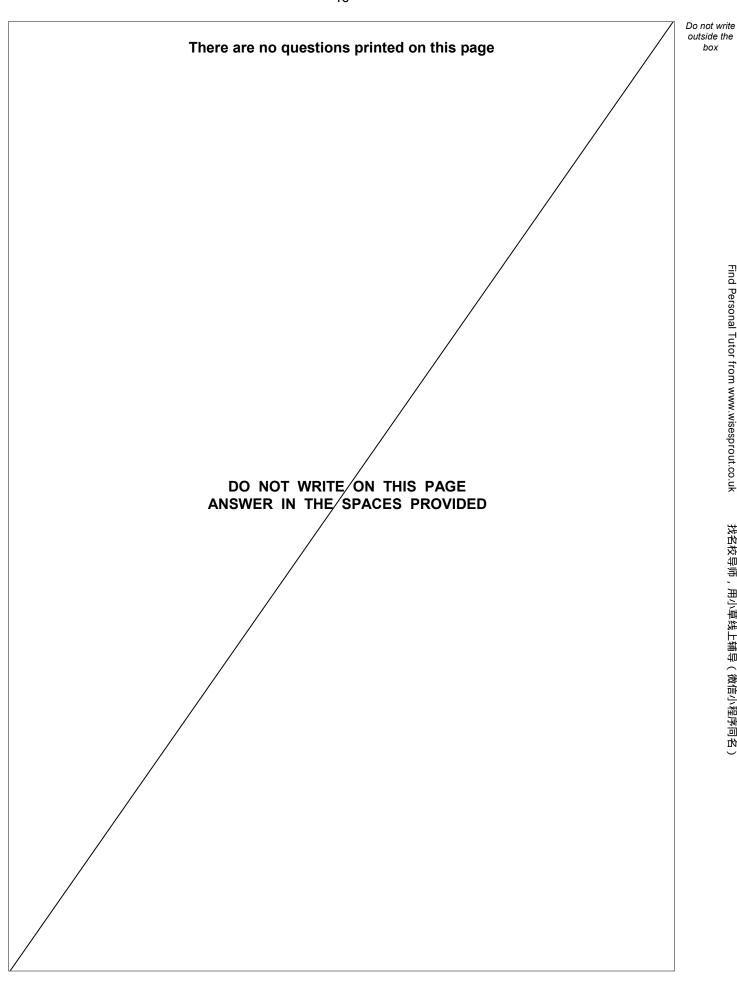
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0 9 . 5	Farming techniques have changed in recent years.	
	Describe:	
	why more land is being used for farming	
	<ul> <li>how increased farming has decreased biodiversity.</li> </ul>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[6 marks]



0 9.6	Genetic modification of crop plants can help meet the demands of the increasing human population.	
	Golden rice is a genetically modified (GM) crop.	
	What is the advantage of golden rice compared with non-GM rice?	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Golden rice contains protein-rich mycoprotein	
	Golden rice has improved nutritional value	
	Golden rice produces human insulin	
0 9.7	Suggest <b>one</b> reason why some people are concerned about the use of golden rice.  [1 mark]	[
		ŀ
	END OF QUESTIONS	







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