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GCSE (9–1) Combined Science (Biology) A (Gateway Science)

J250/02 Paper 2, B4–B6 and CS7 (PAGs B1–B5) (Foundation Tier)

Monday 11 June 2018 – Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 10 minutes

You must have:

• a ruler (cm/mm)

You may use:

- · a scientific or graphical calculator
- an HB pencil



First name	
Last name	
Centre number	Candidate number

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You may use an HB pencil for graphs and diagrams.
- Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended responses will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document consists of 24 pages.



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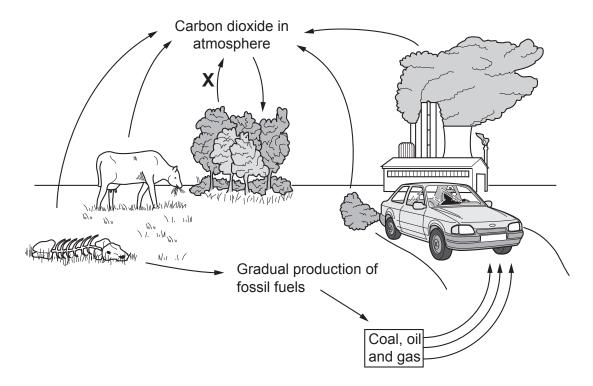
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SECTION A

Answer **all** the questions.

You should spend a maximum of 20 minutes on this section.

1 Look at the diagram of the **carbon** cycle.



Which process is shown by the arrow labelled **X**?

- A Decomposition
- **B** Evaporation
- **C** Photosynthesis
- **D** Respiration

Your answer	[1

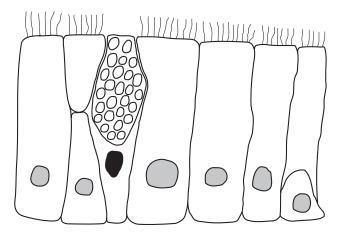
2	AID	Si	s a	human	disease.

Which statement describes AIDS?

- A Communicable bacterial disease
- B Communicable viral disease
- C Non-communicable bacterial disease
- **D** Non-communicable viral disease

Your answer			[1
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3 The diagram shows tissue that lines the airways of the lungs.



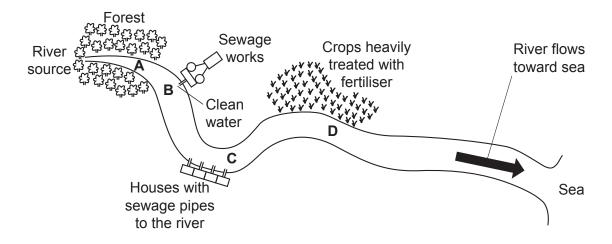
This tissue has structures to help defend the body against pathogens.

What are the structures?

- A Cilia and cells that make acid
- B Cilia and cells that make mucus
- C Nasal hairs and cells that make acid
- **D** Nasal hairs and cells that make mucus

Your answer			[1
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4 Human waste can contain bacteria called *E. coli*. Human waste is found in sewage.



Which zone of the river will have the **highest** levels of *E. coli*?

Your answer		[1]
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5 Some countries plant new forests to help reduce their **greenhouse gas** emissions.

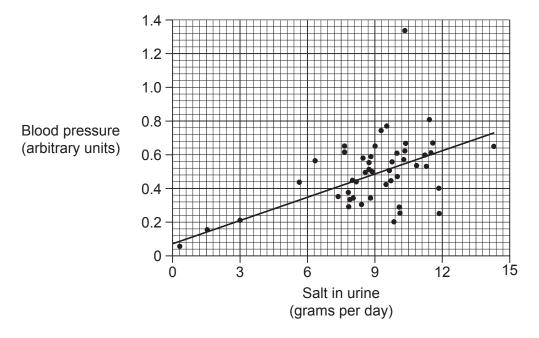
Why does planting new forests help reduce greenhouse gas emissions?

- A Trees produce biomass.
- **B** Trees take carbon dioxide from the air.
- **C** Trees put oxygen into the air.
- **D** Trees take water from the soil to prevent flooding.

Your answer	[1
Tour answer	[L1,

6 The more salt you eat, the more salt will be found in the urine you make.

The graph shows the relationship between the amount of salt in urine and blood pressure.



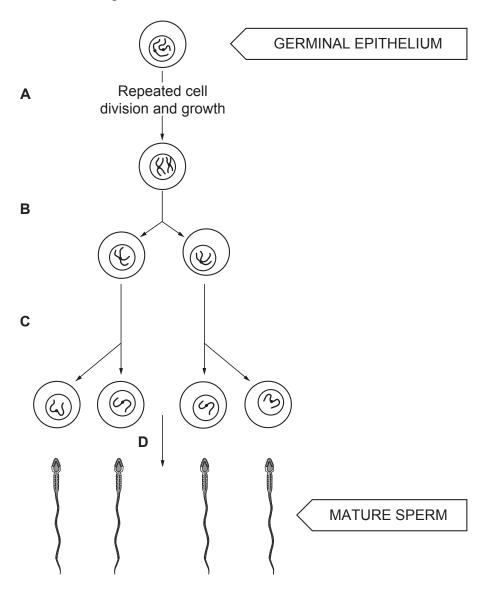
Which statement is supported by the data?

- A High blood pressure leads to an increased risk of developing heart disease.
- **B** Less salt in the diet can lead to higher blood pressure.
- **C** Less salt in the diet can lead to lower blood pressure.
- **D** Low blood pressure leads to an increased risk of developing heart disease.

Your answer [1]

7 Sperm are made by meiosis.

Look at the diagram of meiosis.



At which stage A, B, C or D is the chromosome number halved?

Your answer		[1
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8	There were	150000	- dlt	d = = th = : :=		:- 2000
^		47///	α 011111	neaine in	Englang	In 2009

It is estimated that 81400 of these adult deaths were caused by smoking.

What percentage of adult deaths were caused by smoking in England in 2009?

- **A** 0.18%
- **B** 5.6%
- **C** 18%
- **D** 56%

Your answer		[1
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9 Genes control eye colour.

The allele for brown eyes (B) is **dominant** over the allele for blue eyes (b).

Look at the genetic cross.

Bb x BB

Choose the possible outcome of offspring from this cross.

	Genotype	Offspring genotype ratio	Phenotype
Α	All BB	1:0	All brown eyes
В	BB and Bb	1:1	All brown eyes
С	BB and Bb	3:1	Brown eyes and blue eyes
D	Bb and bb	3:1	Brown eyes and blue eyes

Your answer	[1
	L.

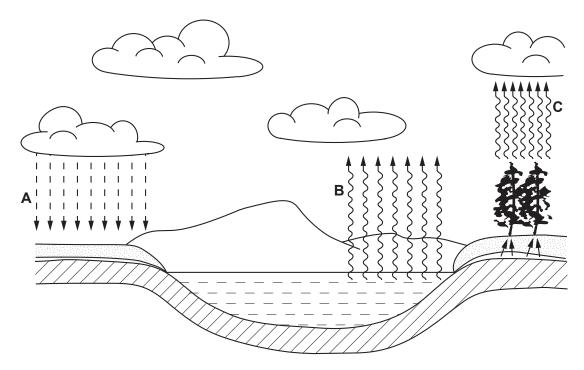
10	Phy	/logeny is the study of evolutionary links.	
	Wh	ich of the following is important to make molecular phylogenic links?	
	Α	Behavioural features	
	В	DNA sequencing	
	С	Habitat analysis	
	D	Phenotypical features	
	You	ır answer	[1]

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SECTION B

Answer all the questions.

11 (a) Look at the diagram of the water cycle.

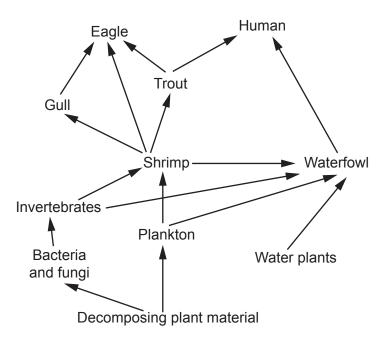


Complete these sentences about the diagram.

Choose words from the list.

	combustion		evaporation		photosy	nthesis	precipitation	
			run-off	respiratio	on	transpiration		
	(i)	Arrows lab	belled A represer	nt the proce	ss of			[1]
(ii)	Arrows lat	belled B represer	nt the proce	ss of			[1]
(i	ii)	Arrows lab	belled C represer	nt the proce	ss of			[1]

(b) Look at the diagram showing the food web in the lake.



i)	How many predators does the shrimp have in this food web?
	[1

(ii) When plant material is decomposed by fungi, there is an increase in temperature.

excretion

Complete the sentences to explain why.

Choose words from the list.

endothermic

	respiration	photosynthesis
During decompos	sition fungi release er	nergy from the plants by the process of
This process rele	ases energy as heat	because the reaction is

[2]

exothermic

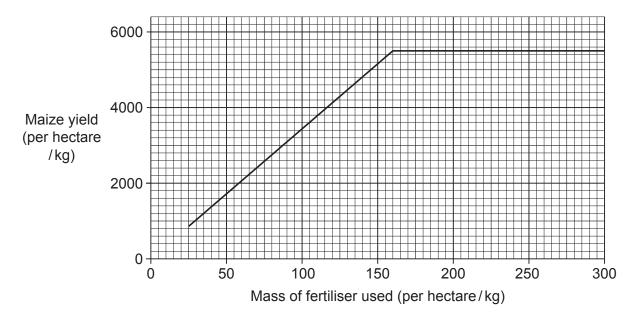
	11
(c)	Dogfish and minnows are fish that live in lakes.
	Dogfish build nests to lay their eggs in. Minnows lay their eggs in the same nests as dogfish.
	The dogfish protect the nest from predators.
	Minnows move in and out of the nest. This helps to remove harmful bacteria and get oxyger to the eggs.
	Dogfish usually eat minnows. When the dogfish have eggs they do not eat minnows.
	(i) Dogfish have two different interactions with the minnows.

	Write down the names of these two types of interactions.	
	Describe when each interaction takes place.	
	Interaction 1	
	Interaction 2	
		[2
(ii)	One of the interactions benefits both minnows and dogfish.	
	Explain how.	
		. [2

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12 Farmers use fertilisers to improve crop yields.

The graph shows how the mass of one fertiliser affects maize yield.



(a)	What mass of fertiliser would you recommend to produce the best yield?
	Explain your answer.
	[2]
(b)	The fertiliser contains high amounts of nitrogen.
	Describe one negative effect using fertiliser might have on the environment.

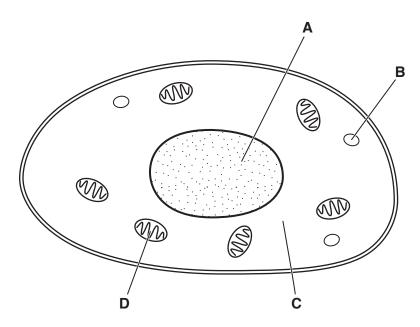
13 (a) Complete these sentences about the hormone FSH.

FSH is secreted by the gland.	
FSH causes an to mature in the ovary.	
FSH stimulates the ovaries to release the hormone	[3]

(b) FSH hormone can be genetically engineered.

The human gene for FSH is transferred into an animal cell.

Look at the diagram of a cell.



The gene is put inside one of the structures labelled in the diagram.

Which structure is the gene put inside?

Choose from A, B, C, or D.

State why the gene is put there.

101

(c)* Beta carotene is the substance that makes carrots orange. Humans use beta carotene to make vitamin A. Vitamin A is needed for good vision.'Golden' rice is a genetically modified (GM) crop. 'Golden' rice is made when the gene for beta carotene is added to rice.Scientists do not know if the levels of beta carotene in 'Golden' rice will have any other effects

In some countries many people survive on a diet of mainly rice with no vegetables.

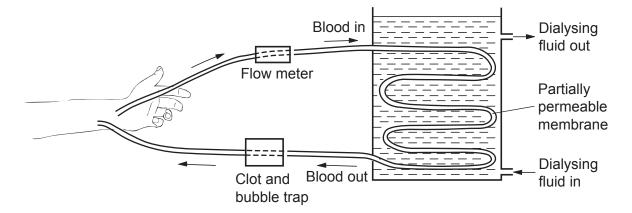
on people eating the rice.

Do you think Golden rice should be made to provide food for these people?
Include arguments for and against 'Golden' rice in your answer.
[6]

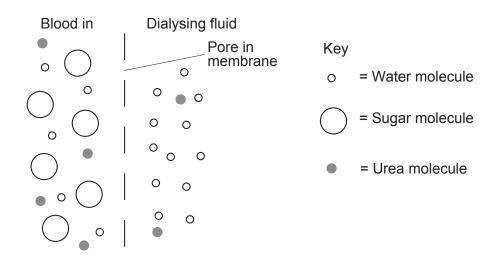
14	(a)		e chil ssive			inher	rit a	rare	kidne	у	cond	ition	calle	d A	RPKI	O. It	is	cause	ed by	а
		A pre	gnant	t wor	man h	nas AR	RPKE). The	e baby's	s fa	ther	is h e	eteroz	ygo	us fo	r AR	PKI	O.		
		What	is the	e pro	babili	ity of th	neir I	baby	having	AR	PKD)?								
		Complete the genetic diagram to explain your answer.																		
		Use the letters:																		
		R for the dominant allele																		
		r for the recessive allele.																		
			r																	
			r																	
													Answ	er =						[2]
	(b)	(i)	t is es	stima	ated tl	hat 1 ir	n 70	peop	le in the	e U	K is	a ca	rrier o	f AF	PKD					
		-	The e	stima	ated p	oopula	tion	of the	UK in	20	11 wa	as 6	3.2 mi	llion	-					
		I	Estima	ate t	he nu	mber o	of pe	eople	in the l	JK	in 20)11 v	vho w	ere (carrie	rs.				
													Answ	er =						[2]
		(ii)	Explai	in wh	ny this	s numb	oer is	s only	an est	tim	ate a	and r	not the	e rea	l num	nber	of c	arriers	S.	
																				[1]

(c) ARPKD can lead to kidney failure. People with kidney failure can use a dialysis machine.

The diagram shows how a dialysis machine works.



A molecular model can be used to explain how the dialysis machine removes urea.



The dialygic	machina	removes urea	hut not	ouger
I DE MISIVSIS	machine	removes lirea	nut not	Sunar

	[0]
Use the diagram to explain how.	

(d)	The kidneys in people with ARPKD have not developed normally.
	Stem cells could be used to repair the damaged kidneys.
	Discuss reasons for and against using stem cells to treat ARPKD.
	Reasons for
	Reasons against
	[70]
	[3]

15 Three students model the determination of sex in humans.

They toss a coin 18 times and record the result.

The table shows the results and the ratio of the **total** heads : **total** tails.

Toss	Outcome	Total heads	Total tails	Ratio
1	Heads	1	0	1:0
2	Heads	2	0	2:0
3	Tails	2	1	2:1
4	Heads	3	1	3:1
5	Heads	4	1	4:1
6	Heads	5	1	5:1
7	Tails	5	2	5:2
8	Tails	5	3	5:3
9	Heads	6	3	2:1
10	Heads	7	3	7:3
11	Tails	7	4	7:4
12	Tails	7	5	7:5
13	Heads	8	5	8:5
14	Tails	8	6	8:6
15	Heads	9	6	3:2
16	Heads	10	6	
17	Tails	10	7	10:7
18	Tails	10	8	5:4

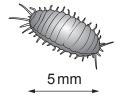
((a)) The	ratio	for	16	is	missing.
А	· •	, ,,,,	Iduo	101		10	minoomig.

Calculate the ratio for 16 tosses.

Ancwor -	F4	1
Answer =	 11	ı

(b)	None of the ratios match the expected ratio of males to females you would show in a genetic cross.
	Here are three statements about the results:
	Student A – The ratio after five tosses is closest to the expected outcome.
	Student B – The ratio after ten tosses is closest to the expected outcome.
	Student C – The ratio after eighteen tosses is closest to the expected outcome.
	Which statement is correct?
	Explain your answer.
	[2]
(c)	The students want to improve the method to get a result that matches the expected ratio.
	Write down one way to improve the method.
	[1]

16 The picture shows a mealybug insect.



This mealybug is a pest for orange tree growers.

The scientists compared the number of mealybugs found on two trees, tree A and tree B.

For each tree they:

- Collected a sample of mealybugs from the tree
- Counted the number of mealybugs in each sample
- Marked the mealybugs
- Released the mealybugs back onto the tree they were collected from.

The next day another sample was collected from each tree.

(a) Describe how the scientists should **collect** and **mark** the mealybugs.

	Include the equipment they need to use.	
	You may include a diagram with your answer.	
		[3]
(h)	Write down three precautions that should be taken when deciding how to mark	
(D)	mealybugs.	uic
	1	
	2	
	3	•••••
		[3]

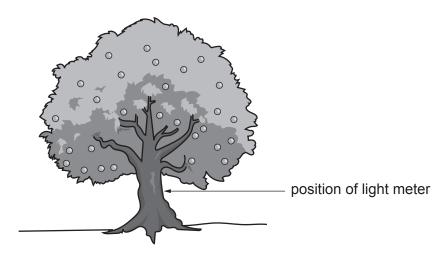
(c) The table shows the results for tree A.

Total number of	Total number of	Number of marked
mealybugs collected	mealybugs collected on	mealybugs collected on
on day 1	day 2	day 2
150	60	18

(i)	Estimate the population size of mealybugs on tree A .
,	Use the formula: Estimated population size = Number in 1st sample × Number in 2nd sample Number in 2nd sample previously marked
	Answer =[1]
(ii)	When using this method to estimate population, the scientists make several assumptions. One assumption is that there was no immigration of mealybugs between day 1 and 2.
	Suggest two other assumptions they would make.
	1
	2
	[2]

(d) The number of mealybugs on each tree may be affected by the light intensity.

The scientists measured the light intensity for each tree at midday on day 1 of their investigation. Light intensity is measured using a light meter.



(i) Tree B had an estimated population of 250 mealybugs at the end of the investigation. Tree B had a higher light intensity reading than tree A.

Read this statement.

The mealybugs are thought to breed rapidly in low light conditions.

Do the results for the two trees support this statement?

Use the information above and your answer to (c)(i).

	Explain your answer.	
		. [1]
(ii)	Errors can occur when taking light meter readings.	
	Explain how errors occur and write down one way to take more precise readings.	

END OF QUESTION PAPER

24

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If ac mus	lditiona t be cle	I space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). arly shown in the margin(s).	The question	number(s
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