

Foundation

GCSE

Chemisty B Twenty First Century Science

J258/01: Breadth in Chemistry (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2022

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2022

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the RM Assessor messaging system.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate). When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth **two or more marks**)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.

- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - there is nothing written in the answer space.

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**
 - If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or email.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
	Correct response
X	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
ш	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

11. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
√	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

12. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Chemistry B:

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
1	(a)		condensed ✓	1	1.1		
	(b)		photosynthesis ✓	2	1.1		
			carbon dioxide / CO₂ ✓				
	(c)	(i)	rises and falls ✓	2	3.1a	The first marking point is for a statement about the	
			correct reference to data from the graph ✓			trend shown by the relevant part of the graph.	
		(ii)	0.22 ± 0.01 ✓	1	2.2		
		(iii)	(0.28 ÷ 0.04) = 7 ✓	1	2.2		

C	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	(a)		properties ✓	2	1.1	
			atomic ✓			
	(b)	(i)	Lithium AND Magnesium ✓	1	2.1	
		(ii)	Electrical conductivity / AW ✓	1	1.1	
		(iii)	All their melting points are above room temperature / 25°C ✓		1.2	
		(iv)	number of protons ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE correct statements about electrons.
						DO NOT ALLOW 'protons and neutrons'
	(c)	(i)	Halogen Appearance Grey solid Chlorine Purple gas iodine Green gas Brown liquid.	2	1.1	
		(ii)	sodium chloride ✓	1	2.1	

Q	Question 3 (a) (i)		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance		
3			Energy ammonium nitrate + water Progress	1	1.2			
		(ii)	ammonium nitrate solution ✓	1	1.2			
		(iii)	Endothermic ✓	1	1.1			
	(b)		take temperature (of water) ✓ add ammonium nitrate (and stir) ✓ take final temperature ✓	3	3.3a	ALLOW inferred statements eg put thermometer into liquid 'Measure temperature change/difference' = 2 marks		

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
4	(a)	(i)	point plotted at 142, 174 √	1	1.2	±1	
		(ii)	Line of best fit ✓	1	1.2	ALLOW ECF	
		(iii)	149 (°C) ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW ECF from the candidate's graph ± 1	
	(b)	(i)	C₅H ₁₂ ✓	1	2.2		
		(ii)	water ✓	1	1.2		
	(c)	(i)	1:3 ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW C:H3	
		(ii)	CH₃ ✓	1	2.2	DO NOT ALLOW "2CH3" ALLOW ecf	
	(d)		covalent ✓ shared ✓	2	2.1		
	(e)		It gives ethanol its chemical properties. ✓	1	1.1		

C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
5	(a)	(i)	$Mg + FeS \rightarrow MgS + Fe \checkmark$	1	2.1	
		(ii)	Magnesium / Mg removes/ displaces the sulfur (from Fe)	1	2.2	ALLOW AW eg Mg replaces Fe
	(b)		quickly ✓ electrons ✓	2	1.1	

C	Question	Ansv	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
6	(a)	Iron oxide is reduced ✓			1	2.1	
	(b)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer is 70 (g) award 2 marks 112 × 100 ÷ 160 ✓ = 70 (g) ✓				2.2	
	(c)	Carbon ✓ Alloys✓		2	1.1		
	(d)	water ✓ barrier ✓			2	1.1	
	(e)	<u></u>	Advantage	Disadvantage	2	3.2a	all three correct = 2 marks
		Recycling steel uses much less energy than making iron and steel from iron ore.	~				two correct = 1 mark
		Materials must be collected and sorted.		√			
		Raw materials (metal ores) are not used.	✓				
		√ √		<u> </u>			

C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance		
7	(a)		dioxide ✓	1	1.1			
	(b)	(i)	takes shorter time ✓	1	3.1b	ALLOW time decreases / compares the two times Assume powder is being referred to unless stated otherwise IGNORE 'powder reacts faster' [stem]		
		(ii)	powder has larger surface area ✓ More particles are able to react (per unit time) ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW collision arguments		
	(c)		longer than 10 minutes √	1	3.2a			
	(d)		heat / evaporate ✓ [leave to] crystallise ✓	2	1.2			
	(e)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 67 (%) award 3 marks 6.6 × 100 ÷ 9.8 ✓ = 67.3 (any decimal places) ✓ = 67 (%) (2 sf) ✓	3	2.2 x 2 1.2			

Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
8	8 (a)		neutralisation ✓		1.1		
	(b)		run in (acid) from burette ✓		1.2	DO NOT ALLOW run in alkali	
			until (indicator) changes colour ✓				
	(c) (i)		20.4(0) (cm ³) ✓		1.2		
	(ii)		more NaOH in Nobloc / Noblock more concentrated √	2	2.2	DO NOT ALLOW more acid in Noblock	
			more acid used (in titration)√			Second marking point is for a <u>reason</u> ALLOW inferred statement "Because the result was higher"	

(Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
9	(a)		aluminium ✓ oxygen ✓	2	2.1	
	(b)	(i)	electrode labelled on diagram Measuring cylinder electrode Sodium chloride solution	1	1.2	BOD if it points to the sign, or the junction with the wire, rather than the electrode
		(ii)	Any two from: So the gas can be collected / AW ✓ So the gases do not mix / AW ✓ To preserve contact / conductivity / AW ✓	2	3.3b	
		(iii)	Hydrogen ✓	1	2.1	

Q	Question		Answer			Marks	AO element	Guidance
10	(a)	(i)	Insoluble ✓			1	1.1	
		(ii)	substance copper sulfate crystals graphite powder copper sulfate + graphite	mixture	pure substance	2	2.1	all three correct = two marks two correct = one mark
	(b)		A blue precipitate / sol		2	1.2		

Q	Question		Answer			AO element	Guidance
11	(a)		H ₂ ✓ (g) ✓	2	2.1	DO NOT ALLOW h ₂	
	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.4 (cm ³ /s), award three marks. Volume after 1 minute = 24 (cm ³) ✓	3	2.2	ALLOW 25 ALLOW EC	(cm ³) CF on incorrect volume for MP2 and MP3
			1 minute = 60 s ✓ Rate = vol÷time / 24÷60 = 0.4 (cm³/s) ✓		2.2	ALLOW MF	116666/0.42 (from reading of 25) 23 for volume÷time if time is left in minutes
		(ii)	The gas/hydrogen given off has mass/weight / gas/hydrogen escapes from the flask ✓	1	3.2b		correct rounding (assessed elsewhere) makes a gas' 'hydrogen is made' alone
	(c)		reaction is faster / rate increases ✓	3	3.1b		nore gas is produced in the first minute' atalysts speed up reactions' alone
			(define catalyst) catalysts are unchanged at the end / are not used up ✓			ALLOW 'it'	for copper sulfate throughout.
			(evidence) the colour change (from blue to colourless) shows that copper sulfate is not a catalyst/shows that copper sulfate is used up ✓			IGNORE 'bl in the quest	lue colour changes to colourless' alone (both ion)
	(d)		The particles are moving faster ✓ There are more frequent collisions ✓	2	1.1		

Qu	Question		Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
12	(a)		poor √ hard √	2	1.1	ALLOW does not conduct	
	(b)		Aluminium Go	Property Intens easily when heated. Does out of shape if dropped. Deaks if dropped.	3	2.1	One mark for correct choice for each material If two lines from a material, that material is incorrect.
	(c)		H H - C - H H - D n	,	1	2.2	ALLOW answer without brackets or n Bonds at each side must be shown
	(d)		nucleotides ✓		1	1.1	

Need to get in touch?

If you ever have any questions about OCR qualifications or services (including administration, logistics and teaching) please feel free to get in touch with our customer support centre.

Call us on

01223 553998

Alternatively, you can email us on

support@ocr.org.uk

For more information visit

ocr.org.uk/qualifications/resource-finder

ocr.org.uk

Twitter/ocrexams

/ocrexams

in /company/ocr

/ocrexams



OCR is part of Cambridge University Press & Assessment, a department of the University of Cambridge.

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored. © OCR 2022 Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee. Registered in England. Registered office The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA.

Registered company number 3484466. OCR is an exempt charity.

OCR operates academic and vocational qualifications regulated by Ofqual, Qualifications Wales and CCEA as listed in their qualifications registers including A Levels, GCSEs, Cambridge Technicals and Cambridge Nationals.

OCR provides resources to help you deliver our qualifications. These resources do not represent any particular teaching method we expect you to use. We update our resources regularly and aim to make sure content is accurate but please check the OCR website so that you have the most up-to-date version. OCR cannot be held responsible for any errors or omissions in these resources.

Though we make every effort to check our resources, there may be contradictions between published support and the specification, so it is important that you always use information in the latest specification. We indicate any specification changes within the document itself, change the version number and provide a summary of the changes. If you do notice a discrepancy between the specification and a resource, please <u>contact us</u>.

Whether you already offer OCR qualifications, are new to OCR or are thinking about switching, you can request more information using our <u>Expression of Interest form</u>.

Please get in touch if you want to discuss the accessibility of resources we offer to support you in delivering our qualifications.