

**GCE** 

**Biology A** 

H420/01: Biological processes

A Level

Mark Scheme for June 2022

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

### PREPARATION FOR MARKING

#### **SCORIS**

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: scoris assessor Online Training; OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <a href="http://www.rm.com/support/ca">http://www.rm.com/support/ca</a>
- 3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

#### **MARKING**

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the scoris messaging system.

# 5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

### Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has 3enalized themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

### Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate). When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

# **Contradictory Responses**

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only one mark per response)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
  - there is nothing written in the answer space

Award Zero '0' if:

anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The scoris **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.** 
  - If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or email.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

# 10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, concentrating on features that make it a stronger or weaker answer using the indicative scientific content as guidance. The indicative scientific content indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.

Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, **best** describes the overall quality of the answer using the guidelines described in the level descriptors in the mark scheme.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark.

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

**The lower mark** should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

### In summary:

- The science content determines the level.
- The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response questions on this paper are 17 and 19(d).

# 11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

# **Marking Annotations**

Annotation	Use
BOD	Benefit of Doubt
CON	Contradiction
×	Cross
ECF	Error Carried Forward
GM	Given Mark
~~	Extendable horizontal wavy line (to indicate errors / incorrect science terminology)
I	Ignore
•	Large dot (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
	Highlight (various uses as defined in mark scheme)
NBOD	Benefit of the doubt not given
4	Tick
^	Omission Mark
BP	Blank Page
L1	Level 1 answer in Level of Response question
L2	Level 2 answer in Level of Response question
L3	Level 3 answer in Level of Response question

# 12. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

### INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	С	1	1.1	
2	С	1	1.1	
3	В	1	2.1	
4	С	1	2.3	
5	A	1	1.1	
6	A	1	1.2	
7	A	1	1.1	
8	C	1	2.8	
9	В	1	2.8	
10	В	1	2.1	
11	В	1	1.2	
12	В	1	2.6	
13	D	1	2.6	
14	C	1	1.2	
15	D	1	2.1	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		any three from:	3	1.1	
			<ul> <li>Max 2 from explanations</li> <li>1 (large size requires) transport over long distances / AW ✓</li> </ul>			MP1 ALLOW e.g. transporting water from roots to the leaves (in a tree) is a long way =MP1 + MP4
			2 diffusion too slow / diffusion distance too great / cannot rely on diffusion alone ✓			MP2 ALLOW diffusion is not sufficient to meet the needs of the plant or meet metabolic demand MP 2 IGNORE diffusion is not efficient
			3 low / small , surface area to volume ratio / SA to V ratio / SA:V ✓			MI 2 TORONE dilitasion is not emisient
			<ul> <li>Max 2 from examples</li> <li>4 (to) transport , water / ions , from roots to , cells / other parts of the plant ✓</li> </ul>			
			5 (to) transport , sucrose / products of photosynthesis / (named) assimilates , from , source to sink ✓			MP5 IGNORE glucose MP5 ALLOW correct examples of source and sink MP5 ALLOW e.g. amino acids for assimilates
			6 (to) transport (named) hormones produced in one part to site of action / AW ✓			
16	(b)	(i)	B = phloem ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE cambium
16	(b)	(ii)		2	1.2	Mark as continuous prose
			transport of , water / (named) ions ✓			ALLOW transport of (some) hormones
			(mechanical / structural) support ✓			IGNORE strength

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16 (c)	The feature (F) and explanation (E) must match max 2 for features and max 2 for explanations  F1: lignin / lignification ✓  E1: provides support / prevents collapse / prevents water loss ✓  OR F2: spiral (thickening) ✓  E2: allows flexibility ✓	max 4	2.5	Mark as continuous prose If reference to phloem is in incorrect context penalise once and then use ECF  E1 ALLOW waterproofing E1 IGNORE strength
	OR F3: hollow (vessels) ✓			F3 ALLOW no organelles / no cytoplasm / no end walls F3 IGNORE tube / named organelle e.g. nucleus
	E3: minimises resistance to flow of water / AW ✓  OR  F4: (bordered) pits / pitted ✓  E4: allows , passage / lateral movement , of water between, xylem / vessels ✓			E3 ALLOW allows water to flow freely / move as one (continuous) column  F4 DO NOT ALLOW plasmodesmata  E4 ALLOW allows passage of water into / out of xylem / vessels  E4 ALLOW e.g. allows water to move from xylem / vessels to cells  Examples: e.g. has lignin but no nuclei to allow water to flow freely = 2 marks e.g. is a vessel to minimise resistance to water flow and holes to allow lateral flow of water between vessels = 2 marks e.g. if F1 , F2 and E3 are seen within the response = 2 marks as feature and explanation do not match

16 (	(d)	<ul> <li>any three from: supports conclusion</li> <li>1 adding, mycorrhiza / fungus, increased dry mass AND phosphate content in (brb) mutants / AW ✓</li> <li>2 mycorrhiza / fungus, could stimulate growth of, extra roots / root hair cells in mutants ✓</li> <li>max 2 for MPs 3 to 7: does not support conclusion</li> <li>3 (however) dry mass / phosphate content (of mutants), is less than in wild type ✓</li> <li>4 adding, mycorrhiza / fungus, reduces dry mass / phosphate content, in wild type ✓</li> <li>5 no information about, (named) control variables / sample size ✓</li> <li>6 no (named) statistical test carried out / would need to perform a statistical test ✓</li> <li>7 idea that there is no information about other (named) ions required for increasing dry mass ✓</li> </ul>	3	3.1, 3.2		ora for <b>MPs</b> 1		
		data to support either argument 8 data to compare two sets of data for either dry mass or			Plant type	Mycorrhiza fungus added	Dry mass (g pot <sup>-1</sup> )	Phosphate content (mg plant <sup>-1</sup> )
		phosphate content / calculations from data ✓			<i>brb</i> mutant	no	0.84 ± 0.10	1.22 ± 0.13
					brb mutant	yes	1.23 ± 0.16	2.15 ± 0.25
					Wild type	no	3.57 ± 0.16	4.72 ± 0.23
					Wild type	yes	2.97 ± 0.36	3.91 ± 0.52

Question	Answer Marks AO element Guidance									
17*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of the In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recogniss Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, accommon award the higher mark where the Communication Stock award the lower mark where aspects of the Communication Statement determines the mark.  The Communication Statement determines the mark.	e and cr f the ans ver. ording to tatement nication	redit unexposwer, first of the <b>Comr</b> thas been Statement	ected approaches where they show relevance.) decide which of the level descriptors, <b>Level 1</b> , <b>Level</b> munication Statement (shown in italics): met.						
	Level 3 (5–6 marks)  An outline that includes chemical and physical property of water and example.  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3–4 marks)  An outline that includes chemical or physical property of water and example.  OR An outline that includes chemical and physical property of water.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and	6	1.1	<ul> <li>Indicative points include:         <ul> <li>Chemical properties</li> <li>polar molecule</li> <li>unequal sharing of electrons / dipole</li> <li>Hydrogen is delta+ / δ+ and oxygen delta / / δ-</li> <li>hydrogen bonds between water molecules</li> <li>hydrogen bonds / interactions are weak</li> <li>large number of bonds collectively strong</li> <li>drawn diagram</li> </ul> </li> <li>Physical properties         <ul> <li>lower density of ice than liquid water so ice floats</li> <li>ice insulates (water below) / ice freezes from top down</li> <li>cohesion</li> </ul> </li> </ul>						

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	An outline that includes either physical or chemical property of water or example.  There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.  O marks  No response or no response worthy of credit.			<ul> <li>(polar) solvent</li> <li>transparent</li> <li>Examples of how life is sustained</li> <li>habitat for aquatic organisms</li> <li>buoyancy / support for (named) aquatic organisms e.g. fish / seaweeds</li> <li>obtaining dissolved oxygen</li> <li>organisms can survive beneath ice</li> <li>ice is habitat for e.g. polar bears</li> <li>ice provides resting / breeding areas for e.g. penguins / seals</li> <li>allow transpiration stream</li> <li>allows turgor pressure</li> <li>allows hydrostatic skeletons</li> <li>lubricant e.g. pleural fluid</li> <li>allows movement on water surface for e.g. pond skaters</li> <li>cytosol of eukaryotic / prokaryotic cells</li> <li>medium for chemical reactions</li> <li>allows transport of dissolved substances e.g. glucose in blood / e.g. dissolved nutrients in oceans</li> <li>allows removal of metabolic waste</li> <li>allows light to penetrate</li> </ul>

Q	uesti	on		Answer			Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(a)	(i)	Final concentration of solution (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )  1.0  0.8  0.6  0.4  0.2  0.0	Volume of 1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> sucrose solution (cm <sup>3</sup> )  30.0  24.0  18.0  12.0  6.0  0.0	Volume of distilled water (cm³)  0.0  6.0  12.0  18.0  24.0  30.0  given to one	Final volume (cm³)  30.0  30.0  30.0  30.0  30.0  d.p. ✓ ✓ ✓	3	2.4	ALL 12 values i.e. both columns must be correct and to 1 decimal place for 3 marks  ALLOW for 2 marks All 12 values correct but incorrect number of decimal places  ALLOW for 1 mark One column with correct values regardless of d.ps i.e. either volume of sucrose or volume of distilled water
18	(a)	(ii)	if answer = 0.0 total uncertainty	ANSWER ON AN 6 (%) award 2 ma  7 = ±0.02 g   1.02 ÷ 34.23 (x 100)	ırks	<b>√</b>	2	2.4	ALLOW for 1 mark calculator value not to 2d.p e.g. 0.058428 / 0.05843 / 0.0584 / 0.058  ALLOW for 1 mark 0.03 (%) (calculated with incorrect total uncertainty)

C	\uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(b)	(i)	-1.5(0) / 3 <sup>rd</sup> replicate / 3 <sup>rd</sup> repeat , at 0.4 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )  OR  -2.9% ✓	1	2.8	If value not circled in the table, response must include 0.4 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) ALLOW anomalous result circled in the table ALLOW any value in the 3 <sup>rd</sup> replicate row for 0.4 IGNORE 0.7%
18	(b)	(ii)	Any two marks for one variable and one explanation  V1 temperature ✓  E1 (because temperature) affects the rate of , diffusion / osmosis ✓  OR  V2 type / variety / species / age , of potato ✓  E2 (because potatoes have) different , density / water potential / AW ✓  OR  V3 ensure enough solution to fully immerse potato cylinders / AW ✓  E3 so osmosis occurs across the whole surface of the cylinder ✓	2	3.3	variable (V) and explanation (E) must match DO NOT ALLOW two variables or two explanations DO NOT ALLOW shape as the question stem says 'cylinders'  E1 ALLOW temperature affects kinetic energy (of molecules) E1 ALLOW (temperature) changes or affects permeability of membranes  V2 ALLOW use peeled potato V2 ALLOW same potato

Q	uesti	ion		Ans	swer			Marks	AO element	Guidance
19	(a)							3	1.1	
				skeletal	cardiac	involuntary				
			contraction speed is slow			✓				IGNORE use of crosses / hybrid ticks DO NOT ALLOW more than 1 tick per row
			fibres are multinucleated	<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>			
			fibres are branched and interconnected		<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>			
			under conscious control	<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>			
19	(b)	(i)	actin ✓ tropomyosin ✓ troponin ✓					3	1.1	Mark first three answers even if on same line ALLOW correct proteins in any order
19	(b)	(ii)	X contains , myosi	n / thick fila	aments √			2	2.7	ALLOW dark or A band for X IGNORE actin
			Y contains (only),	actin / thin	filaments	S <b>√</b>				ALLOW light or I band for band Y
										IGNORE ref to H zone or M line or Z line

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
19	(b)	(iii)	light / I , band is smaller ✓	max 3	2.7, 3.2	ALLOW band Y (as labelled on diagram)
			dark / A , band remains the same ✓			ALLOW band X (as labelled on diagram)
			sarcomeres are shorter ✓			ALLOW Z lines closer together
			H zone becomes smaller ✓			
			there is greater overlap between actin and myosin (filaments) ✓			
19	(c)		Any two from:  ATP , is required to , break cross-bridges / detach myosin from actin ✓  actin and myosin (filaments) remain cross-linked / AW ✓  prevents relaxation of muscle / muscle stays contracted✓	2	2.5	ALLOW e.g. ATP is needed to break the links between myosin and actin so they remain attached = 2 marks

C	uestion	Answer Marks AO element Guidance						
19	(d)*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of the In summary: Read through the whole answer. (Be prepared to recognise Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer. Then, award the higher or lower mark within the level, accommon award the higher mark where the Communication Statement of the Communication Statement determines the mark.  The Communication Statement determines the mark.	e and cr f the ans ver. ording to tatement nication	edit unexpe swer, first d the <b>Comn</b> has been t Statement	ected approaches where they show relevance.) lecide which of the level descriptors, Level 1, Level munication Statement (shown in italics): met.			
		Level 3 (5–6 marks)  A description of source of ATP during strenuous exercise AND detail of both aerobic AND anaerobic respiration  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.	6	1.2, 2.5	Indicative points include Sources of ATP  • Free ATP in muscle cells / sarcoplasm  • ATP formed from creatine phosphate or phosphocreatine  • runs out in a few seconds / quickly  Aerobic respiration stated			
		Level 2 (3–4 marks)  A description of source of ATP during strenuous exercise AND either detail of aerobic OR anaerobic respiration.  OR  A description that includes detail of aerobic AND			<ul> <li>occurs if oxygen available</li> <li>oxidative phosphorylation</li> <li>greater yield of ATP</li> <li>delivery of O<sub>2</sub> to tissues does not meet demand</li> <li>O<sub>2</sub> is limited during strenuous exercise</li> </ul>			
		anaerobic respiration  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1–2 marks)			<ul> <li>Anaerobic respiration stated</li> <li>needed during strenuous exercise</li> <li>anaerobic only involves glycolysis</li> <li>ATP formed by substrate level phosphorylation</li> <li>net yield of 2 ATP / smaller yield of ATP</li> </ul>			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	A description of a source of ATP for muscle contraction OR detail of aerobic OR anaerobic respiration.  There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.  O marks  No response or no response worthy of credit.			<ul> <li>NAD regenerated so glycolysis can continue</li> <li>cannot continue indefinitely due to lactic acid build-up</li> </ul>

Q	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
20	(a)	(i)	any two from:  thermostat (to control temperature	2	3.3	Mark as continuous prose  ALLOW e.g. use heater or iced water to get water to (required) temperature or use thermostatically controlled water bath  ALLOW temperature probe
20	(a)	(ii)	any one from:  allows continual data collection ✓  less risk of error / remove human error ✓  allows for , easier / direct / immediate , data analysis ✓	1	3.3	IGNORE refs to accuracy / precision  ALLOW person does not need to be present  ALLOW e.g. description of experimental or operator error  ALLOW reduces bias or results not subjective
20	(a)	(iii)	<ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>1 to maintain (adequate) supply of oxygen / AW ✓</li> <li>2 so that fish can respire (aerobically) ✓</li> <li>OR</li> <li>3 to remove (named metabolic) waste products / AW ✓</li> <li>4 that could , damage / kill / be toxic to , fish ✓</li> </ul>	2	3.3	Mark in pairs e.g. either MP1 and MP2 OR MP3 and MP4  MP1 ALLOW e.g. maintains gaseous exchange or allows counter current flow across the gills  MP2 ALLOW so fish doesn't respire anaerobically

G	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
20	(a)	(iv)	P1 allow temperature to reach the required point before taking measurements ✓ E1 allow fish to acclimatise to the temperature of the tank / AW ✓ OR	Max 2	3.4	ALLOW e.g. any one precaution (P) or any one explanation (E) mark point but to get 2 marks (P) and (E) must match
			P2 use , appropriate / suitable , temperature range ✓			P2 ALLOW don't use too high or too low temperatures P2 ALLOW stated temperature range between 5
			E2 to avoid stress to the fish / oxygen solubility varies with temperature ✓ OR P3 idea of waiting for fish to calm down / adjust to the tank or new surroundings ✓ E3 because , stress / AW , can affect oxygen consumption ✓			and 35 °C
			OR P4 ensure correct , salt concentration / AW , of the water ✓ E4 because it is a saltwater fish / maintain			
			osmotic balance ✓ OR P5 maintain , optimum / correct , pH ✓			
			<b>E5</b> changes in pH can , damage the fish / affect metabolism ✓			
			OR P6 idea of removing other (micro)organisms from the , tank / water ✓			
			<b>E6</b> (micro) organisms remove oxygen from the water / may cause disease ✓			

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
20	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE	2	3.1, 3.2	
			If answer is 2.22 / 2.20 award 2 marks $Q_{10} = \frac{R_2}{R_1}$ 200 / 90 = 2.22222 correct values for O <sub>2</sub> consumption at 23 °C <b>AND</b> 13 °C $\checkmark$ correct calculation of Q <sub>10</sub> based on values from graph $\checkmark$			If answer incorrect then: ALLOW 1 mark if answer not given to 3 sig. fig. e.g. 2.22222  OR ALLOW 1 mark if you see 200 and 90 or 91 as the two correct readings from Fig. 20.2  DO NOT ALLOW if 170 is also given as this is the incorrect reading for 18°C.
			correct calculation of Q₁₀ based on values from graph ✓			

20	(h)	/ii\	Conclusion supported because	max 4	3.1, 3.2	
20	(b)	(ii)	Conclusion supported because	IIIax 4	3.1, 3.2	MD4 ALLOW and the formation to the formation 40 00 and
			1 larger increase in O <sub>2</sub> consumption			MP1 ALLOW smaller increase between 18 °C and
			between 13 °C and 18 °C ✓			23 °C
			2 idea that higher temperature / 23°C,			MP2 ALLOW reference to e.g. extra heating costs
			may not be economic / ORA ✓			
			may not be contained of the			
			Max 3 marks from MPs 3 to 7:			
			Conclusion not supported because			
			3 greater O <sub>2</sub> consumption may			
			indicate high metabolic rate (rather than growth rate) ✓			
			4 greater O <sub>2</sub> consumption may result in , more			
			food consumption / higher feeding costs ✓			
			1000 consumption / higher feeding costs •			
			F tames and times halout 42 00 and about 22 00			
			5 temperatures below 13 °C and above 23 °C			
			not used / only three temperatures used ✓			
			6 no indication of sample size used ✓			
			7 idea that there is no evidence of ,			
			statistical tests / replicates / repeats /			
			·			
			mean values obtained ✓			

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)	(i)	(a group of cells that) secretes / releases / produces , hormones ✓	2	1.2	DO NOT ALLOW excretes
			(directly) into the blood (stream) ✓			ALLOW doesn't have ducts / ductless
21	(a)	(ii)	(because digestive enzymes) are released into ducts ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW (because digestive enzymes) are not released (directly) into the blood
21	(b)		inside cells / in cytoplasm / in the nucleus ✓	2	2.1	
			because steroids can cross the , cell surface / plasma , membrane ✓			ALLOW can cross phospholipid bilayer
21	(c)	(i)	cortisol / glucocorticoids , regulate carbohydrate metabolism ✓	2	2.1	ALLOW helps regulate availability of glucose or ref to gluconeogenesis or glycogenolysis  IGNORE aldosterone
			lack of , aldosterone / mineralocorticoids , cause , low blood pressure / salt craving , as regulate ion concentration ✓			ALLOW for ions either sodium ions or Na <sup>+</sup> or potassium ions or K <sup>+</sup> DO NOT ALLOW cortisol
21	(c)	(ii)	any three from: ACTH only affects (adrenal) cortex ✓	3	2.1	ALLOW ACTH does not affect medulla
			adrenaline is produced by the (adrenal) medulla ✓			
			adrenaline is responsible for , response to danger / flight or fight response ✓			
			response to danger / fight or flight response , is also , mediated by / AW , (autonomic/sympathetic) nervous system ✓			DO NOT ALLOW parasympathetic

	Qu	esti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	1	(d)	(i)	can , differentiate / specialise , into ,	2	1.2	ALLOW for extra-embryonic e.g. placenta or umbilical cord or amnion

21	(d)	(ii)	any three from:	3	3.2	ALLOW use of descriptions for groups
			max 2 marks supporting conclusion from MPs 1 to 5			
			1 group 4 has a higher concentration of thyroxine than			MP1 ALLOW ORA
			group 3 ✓ 2 group 4 can produce thyroxine ✓			
			3 group 2 shows destroying thyroid gland lowers , concentration / production of , thyroxine ✓			
			<b>4</b> idea that group 4 produces almost as much thyroxine as , group 1 / control ✓			
			5 idea that if the anomalous result in group 4 had been ignored, errors bars / SDs, between groups 1 and 4 would overlap ✓			
			max 2 marks not supporting conclusion from MPs 6 to 11			
			6 group 4 mean is lower than , that of group 1 / control ✓			MP6 ALLOW ORA
			7 error bars / SDs , of groups 1 and 4 don't overlap ✓			MP7 DO NOT ALLOW range bars
			8 there was an , anomaly / outlier , in group 4 ✓			
			9 relatively small groups of mice / small sample sizes / larger sample sizes should have been used ✓			
			<b>10</b> group 4 has more mice which could affect , results / analysis ✓			MP10 ALLOW groups 1 to 3 have fewer mice than group 4 which could affect results
			<b>11</b> <i>idea that</i> thyroxine concentration may not be a measure of (differentiation into) functional thyroid tissue ✓			

21	(d)	(iii)	Supports less / no , risk of rejection ✓	2	3.2	IGNORE reference to ethics ALLOW no need for immunosuppression
			Does not support  (adult stem cells) may have accumulated mutations or iPSCs may increase risk of , cancer / tumour formation or may still carry the allele for hypothyroidism ✓			

Q	uestion	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
22	(a)			4	1.1, 2.1	DO NOT ALLOW more than one letter for each
		Structure or function	Letter			response
		chloroplast envelope	F ✓			
		site of light independent reactions	E ✓			
		inter-granal lamellae	D 🗸			
		contains starch grains and lipid droplets	E ✓			
22	(b)	RuBP / ribulose (-1,5-) bisphosphate	/	5	1.1	
		GP / glycerate (3-) phosphate / G3P ✓				<b>ALLOW</b> (3-) phosphoglycerate / (3-) phosphoglyceric acid / 3PGA / 3PG / PGA
		ATP ✓				ALLOW ATP and NADPH in either order
		NADPH / red(uced) NADP / NADPH <sub>2</sub> /	NADPH + H⁺ ✓			
		sucrose ✓				

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