

# GCSE (9-1)

# **Computer science**

Unit J276/02: Algorithms and programming

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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### **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
BP	Blank page
	Highlight
	Off page comment
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt
×	Cross
FT	Follow through
NAQ	Not answered question
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
REP	Repeat
1	Slash
<b>/</b>	Tick
TV	Too vague
0	Zero (big)
SEEN	Noted but no credit given

Que	stion		Answer	Mark	Guidance	
1	(a)		<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 3</li> <li>String</li> <li>Integer / Int</li> <li>Boolean</li> </ul>	3	Accept text / varchar for string. Do not accept character. Do not accept number/numeric for integer Accept yes/no, true/false for Boolean.	
1	(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 2 if not in correct order or additional statements given.</li> <li>SELECT StudentName</li> <li>FROM conduct</li> <li>WHERE Points &lt; 0</li> </ul>	3	Capitalisation does not affect the mark. Spellings of fields, tables must be correct.  Ignore brackets. Ignore quotes around StudentName, Conduct or Points. Mark quotes around 0 in WHERE clause as incorrect.  StudentName must not include space  Accept <= -1 or equivalent for 3 <sup>rd</sup> bullet point.	
1	(b)	(ii)	* / star / asterisk	1	Wildcard (*) must be clearly identified as the answer.  Do not allow any other SQL statements alongside this unless this is given as an example.	
1	(c)		<ul> <li>Selection(IF) used</li> <li>Comparing studentdata[3]</li> <li>with "TRUE" or "FALSE" // TRUE or FALSE</li> <li>Correct outputs ("sent" and "not sent")</li> </ul>	4	<pre>Example algorithm  if studentdata[3] == "TRUE" then     print "sent" else     print "not sent" end if  Bullet point 3 can only be awarded If an attempt is made at identifying studentdata (e.g. with the wrong index or no index). Do not allow simply comparing anything with True / False.  Bullet point 3 can be implicit.</pre>	

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance	
					Capitalisation not important.  "Sent" and "not sent" do not have to be exactly this – can be alternative message conveying same idea.	
2	(a)	(i)	• 2, 3, 4	1	All three numbers needed in the correct order (with no other numbers) for mark.	
2	(a)	(ii)	• 15	1	Accept 3 x 5	
2	(b)		<ul><li>1 mark per bullet, max 2</li><li>Sequence</li><li>Iteration / loops / repetition</li></ul>	2	Ignore spelling.  Do not allow examples (eg FOR loop / WHILE loop)	
2	(c)	(i)	<ul> <li>A (name/identifier for a) memory location</li> <li>used to (temporarily) holds/contains/stores data / value // is assigned a value</li> <li>that can be changed / possible to change (while the program is running)</li> </ul>	2	Do not accept "will change" for bullet point 4.  Do not allow "holds/stores <u>something</u> " or "holds/stores <u>information</u> " for bullet point 2.  Do not accept name / identifier without reference to a memory location. Do not accept "a value given a name" or equivalent.	
2	(c)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 2</li> <li>k</li> <li>p</li> <li>m</li> </ul>	2	Ignore capitalisation.  Correct answer only. Do not allow other code in answer.	
3	(a)	(i)	<ul><li>1 mark per bullet, max 2</li><li>AND / conjunction</li><li>NOT / negation</li></ul>	2	Allow Boolean notation.	

Que	Question		Answer		Mark	Guidance		
3	(a)	(ii)	A 0 0 1	B 0 1 0 1 1	Q 1 1 1 1 0		4	1 mark per row
3	(b)		A B OR gate Logic sy		uts // NOT gate on e with no other gate ad B.		2	First mark can be awarded if candidate has either a NOT gate from B, or an OR gate with two inputs anywhere in their answer.  Second mark is only awarded of the logic system as shown is given with no other additional gates.  Correct logic diagrams needed for OR and NOT, including circle on NOT. Use professional judgement. Ignore labelling.  No need to label Q output.

Ques	tion		Answer		Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	1 mark per filled gap, max 3	3	Ignore capitalisation.
			01 function librarycode(title, <pre>year</pre>		Allow <u>librarycode =</u> for 3 <sup>rd</sup> mark – this is an equivalent
			02 parta = title.substring(0, $\underline{3}$ )		in some languages for returning a value (eg. Visual Basic).
			03 partb = year.substring(2, 2)		
			04 <u>return</u> parta.upper + partb		
			05 endfunction		

Ques	Question		Answer		Guidance	
4	(a)	(ii)	Input title and year from user     Open bookcodes.txt     Call the librarycode() function     with the two parameters that match input values     write out code obtained to the text file     Close text file	6	Example algorithm  title = input ("enter title") year = input ("enter year") code = librarycode(title, year) myFile = openWrite("bookcodes.txt") myFile.writeLine(code) MyFile.close()  Note, pseudocode shown above is an example — candidates may answer very differently, but award marks if intention can be seen.  Bullet points 3,4 and 5 could be done in one line: myFile.writeLine(librarycode(title, year))  Do not award bullet point 3 if candidate is defining the function rather than calling it.  Allow bullet point 2 (opening text file) if correctly referred to during write operation.  Bullet point 3 must include brackets () to signify it is the function being called or indication that is being called.	
4	(b)	(i)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 2.</li> <li>Function returns a value</li> <li>Procedure does not return a value</li> </ul>	2	Allow "does not" for second mark if intention is clear (ie if it is obvious that the "not" refers to not returning a value).  Allow discussion of how returned value in a function can be used (e.g. to assign to a variable or to use this returned value in some way).	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance	
	<ul> <li>Answer</li> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 4. Mark in pairs.</li> <li>e.g.</li> <li>Breaks down / decomposes / modularises the problem / program // structures the program</li> <li>making it easier to design/create/test</li> <li>each subroutine can be tested separately</li> <li>Reuse code (in different programs)</li> <li>quicker to develop (new) programs</li> <li>build on existing work / use of a library of subroutines</li> <li>Avoid repetition of code (in the same program)</li> <li>makes program shorter / smaller</li> <li> subprogram called instead of copying/pasting.</li> <li> quicker to develop (new) programs</li> <li>Easier to maintain</li> </ul>	Mark 4	Maximum of two benefits with expansions to be marked as per question.  Allow other sensible expansions.  Allow expansions which cross over to other benefits (e.g. breaks down the problem / to make it easier to maintain).  Allow "can be called multiple times"  Allow "file size is smaller".  Do not allow "more efficient" without further explanation.	
	<ul> <li>as code is easier to understand/read</li> <li>as code is shorter</li> <li>as code is shorter</li> <li>as code is shorter</li> <li>same bugs will not have been copied to other areas of the program.</li> <li>Work can be split up in a team</li> <li>to suit developers' skill set</li> <li>to work on different subprogram at the same time / develop separately</li> <li>Allows for abstraction / removes complexity</li> <li>subprograms can be used by programmers who do not need to understand how they work.</li> </ul>			

Que	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance	
4	(c)	(i)	<ul> <li>List split into individual elements (may be done over several steps or just as a starting point)</li> <li>Merge individual elements into sorted lists of size 2</li> <li>Merge lists of size 2 into sorted lists of size 4</li> <li>Merge lists of size 4 into final sorted list.</li> </ul>	4	Candidates can describe how the merge sort would work rather than showing output values at each stage.  Ignore intermediate steps.  Do not give final mark for simply showing the list sorted. Must have the (correct) idea of where it being merged from previous lists.  Candidates' answers describing / showing other sorting algorithms (e.g. bubble sort, insertion sort) are worth 0 marks.  [POE12] [BAC97] [FLY77] [JAV16] [TAL86] [AND18] [ZAR09] [HOP86]  [BAC97 POE12], [FLY77 JAV16], [AND18 TAL86], [HOP86 ZAR09]  [BAC97 FLY77 JAV16, POE12], [AND18 HOP86 TAL86 ZAR09]	
4	(c)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 2.</li> <li>Faster/quicker (to sort)</li> <li>for large lists // for lists that are more unordered</li> <li>Has a consistent running time (for a lists of same length)</li> <li>doesn't depend on how ordered original list is</li> </ul>	2	Accept (correct) reference to big O notation for 2 <sup>nd</sup> mark on either mark point although this is beyond scope of GCSE specification.  Allow "more efficient" for BOD on first bullet point.	
5	(a)	(i)	• 1000 0100	2	1 mark per nibble. Mark right to left.	
5	(a)	(ii)	• B5	2	1 mark per hex digit	

Ques	Question		Answer		Guidance	
5	(a)	(iii)	1 mark per bullet, max 1.  • 00001101  • Divides by 4	1	Accept 001101 / 1101. Allow any number of leading zeros.	
5	(a)	(iv)	<ul><li>1 mark per bullet, max 2.</li><li>Left shift</li><li>one place</li></ul>	2	Do not accept answers that simply show the number shifted.	
5	(b)	(i)	a 1100001 e 1100101	2	1 mark per row. Correct answer only. Do not allow leading zeros.	
5	(b)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 2.</li> <li>Extended ASCII uses more bits // ASCII uses fewer bits</li> <li>Extended ASCII can represent more characters // ASCII can represent fewer characters</li> <li> by example (e.g. extended ASCII can represent European symbols / other languages)</li> </ul>	2	Allow numbers (e.g. ASCII has 7 bits, Ex. ASCII has 8 bits) for either bullet point but these must be realistic.  Bullet point 1 and 2 must be a comparison (e.g. "ASCII is 7 bits" is not enough on its own).  Do not accept answers that are technically wrong (e.g. "ASCII does not contain symbols such as ?, !, #")	
6	(a)		Will loop   Will not   loop   infinitely   v	4	1 mark per row.  More than one tick in a row = 0 marks for that row.	

Ques	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance	
6	(b)		<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 3.</li> <li>FOR loop used</li> <li>That outputs the counter variable</li> <li>loops 10 time</li> </ul>	3	Example algorithm  for i = 1 to 10     print i  next  Do not accept WHILE loop for first mark, although other marks can be accessed.  No need for next  If candidate manually increments counter within FOR loop, do not award bullet point 3.  Accept pseudocode that suggests looping 10 times, even if this may not function correctly in a specific language.	
7	(a)	(i)	<pre>1 mark per bullet, max 2. • else • print ("unknown")</pre>	2	Accept logically correct equivalents for else (e.g. elseif a!="LAN" and/or a !="WAN"). Do not allow elseif on its own  Accept other keywords for print (e.g. "output") as long as the intention is clear.  Accept other messages as equivalent to "uknown" (e.g. "not known" / "error"))  Message to be printed must be in quotes.  Allow "else then".	

Question			Answer		Guidance
	(a)	(ii)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 2.</li> <li>aimed at humans//understandable by humans / programmers</li> <li>English like structure / syntax</li> <li>Must be translated/compiled/interpreted (before it can be run)</li> <li>Allows programmer to deal with the problem instead of considering the underlying hardware // an abstraction from the hardware // hardware independent // portable</li> </ul>	2	Allow examples of keywords (eg IF / ELSE / WHILE) as 2 <sup>nd</sup> bullet point.  Do not award marks for naming languages such as Java , Python, etc.  Do not award marks for stating what a high level language isn't (i.e. describing what low level code is).  Do not allow "easy to use"  Do not allow 'has to be converted' without into what i.e machine code etc.
7 (	(b)		<ul> <li>e.g.</li> <li>Editor</li> <li>to enable program code to be entered/edited</li> <li>Error diagnostics / debugging</li> <li>to display information about errors (syntax / runtime) / location of errors</li> <li> suggest solutions</li> <li>Run-time environment</li> <li>to enable to the program to be run</li> <li> check for run time errors / test the program</li> <li>Translator / compiler / interpreter</li> <li>to convert the high level code into machine code / low level code / binary</li> <li>to enable to code to be executed / run</li> </ul>	4	One mark for identifying, one mark for describing. Accept description of a tool without (or with incorrect) naming of the tool.  Allow sensible descriptions which go across pairs or name other tools sensibly (e.g. editor / highlighting syntax)  Allow any sensible tool that an IDE provides (e.g. auto documentation, help tools, pretty printing etc.)

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	<ul> <li>Breakpoints</li> <li>to stop/pause program execution at a specific point</li> <li>Watch window</li> <li>to check contents of variables</li> <li>Stepping</li> <li>to execute program line by line</li> <li>Syntax completion</li> <li>suggests/corrects code</li> <li>Keyword highlighting / colour coding keywords / pretty printing</li> <li>colours command words / variables</li> </ul>		
8	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet, max 6.</li> <li>Initialisation of A, B and C as zero.</li> <li>Allows input (of anything) from the user</li> <li>Incrementing A, B and C depending on input</li> <li>Repeats bullet points 2 and 3</li> <li>stopping only when "END" is entered</li> <li>Prints out all 3 individual counts and prints calculated total count</li> </ul>	6	Example algorithm  acount = 0 bcount= 0 ccount= 0 vote = "" while vote != "END"  vote = input("enter A, B or C") if vote == "A" then

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
			Do not penalise for missing initialisation of variable used in the while loop or total (if used)
			Comparison with value inputted MUST be a string (e.g. if vote == A) is incorrect as A here is a variable, not a string.
			Answer can be any recognised algorithm – pseudocode, flowcharts, structured English, etc. Mark on whether the bullet points on the left hand side have been met. Does not have to match algorithm above.
			4 <sup>th</sup> bullet point (repeat) can be given for any sensible attempt at iteration.
			Use professional judgement on where loops end (WHILE / END WHILE or indentation).

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

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**Assessment** 

