

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

AS MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

Wednesday 16 May 2018

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

- You must have the AQA Formulae for A-level Mathematics booklet.
- You should have a graphical or scientific calculator that meets the requirements of the specification.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you require extra space, use an AQA supplementary answer book; do **not** use the space provided for a different question.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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13	
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16	
TOTAL	



Section A

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** Three of the following points lie on the same straight line.

Which point does **not** lie on this line?

Tick **one** box.

[1 mark]

$(-2, 14)$

☐

$(-1, 8)$

☐

$(1, -1)$

☐

$(2, -6)$

☐

- 2** A circle has equation $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 13$

Find the gradient of the tangent to this circle at the origin.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$$-\frac{3}{2}$$

$$-\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}$$



3

State the interval for which $\sin x$ is a decreasing function for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ **[2 marks]**

Turn over for the next question**Turn over ►**

- 4 (a)** Find the first three terms in the expansion of $(1 - 3x)^4$ in ascending powers of x . **[3 marks]**

- 4 (b)** Using your expansion, approximate $(0.994)^4$ to six decimal places. **[2 marks]**

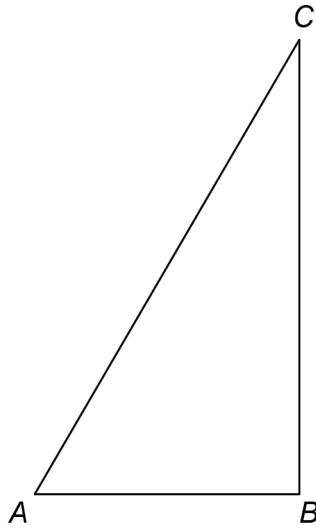


[5 marks]

[illegible]

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ABC is a right-angled triangle.



The area of $\triangle ABD$ is equal to half that of $\triangle ABC$.

Show that $\tan A = 2 \sin A$

[4 marks]

[illegible]

6 (b) (i) Show that the equation given in part **(a)** has two solutions for $0^\circ \leq A \leq 90^\circ$

[2 marks]

6 (b) (ii) State the solution which is appropriate in this context.

[1 mark]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



Prove that

[5 marks]

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Turn over for the next question

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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

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Turn over ►



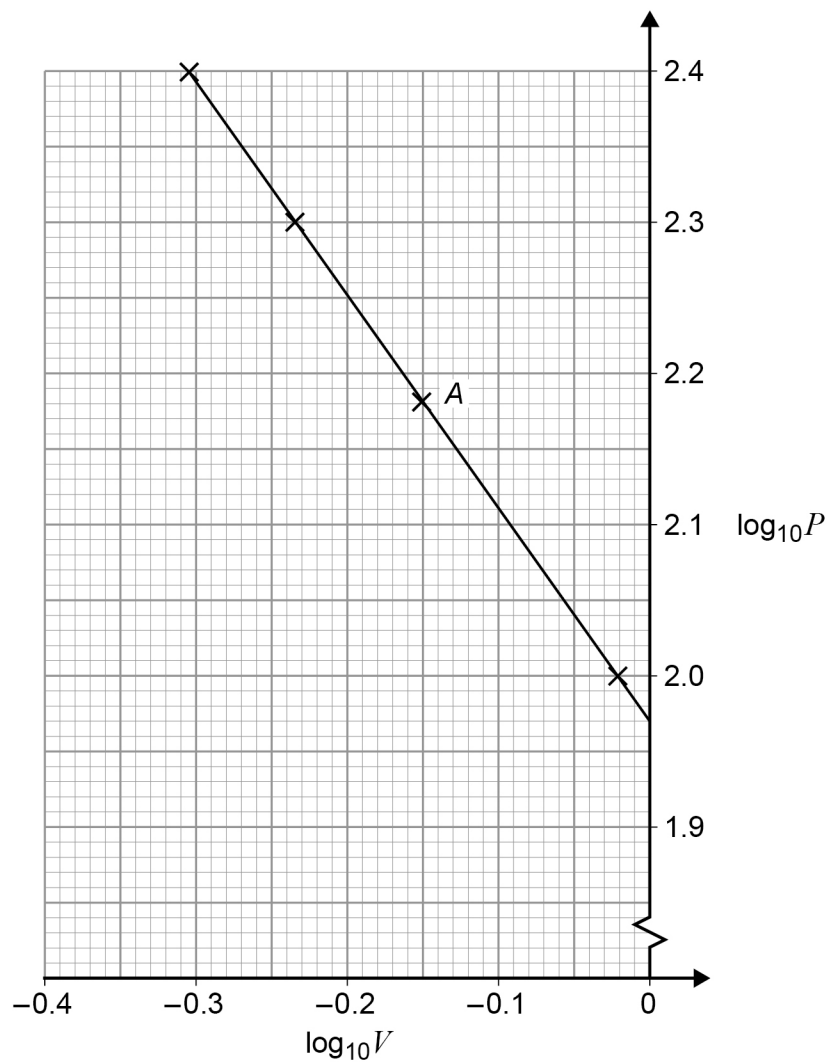
- 8 Maxine measures the pressure, P kilopascals, and the volume, V litres, in a fixed quantity of gas.

Maxine believes that the pressure and volume are connected by the equation

$$P = cV^d$$

where c and d are constants.

Using four experimental results, Maxine plots $\log_{10}P$ against $\log_{10}V$, as shown in the graph below.



- 8 (a) Find the value of P and the value of V for the data point labelled A on the graph.

[2 marks]



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[4 marks]

[2 marks]

Turn over ►



9 Craig is investigating the gradient of chords of the curve with equation $f(x) = x - x^2$

Each chord joins the point $(3, -6)$ to the point $(3 + h, f(3 + h))$

The table shows some of Craig's results.

x	$f(x)$	h	$x + h$	$f(x + h)$	Gradient
3	-6	1	4	-12	-6
3	-6	0.1	3.1	-6.51	-5.1
3	-6	0.01			
3	-6	0.001			
3	-6	0.0001			

9 (a) Show how the value -5.1 has been calculated.

[1 mark]

9 (b) Complete the third row of the table above.

[2 marks]



[1 mark]

[4 marks]

[illegible]

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[9 marks]

[illegible]

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Find the coordinates of the other stationary point of the curve and state its nature.

[2 marks]

Turn over for Section B

Turn over ►



Section B

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

11 In this question use $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

A ball, initially at rest, is dropped from a height of 40 m above the ground.

Calculate the speed of the ball when it reaches the ground.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

-28 m s^{-1}

28 m s^{-1}

-780 m s^{-1}

780 m s^{-1}

12 An object of mass 5 kg is moving in a straight line.

As a result of experiencing a forward force of F newtons and a resistant force of R newtons it accelerates at 0.6 m s^{-2}

Which one of the following equations is correct?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$F - R = 0$

$F - R = 5$

$F - R = 3$

$F - R = 0.6$



13 A vehicle, which begins at rest at point P , is travelling in a straight line.

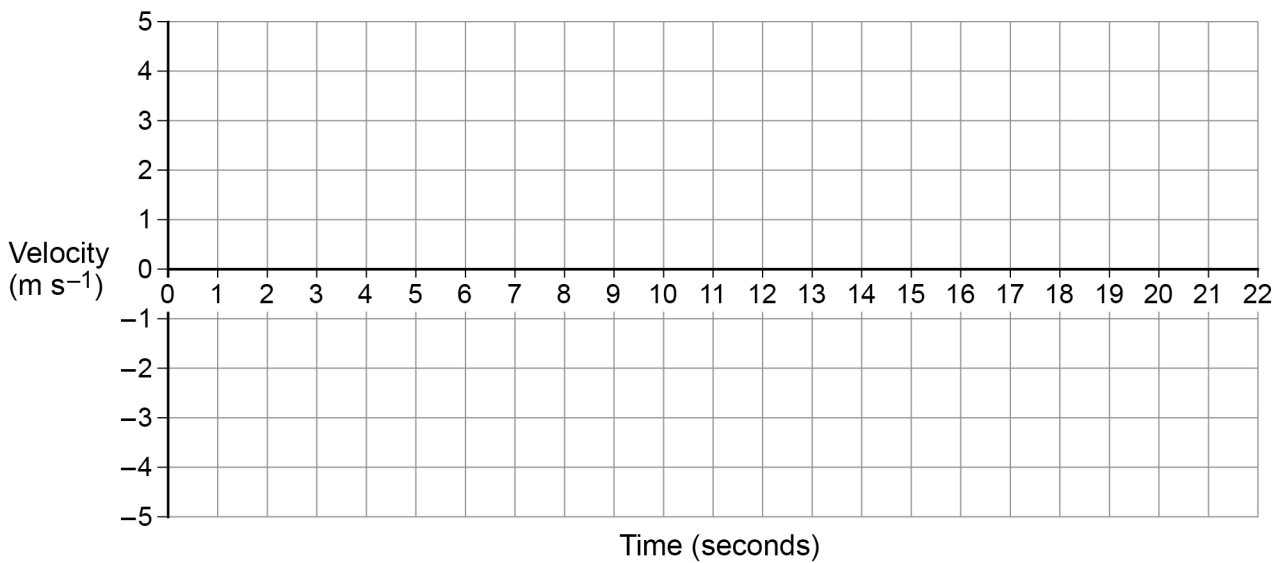
For the first 4 seconds the vehicle moves with a constant acceleration of 0.75 m s^{-2}

For the next 5 seconds the vehicle moves with a constant acceleration of -1.2 m s^{-2}

The vehicle then immediately stops accelerating, and travels a further 33 m at constant speed.

13 (a) Draw a velocity–time graph for this journey on the grid below.

[3 marks]



13 (b) Find the distance of the car from P after 20 seconds.

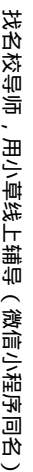
[3 marks]

Turn over ►

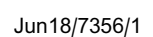


In this question use $g = 9.81 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

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[5 marks]

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14 (b)

State one assumption you have made in answering part (a).

[1 mark]**Turn over for the next question****Turn over ►**

15 A cyclist, Laura, is travelling in a straight line on a horizontal road at a constant speed of 25 km h^{-1}

A second cyclist, Jason, is riding closely and directly behind Laura. He is also moving with a constant speed of 25 km h^{-1}

15 (a) The driving force applied by Jason is likely to be less than the driving force applied by Laura.

Explain why.

[1 mark]

15 (b) Jason has a problem and stops, but Laura continues at the same constant speed.

Laura sees an accident 40 m ahead, so she stops pedalling and applies the brakes.

She experiences a total resistance force of 40 N

Laura and her cycle have a combined mass of 64 kg

15 (b) (i) Determine whether Laura stops before reaching the accident.

Fully justify your answer.

[4 marks]



15 (b) (ii) State one assumption you have made that could affect your answer to part **(b)(i)**.

[1 mark]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



The toy is initially at the point with displacement 3 metres from A . Its velocity, $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$, at time t seconds is defined by

16 (a) Find an expression for the displacement, r metres, of the toy from A at time t seconds.

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16 (b) In this question use $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

At time $t = 2$ seconds, the toy launches a ball which travels directly upwards with initial speed 3.43 m s^{-1}

Find the time taken for the ball to reach its highest point.

[3 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS



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