

Monday 15 May 2023 – Morning AS Level Biology A

H020/01 Breadth in biology

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

· a scientific or graphical calculator

You can use:

• a ruler (cm/mm)

* 9878287356

Please write clear	ly in b	olack	ink. l	Do no	ot writ	e in the barcodes.		
Centre number						Candidate number		
First name(s)								
Last name								

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has 28 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

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Turn over

Section A

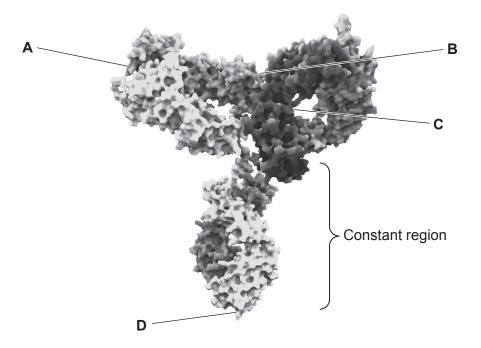
You should spend a maximum of 25 minutes on this section.

Write your answer for each question in the box provided.

- 1 Which statement describes a problem that has resulted from the increased use of antibiotics?
 - A Penicillin can no longer be used to treat infections.
 - **B** Rates of MRSA infection have increased.
 - **C** Some bacteria and fungi have evolved resistance to antibiotics.
 - **D** Viral infections can no longer be treated with antibiotics.

Your answer [1]

2 The diagram shows a computer model of the structure of an antibody.



Which part of the antibody, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, is an antigen-binding site?

Your answer [1]

3 Simpson's Index of Diversity (D) can be used to estimate the biodiversity of a habitat.

$$D = 1 - \left(\sum \left(\frac{n}{N}\right)^2\right)$$

Scientists calculated *D* for a grassland habitat. One year later, the scientists calculated *D* again for the same habitat.

The number of plants recorded from one of the species increased from 100 to 400. All the other values remained the same.

What would be the result of this change?

- A Species richness would increase.
- **B** The estimate of biodiversity would increase.
- **C** The value of *D* would decrease.
- **D** The value of *N* would decrease.

Your answer		[1
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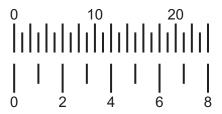
- **4** What is an example of *in situ* conservation?
 - A A botanical garden
 - **B** A breeding programme in a zoo
 - **C** A marine conservation zone
 - **D** A seed bank

Your answer [1]

5		giraffe is a species of mammal with the species name 'camelopardalis' and the genus nan affa'.	ne
	Wha	at is the correct format for the binomial name of the giraffe?	
	Α	camelopardalis giraffa	
	В	Camelopardalis giraffa	
	С	G. camelopardalis	
	D	Giraffa camelopardalis	
	You	r answer	[1]
6	Whi	ch kingdom contains species that are heterotrophic and composed of hyphae?	
	Α	Fungi	
	В	Plantae	
	С	Prokaryotae	
	D	Protoctista	
	You	r answer	[1]

7 A student observes xylem tissue under a microscope. The student uses an eyepiece graticule and a stage micrometer to measure the diameter of a xylem vessel.

Eyepiece graticule scale



Stage micrometer scale: 1 division = 10 µm

The xylem vessel has a diameter of 21 units on the eyepiece graticule scale.

What is the actual diameter of the xylem vessel in micrometres?

- **A** 7
- **B** 65
- **C** 70
- **D** 210

Your answer [1]

- 8 What is the pathway taken by a protein that has been made and is to be secreted from a cell?
 - A Ribosome \rightarrow vesicle \rightarrow Golgi apparatus \rightarrow cytoplasm
 - **B** Ribosome \rightarrow vesicle \rightarrow rough ER \rightarrow vesicle \rightarrow smooth ER \rightarrow vesicle \rightarrow plasma membrane
 - **C** Rough ER \rightarrow vesicle \rightarrow Golgi apparatus \rightarrow vesicle \rightarrow plasma membrane
 - D Rough ER → vesicle → smooth ER → vesicle → Golgi apparatus → vesicle → plasma membrane

Your answer [1]

9	Wha	at are the roles of the cytoskeleton in a human skin cell?	
	Α	Movement of the cell through its environment and providing mechanical strength to the ce	ell
	В	Movement of the cell through its environment and transport of organelles within the cell	
	С	Providing mechanical strength to the cell and transport of organelles within the cell	
	D	Supporting the cell wall and synthesis of collagen	
	You	r answer	[1]
10	Whi	ch feature is associated with a prokaryotic cell?	
	Α	Cell walls made of chitin	
	В	Extrachromosomal DNA that is circular	
	С	Linear DNA that can form plasmids	
	D	70S ribosomes present in endoplasmic reticulum	
	You	r answer	[1]
11	Whi	ch statement is a correct description of polymers?	
	Α	A polymer is broken down by condensation reactions.	
	В	A polymer is formed when two monomers bond together.	
	С	All polymers are classified as either a carbohydrate or a protein.	
	D	Some polymers are composed of several monomers that are similar in structure but not identical.	
	You	r answer	[1]

12	Asc	cientist analysed and recorded all of the chemical elements in one particular amino acid.	
	Whi	ich elements did the scientist record?	
	Α	C, H, N, S	
	В	C, H, O, N	
	С	C, H, O, N, P	
	D	C, H, O, N, S, P	
	You	r answer	[1]
13	Whi	ich description of the structure of a glucose molecule is correct?	
	Α	It contains 5 OH groups and has a C:O ratio of 1:1.	
	В	It contains 6 OH groups and has a C:H ratio of 1:2.	
	С	It contains 6 oxygen atoms and has a C:H ratio of 1:1.	
	D	It contains 12 hydrogen atoms and has a C:O ratio of 1:2.	
	You	r answer	[1]
14	Whi	ich description of the structure of cellulose is correct?	
	Α	Alternate α -glucose monomers rotate 180°	
	В	Branched polymer forms from β -glucose monomers	
	С	Hydrogen bonds form between coiled polymer chains	
	D	Straight chains contain 1,4-glycosidic bonds	
	You	r answer	[1]

15 Which nucleotide is shown in the diagram?

$$^{\circ}O$$
 $^{\circ}O$ $^{\circ}$

- A DNA nucleotide with a purine base
- **B** DNA nucleotide with a pyrimidine base
- C RNA nucleotide with a purine base
- **D** RNA nucleotide with a pyrimidine base

Your answer]	1
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- **16** Which statement is a correct description of the structure of ADP?
 - **A** A pyrimidine is part of its structure.
 - **B** It contains deoxyribose.
 - **C** It is a nucleotide.
 - **D** One phosphate group is present.

	7	
Your answer		[1]

A student investigates the effect of pH on the activity of the enzyme catalase.

Oxygen is one of the products of the reaction catalysed by catalase. The student measures the volume of oxygen produced over a 10-minute period. The student uses these data to calculate the rate of oxygen production.

Questions 17 and 18 refer to this method.

17 Which row in the table shows the different types of variables in the student's investigation?

	Control variable	Dependent variable	Independent variable
Α	рН	Temperature	Volume of oxygen produced in 10 minutes
В	Volume of oxygen produced in 10 minutes	Catalase concentration	рН
С	Temperature	рН	Volume of oxygen produced in 10 minutes
D	Catalase concentration	Volume of oxygen produced in 10 minutes	рН

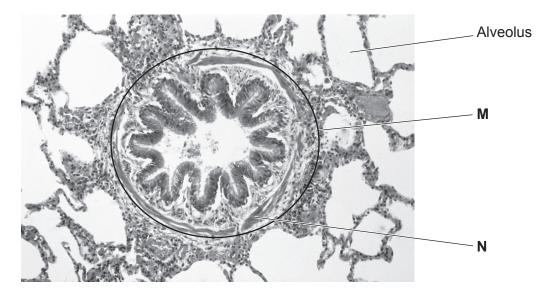
	You	ır answer	[1]
18	The	e student determines catalase activity by calculating the rate of oxygen production.	
	Wh	ich units of measurement are appropriate to show the rate of oxygen production?	
	Α	cm^{-3}	
	В	$cm^3 s^{-1}$	
	С	hdm^{-3}	
	D	$ m moldm^{-3}$	
	You	ır answer	[1]

19	vvn	ich statement is true of stem cells?							
	Α	All stem cells can naturally divide to produce a new organism.							
	В	Stem cells are differentiated and specialised cells.							
	C Stem cells are found only in early embryos.								
	D Stem cells in adult humans can divide into a limited range of cell types.								
	You	r answer	[1]						
20	Whi	ich of the options is an adaptation of a hydrophyte?							
	Α	A thick waxy cuticle							
	В	Fewer leaves, which results in a reduced SA:V ratio							
	С	Many stomata on the upper surfaces of leaves							
	D	Storage of water in parenchyma tissue in roots and stems							
	You	r answer	[1]						

11

Section B

21 The light micrograph shows a transverse section through human lung tissue.



(a)	Alveoli provide an efficient gas exchange surface because of their large surface area.
	State one other feature of alveoli that provides an efficient gas exchange surface.
	[1]
(b)	The human lung is part of the gas exchange system.
	Name the component of the gas exchange system in the circle labelled ${\bf M}$ in the light micrograph.
	[1]
(c)	Name the tissue labelled ${\bf N}$ in the light micrograph ${\bf and}$ outline its function in component ${\bf M}$.
	[2]

22	Fungal	pathogens	such a	as black	sigatoka	infect	plants
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Many plants produce the enzyme chitinase as a defence against fungal pathogens. Chitinase catalyses the breakdown of chitin in the cell walls of fungi.

- two amino acids in chitinase move closer together to form a hydrophobic region around the chitin substrate
- other amino acid interactions cause the active site of the enzyme to partially cover the chitin substrate.

(1)	Name the hypothesis of enzyme action that is supported by the mechanism observed in chitinase.
	[1]
(ii)	Explain how the mechanism of enzyme action observed in chitinase increases the rate of chitin breakdown.
	[2]

(b) A student investigates how the concentration of chitinase in plant tissue changes at different stages of fungal infection.

The student prepares a plant extract solution to be able to record the concentration of chitinase present.

(i) The student uses a volumetric flask to measure 250 cm³ of the solution.

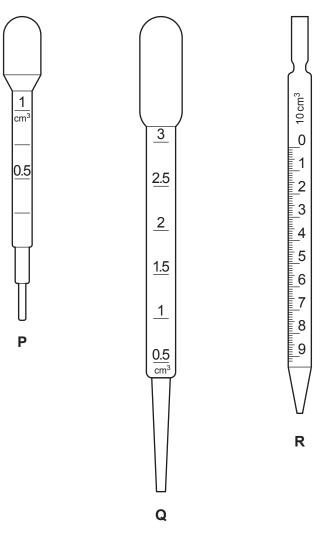
The volumetric flask has an absolute uncertainty of ±0.12 cm³.

Calculate the percentage error associated with the student's measurement.

Percentage error = % [2]

(ii) Using a pipette, the student transfers several 5 cm³ samples of the plant extract solution during their investigation.

The diagram shows three different pipettes, ${\bf P},\,{\bf Q}$ and ${\bf R}.$

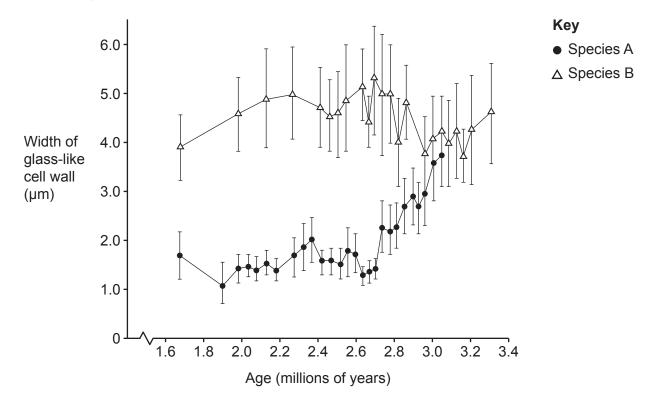


Explain which pipette, P , Q or R , would reduce the uncertainty when transferring the plant extract solution.
ca.

23	Thir	n lay	er chromatograph	y (TLC) can be use	• 14 sed to separate and identify amino acids.	
					roduces amino acids from polypeptides.	
						[1]
	(b)		diagram shows t ture of amino acid		that was produced when using TLC to separate a	
					Solvent front	
			Leucine			
			Valine ———			
			Serine			
		Asp	partic acid	5	Origin	
		(i)	Use the chromat	togram to calculate	e the Rf value of valine.	
					Rf =	[2]
		(ii)	Serine and leuci	ne have different R	R groups.	
				m, suggest what can be concluded about the os in serine and leucine.		
						[1]

- 24 The age of a fossil can be calculated based on its position in rock layers in the ground. Fossils of different ages can be compared to provide evidence of evolution and to help construct phylogenies.
 - (a) Diatoms are single-celled organisms that have glass-like cell walls, which can be preserved as fossils.

The graph shows the fossil record for two species of diatom.



	[2
Explain whether the data in this graph show evidence for evolution by natural selection.	

- **(b)** A student analyses the estimated ages of 16 species of diatom. The estimated ages show how long ago the species evolved from an ancestor. The student compares estimated ages from two different sources:
 - the position of each species in the fossil record
 - molecular and genetic data, which has been used to construct the current phylogenetic tree of diatom species.

The student tests whether a positive correlation exists between the two sets of data for the 16 diatom species using Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.

The student's null hypothesis is:

'There is no correlation between the estimated ages of diatom species based on the fossil record and the estimated ages based on molecular and genetic data.'

The calculated $r_{\rm s}$ is 0.979.

The student compares the $r_{\rm s}$ of 0.979 to the critical values in the table.

n	Probability (p)			
n	0.05	0.01		
14	0.4637	0.6264		
15	0.4464	0.6063		
16	0.4294	0.5824		
17	0.4142	0.5662		
18	0.4014	0.5501		

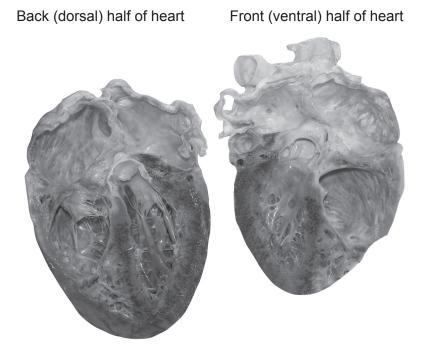
Explain what the student can conclude based on their $r_{\rm s}$ value of 0.979.
[3]

C)	Diatoms are members of the domain Eukarya.	
	Complete the sentences about domains using the most appropriate terms.	
	The process of sorting of organisms into taxonomic groups is called	
	Domains represent the highest taxonomic level; they are the groups that contain the large	est
	number of species. The number of kingdoms in each domain is different. The domain	
	Eukarya contains different kingdoms. The domains Bacteria and	
	both contain species from only the kingdom Prokaryotae.	[2]
		[3]

25	Cell	surface membranes are composed of many different components, including cholesterol.	
	(a)	Describe two roles of a cell surface membrane.	
		1	
		2	
			[2]
	(b)	The presence of cholesterol is one of several factors that affect membrane fluidity.	
		A student examined two different cell surface membranes. One membrane had a higher concentration of cholesterol than the other membrane.	
		The student concluded that 'the membrane with the higher concentration of cholesterol would have less fluidity than the other membrane'.	
		Discuss whether the student's conclusion can be supported.	
			. [3]

26 (a) Fig. 26.1 shows a dissected human heart.

Fig. 26.1



Draw a simple diagram of the front half of the heart shown in **Fig. 26.1** in the space below.

On your diagram, label the left ventricle.

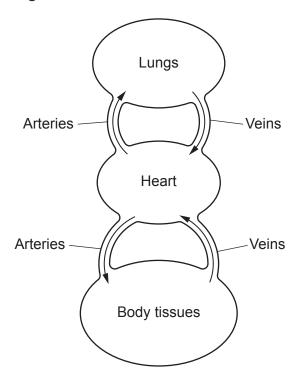
[3]

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(b) Birds have hearts with a similar structure to mammalian hearts.

Fig. 26.2 shows a diagram of the circulatory system of a bird.

Fig. 26.2



(i)	Describe the type of circulatory system shown in Fig. 26.2.
	[1
(ii)	Explain why larger organisms, such as a bird, need a circulatory system but some smaller organisms do not need a circulatory system.
	[2

(c) An electrocardiogram (ECG) trace from a bird and an ECG trace from a human have many differences.

The ECG trace below is from a bird.



Time = 1 second

Describe how the ECG trace from a bird is different from a normal ECG trace from a huma	
	[2]

27	Enzymes that catalyse the removal of CH ₃ groups from cytosine bases in DNA are called TET
	enzymes. The rate of transcription increases when CH ₃ groups are removed from DNA.

During embryo development, TET enzymes remove CH_3 from a large number of genes. This TET activity is essential for the development of embryos.

(a) (i)	Suggest how the activity of TET enzymes affects metabolism at both the cellular and whole organism level.		
	[2]		
(ii)	Vitamin C binds to TET enzymes and increases their catalytic activity.		
	State the role of vitamin C when it binds to a TET enzyme.		
	[1]		
(iii)	Intracellular and extracellular reactions are catalysed by enzymes.		
	The table lists three enzymes, including TET.		
	Complete the table to indicate whether the enzyme catalyses an intracellular reaction or		

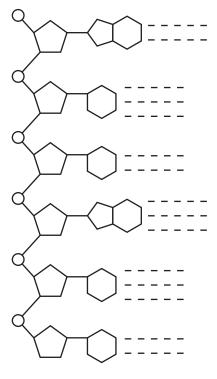
Tick (✓) one box in each row.

an extracellular reaction.

Enzyme	Type of reaction catalysed	
	Intracellular	Extracellular
TET		
Catalase		
Trypsin		

[1]

(b) The diagram shows a section of one strand of DNA.



Key

- - - = hydrogen bonds formed with base in the other strand

(i) Label a phosphodiester bond in the diagram above with the letter 'P'. [1]

(ii) TET enzymes remove ${
m CH}_3$ groups from a cytosine base only when it is next to a guanine base in the same DNA strand.

Identify a cytosine base that could have CH₃ removed by TET by adding the letter '**T**' to a base **in the diagram above**. [1]

(a) Four organelles are listed in the table below. 28

Complete the table.

For each organelle place a tick (\checkmark) in the box for a correct description and leave the box empty if the description is incorrect.

Organelle	A membrane- bound organelle	Found in both animal and plant cells	Has a role in lipid production
Rough endoplasmic reticulum			
Smooth endoplasmic reticulum			
Ribosome			
Mitochondrion			

[4]

(b) Starch and glycogen are polysaccharides. Starch is present in plant cells, and glycogen present in animal cells. Glucose is a monosaccharide present in both types of cell.				
	Outline how the different properties of glucose, starch and glycogen relate to their functions in cells.			

END OF QUESTION PAPER

25

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

must be clearly shown in the margin(s).			

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