

Foundation

GCSE

Combined Science Physics A Gateway Science

J250/06: Paper 6 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2022

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

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MARKING INSTRUCTIONS PREPARATION FOR MARKING RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *RM Assessor Assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal http://www.rm.com/support/ca
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **number of required** standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or the RM Assessor messaging system, or by email.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there, then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.

7. Award No Response (NR) if:

· there is nothing written in the answer space

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 3. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your team leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**If you have any questions or comments for your team leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or e-mail.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

- 10. For answers marked by levels of response: Not applicable in F501
 - a. To determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
 - b. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following

Descriptor	Award mark
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At bottom of level
Just enough achievement on balance for this level	Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Meets the criteria but with some slight inconsistency	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response question on this paper is **14**.

11. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
√	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science A:

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

For answers to Section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	A ✓	1	1.1	
2	D✓	1	2.1	
3	C ✓	1	1.1	
4	A ✓	1	1.1	
5	D✓	1	2.1	
6	A ✓	1	1.2	
7	B✓	1	2.2	
8	A ✓	1	2.1	
9	B✓	1	1.1	
10	A ✓	1	1.1	

Qu	estion	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
11	(a)	$^{238}_{92}$ U in first box \checkmark $^{4}_{2}\alpha$ AND $^{234}_{90}$ Th in second or third box	✓	2	2 × 1.1	ALLOW answers in either order ALLOW a for alpha symbol ALLOW Correct symbols in correct places with one or more missing or incorrect numbers for 1 mark
	(b)	Question What radiation is given out by atoms?	Radiation with a large range of frequencies. Radiation with a small range of frequencies. Only gamma radiation.	2	2 × 1.1	More than one line from a Question box CON
		detected by our eyes? One mark for each line ✓✓	Only infra-red radiation.			

Qu	estio	n	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
12	(a)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 30 (A) award 3 marks	3		
			Correct formula selected / 60 x 10 = 20 x current ✓		1.2	pd across primary x current in primary = pd across secondary x current in secondary ALLOW (current =) pd x current /20
			(Current =) 60 x 10 ÷ 20 √ OR (Current =) 600 ÷ 20 √ (Current =) 30 (A) √		2.1 2.1	ALLOW working using ratios e.g. Halving p.d. doubles current ✓✓
						IGNORE -ve sign
	(b)	(i)	8500 (W) ✓	1	1.2	
		(ii)	0.5 (kWh) ✓	1	3.2b	

Que	estio	n	Answer	Marks	AO element 2 × 1.2	Guidance
13	(a)		Order (from top to bottom): Lamp Vibration generator Tray of water Pattern of waves ✓✓	2		All 4 correct ✓✓ 2 or 3 correct ✓0
	(b)		Any one from: Speed of water waves has changed/decreased / AW ✓ Depth of water has changed/decreased / AW ✓	1	2.2	DO NOT ALLOW increase speed DO NOT ALLOW increase depth
	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 3 (no units) award 2 marks (Amplitude of) A = 1.5 (cm) OR (Amplitude of) of B = 0.5 (cm) \checkmark 1.5 \div 0.5 = 3 \checkmark	2	2 × 2.2	IGNORE units
			1.0 . 0.0 = 0			ALLOW 1 mark for seeing both 1.5 and 0.5
		(ii)	Any two from:	2	3.1b 2.2	
			Higher frequency gives a shorter wavelength / ORA√			
			B has a higher frequency (than A) / ORA√			A has a lower frequency
			B has a smaller wavelength (than A) / ORA ✓			A has a longer wavelength ALLOW B has twice the frequency and half the wavelength of A / ORA ✓✓ IGNORE references to amplitude

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
Question 14 *	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Description of renewables and non-renewables AND Detailed description of the trends from the graph AND Detailed explanation of the trends There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Description of renewables and non-renewables AND Description of the trends from the graph OR Explanation of the trends There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks)	Marks 6		AO1.1 – Demonstrates knowledge and
	Basic description of renewable and non-renewable energy sources OR Basic description of the trends from the graph OR Basic explanation of the trends.			 Using less non-renewables conserves resources More renewables used as non-renewables are running out

There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	 Renewables produce less/no CO₂ / do not contribute (as much) to global warming Non renewables produce more CO₂ / contribute more to global warming Pressure on government from people / environmental groups to use more renewable sources Use of nuclear decreasing as public worried about nuclear accidents / difficulty of disposing nuclear waste Coal reduction greatest as it produces (most) CO₂ / acid rain / ash Cannot totally remove the use of non-renewables as renewables are not reliable
	Gas used as coal replacement as it produces less CO ₂ / acid rain /ash

Qu	estion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
15	(a)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 14 (m) award 3 marks	3		
		84000 = 6000 x distance ✓		1.2	
		(Distance =) 84000 / 6000 ✓		2.1	
		(Distance =) 14 (m) ✓		2.1	ALLOW Correct rearrangement of word equation for 1 mark Distance = work done/force
	(b)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.75 (no units) award 2 marks	2	2 × 2.1	
		(Efficiency =) 6000 / 8000 ✓			
		(Efficiency =) 0.75 ✓			IGNORE units ALLOW 75% for 2 marks

Que	estio	n	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.75 (J) award 3 marks	3		ALLOW 0.8 J for 3 marks
			Potential energy = mass x gravitational field strength x height ✓		1 x 1.2	
			(Potential energy =) 0.05 × 10 × 1.5 ✓		2 × 2.1	
			(Potential energy =) 0.75 (J) ✓			ALLOW for 1 mark 0.5 x 1.5 x10 (=7.5) 0.05 x 15 x 10 (= 7.5)
	(b)		Kinetic ✓	1	2.1	
	(c)		Thermal ✓	2	2 × 2.1	
			In floor / surroundings ✓			ALLOW air/atmosphere
	(d)	(i)	0.63 (s) ✓	1	2.2	
		(ii)	Egg breaks /AW ✓	2	2 × 2.2	ALLOW Hits the floor
			And any one from: (large) force from floor on egg ✓			
			Deceleration/negative acceleration of egg (when hits floor) ✓			
			Large change in speed√			ALLOW completely losing speed IGNORE just losing speed
			Egg takes a small time to stop ✓			ALLOW stops quickly

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.4 (J) award 2 marks	2	2 × 2.1	
		(Kinetic energy =) $0.5 \times 0.05 \times 4^2 \checkmark$			
		(Kinetic energy =) 0.4 (J) ✓			

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	(Mistake – measure volume / use a balance) Correction – measure mass / find mass / calculate mass ✓ Mistake – (only) measure starting temperature / (only) measure one temperature ✓ Correction – measure final temperature / measure temperature change / calculate temperature change ✓	3	3 × 1.2	ALLOW mistakes in any order ALLOW corrections written on the mistake lines Note this mark is for the correction (no mark for the mistake) IGNORE use a measuring cylinder IGNORE add a lid
		(ii)	Any one from: Take repeat readings (and average) ✓ Add a lid / cover the top ✓ Stir the water ✓ Include the specific heat capacity of the saucepan in the calculation ✓ Use a digital thermometer ✓	1	3.3b	IGNORE in a closed system / same size saucepan

17	(b)	Any three from:	4	3 × 3.3a	
		Correct symbol for resistor (heater) ✓		1.2	ALLOW variable resistor symbol, so symbols
		Voltmeter to measure pd or voltmeter in parallel with heater ✓			ALLOW voltmeter to measure voltage IGNORE voltmeter to measure volts
		Ammeter to measure current or ammeter in series with heater ✓			IGNORE ammeter to measure amps
		(Stopwatch) to measure time / use a set amount of time e.g. 10 minutes ✓			ALLOW (stopwatch) to measure a unit of time e.g., minutes or seconds
		Any one from:			
		Power = potential difference x current ✓			ALLOW voltage or pd for potential difference
		Energy = power x time ✓			
		Charge = current x time ✓			
		Energy = charge x potential difference √			ALLOW voltage or pd for potential difference
		Power = (current) ² x resistance √			ALLOW energy = potential difference x current x time ALLOW symbol equation

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(a)		The nucleus contains protons and neutrons ✓	2	2 × 1.1	Each correct tick = 1 mark
			The nucleus has a positive charge ✓			Three ticks with two correct = 1 mark Three ticks with one correct = 0 marks More than three ticks = 0 marks
	(b)		As time increases, mass decreases / ORA ✓	2	2 × 3.1a	ALLOW inversely related / inversely proportional IGNORE negative correlation
			(Mass decreases) at a decreasing rate / decreasing gradient ✓			ALLOW at the beginning the mass decreases and then it slows down
						ALLOW marking points combined e.g. mass decreases at a decreasing rate / as time goes on the less the mass decreases / as time continues it loses mass more slowly = 2 marks
						IGNORE references to half-life or activity

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