

Foundation

GCSE

Chemistry A (Gateway Science)

J248/02: Paper 2 (Foundation tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2022

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

RM ASSESSOR

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: RM Assessor Online Training; OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are available in RM Assessor.
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the RM Assessor messaging system.

- Work crossed out:
 - a. where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
 - b. if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks – for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**
 - If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or email.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, using the Level descriptors to help you decide whether it is a strong or weak answer. The indicative scientific content in the Guidance column indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance. Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the skills and science content evidenced within the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, best describes the overall quality of the answer.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark:

The higher mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in italics) have been met.

The lower mark should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in italics) are missing.

In summary:

The skills and science content determines the level.

The communication statement determines the mark within a level.

Level of response question on this paper is Q22(c)

11. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

12. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
√	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Chemistry:

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	C✓	1	1.1	
2	C ✓	1	1.2	
3	A ✓	1	1.1	
4	D✓	1	1.2	
5	D✓	1	1.1	
6	D✓	1	1.1	
7	A✓	1	1.1	
8	C✓	1	1.1	
9	C✓	1	2.2	
10	C ✓	1	2.2	
11	A ✓	1	2.1	
12	A✓	1	2.1	
13	A ✓	1	1.2	
14	C✓	1	2.2	
15	B✓	1	2.2	

For answers to Section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)		A✓	3	2.1	2 correct ticks = 2 marks
			C✓			1 correct tick = 1 mark
			E✓			
	(b)		Alkenes ✓	1	2.1	
	(c)		Carbon dioxide ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW CO ₂ , but NOT CO ₂ / CO ²
			Water ✓			ALLOW H ₂ O but NOT H2O / H ² O
						Answers can be in either order
	(d)		Crude oil is <u>heated</u> as it enters a fractionating column ✓	4	1.1	
			The vapours get <u>colder</u> as they rise. ✓			
			The vapours <u>condense</u> to a liquid at different points. ✓			
			The separated parts of crude oil are called <u>fractions</u> . ✓			
	(e)		Idea that a finite resource is no longer being made or is being made extremely slowly ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW fixed amount / will run out/ limited supply / non-renewable

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
17	(a)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 7.62 (g) award 4 marks	4		
			$M_{\rm r}$ of HNO ₃ = 63.0 OR NH ₄ NO ₃ = 80.0 \checkmark		2.2 x 3	ALLOW whole numbers at this stage
			Mass of ammonium nitrate = $\frac{80.0}{63.0}$ x 6.00 \checkmark			
			= 7.619 (g) ✓			
			To 3 sig figs = 7.62 (g) ✓		1.2	
	(b)		Idea that there is only one product / no other product ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW mass of product [singular] is same as mass of reactants [plural]
						IGNORE 'nothing wasted' / 'nothing lost' / equal amounts of each substance / equation is balanced
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE	3		
			If answer = 61(%) award 3 marks			ALLOW % yield = (am ÷ pm) x 100 for 1 mark if no other mark awarded
			% yield = $\frac{4.0}{0.0}$ x 100 \checkmark		2.2 x2	
			6.6 = 60.6061 (%) ✓			ALLOW ECF [for simple mistake in otherwise correct calculation.
			To 2 sig figs = 61 (%) ✓		1.2	
	(d)	(i)	Phosphorus / P ✓	2	1.1	Answers can be in either order
			Potassium / K ✓			

Q	uestion	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(ii)	Any two advantages and any two disadvantages from:		4	3.1b	Mark the first two advantages and the first two disadvantages
		LABORATORY				It must be clear which is an advantage and which
		ADVANTAGES	DISADVANTAGES			a disadvantage, though look out for inferred
		Atom economy is 100% ✓	Batch ✓			judgements, and inferred change from one to the
		Titration – 1 stage ✓	Slow ✓			other eg 'whereas'
			Small scale ✓			
		ADVANTAGES Atom economy is 100% ✓	DISADVANTAGES Idea that H ₂ SO ₄ and NH ₃ made from raw materials – multi stage ✓			
		Continuous ✓				
		Large scale ✓				
		Quick ✓				
		Can make (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ from by-products of other processes ✓				

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(a)			1	1.1	
			To work out the potential amount of fuel used by the car.			
			To work out the potential cost of each stage of the life of the car.			
			To work out the potential environmental impact at each stage of the life of the car.			
			To work out the potential health & safety issues at each stage of the life of the car.			
	(b)	(i)	Petrol car ✓	1	3.1a	
			Diesel car			
			Electric car			
		(ii)	Petrol car	1	3.1a	
			Diesel car			
			Electric car 🗸 🗸			

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c)	Any two from: Melting ice caps ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW one umbrella term eg altered weather / climate change / global warming/ temperature of earth to rise
	Rising sea levels ✓ Oceans become more acidic ✓			ALLOW a consequence of climate change e.g. flooding / drought /
(d)	Idea that electricity can be generated from renewable sources e.g. wind / wave / hydro-electric / solar ✓	1	3.2a	ALLOW a consequence of more acidic oceans ALLOW 'renewable sources' ALLOW biomass / wood burning ALLOW oil/ gas/ nuclear arguments

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
19	(a)	(Aluminium) has low(est) density ✓ (Aluminium) will not corrode ✓	2	3.1b		
	(b)	Metal – copper ✓	3	3.2b		
		(Explanation) Any two from: Excellent conductor of electricity ✓ Only corrodes slowly ✓ Idea that the metal will not melt [if cable gets hot during charging] ✓		2.1 x 2		
	(c)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.25 or 0.25:1 or 1:4 award 2 marks Ratio = 165 ÷ 660 ✓ =0.25 or 0.25:1 or 1:4 ✓	2	1.2	ALLOW any simplified ratio consistent with 0.25:1 for 2 marks eg 3:12 or 11:44 ALLOW 1 mark for correct ratio wrong way round e.g. 1:0.25 or 4:1	
	(d)	Any two from: (Poly(chloroethene)) does not corrode ✓ (Poly(chloroethene)) has a lower density / lighter ✓ (Poly(chloroethene)) is more flexible ✓	2	2.1	ALLOW answers in terms of disadvantages of iron	
	(e)	(i) Idea that chloroethene does not contain carbon and hydrogen only / Chloroethene contains chlorine ✓	1	2.1		

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(ii)	H CI	2	2.1	ALLOW square or round brackets ALLOW 'n' in front of the brackets Second mark is dependent on first

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
20	(a)		(Carbon monoxide) is poisonous / toxic ✓ AND any one from: (Carbon monoxide) can cause difficulty breathing or suffocation ✓ attaches to the haemoglobin (protein) in red blood cells ✓ reduces the amount of oxygen that the blood can carry ✓ can cause drowsiness ✓	2	1.1	IGNORE harmful / dangerous / deadly ALLOW Reference to inhalation
	(b)		Any one from: [Erosion of] stonework ✓ [corrosion of] metals ✓ kills trees or kills [living things in] rivers / lakes ✓ breathing difficulties ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE 'rotting' of stonework / metals Destroys crops / plants die "destroys/damages ecosystems" "ruins habitats' not quite specific enough
	(c)	(i)	25 (%)✓	1	2.1	The quite speake energy
		(ii)	Factories and industry ✓	1	2.1	
	(d)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 3.0 / 3 (tonnes) award 3 marks M_r of NO = 30.0 OR N ₂ = 28.0 \checkmark Mass of NO = $\frac{60.0}{28.0}$ x 1.4 \checkmark = 3.0 (tonnes) \checkmark	3	2.2	ALLOW ECF from incorrect M_r values

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance

Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance	
21*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Applies knowledge and understanding to identify the elements in relation to their position the Periodic Table AND Describes their properties and reactivity of all three elements. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Applies knowledge and understanding to identify the elements in relation to their position the Periodic Table AND Attempts to describe their properties or reactivity. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Applies knowledge and understanding to identify the elements in relation to their position the Periodic Table OR Attempts to describe their properties and reactivity. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	6	3 x 1.1 3 x 2.1	AO2.1 Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas Identifies the elements in relation to their position in the Periodic Table and uses this to explain their properties and reactivity: • X is a Group 1 metal / X is sodium • Group 1 elements have 1 electron in the outer shell, which is easily lost (to get a full outer shell) • Y is a transition metal / Y is silver • Z is a Group 7 element or non-metal / Z is chlorine • Links metallic structure to properties • Group 7 elements have 7 electrons in their outer shell and gain 1 electron to get a full outer shell AO1.1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas Element X • Very reactive (with oxygen/air and water) • Reacts with Group 7 elements • Metal • Shiny when freshly cut • Soft • Low density / floats on water	
				Element Y	

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
				 Shiny when freshly cut Good conductor of electricity Strong Malleable Higher density (than X) Less reactive (than X)
				 Element Z Very reactive Reacts with Group 1 elements Gas Low melting point / boiling point

Q	uestion	Answer		AO element	Guidance	
22	(a)	$2H_2O_2 \rightarrow O_2 + 2H_2O$ Formulae \checkmark Balancing \checkmark	2	2.2	ALLOW any correct multiple, including fractions DO NOT ALLOW and / & instead of '+' balancing mark is dependent on the correct formulae but ALLOW 1 mark for a balanced equation with a minor error in subscripts / formulae e.g. 2H₂o2 → O₂ + 2h₂O	
	(b)	All points plotted correctly ✓ Line of best fit drawn ✓	2	2.2 1.2	IGNORE state symbols ALLOW ±½ square LOBF should omit the point at (20,16.5) ALLOW ECF from plotting for LOBF	
	(c)	Any two from: Idea that line for catalyst B is steeper ✓ Idea that more gas is produced in a certain time / idea that the reaction finishes in a shorter time ✓ Idea that catalyst B speeds up the reaction more (than catalyst A) ✓	2	3.2b	ALLOW the reaction with catalyst B is faster	
	(d)	Same volume or 50 cm³ of hydrogen peroxide in each experiment ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW same amount of hydrogen peroxide in each experiment ALLOW idea that catalysts only affect the rate (but don't change the amount of product made)	
	(e)	18.0 (cm³) ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW 18 (cm³)	

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance		
	(f)	Warm hydrogen peroxide to 30°C / place hydrogen peroxide in a water bath at 30°C ✓		3.3a	ALLOW idea of doing the experiment again at 30°C		
		Measure volume of (oxygen) gas every 5 minutes ✓ AND any one from:			ALLOW a different time period other than 5 minutes ALLOW idea of measuring the time taken to collect the gas ALLOW idea of placing the conical flask on a balance and recording the mass lost every eg 30s		
		Compare results (to results at room temperature) ✓					
		Idea that gas made quicker at 30°C / reaction finishes quicker at 30°C ✓			ALLOW idea that the time taken for hydrogen peroxide to fully decompose will be less at 30°C		
					MP3 is dependent on an attempt at describing an experiment		

Q	uestion		Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
23	(a)	Copper chloride ✓		1	3.2b	ALLOW CuCl ₂	
	(b)	Carbon dioxid	Carbon dioxide ✓			3.2b	ALLOW CO ₂
	(c)	Chlorine ✓			1	3.2b	ALLOW Cl ₂ but NOT Cl
	(d) Green-blue / turquoise / green ✓			1	1.2	ALLOW blue	
	(e)	Idea that copper is less reactive than carbon / ORA ✓			1	1.2	
	(f)				2	1.1	ALL 3 correct, 2 marks
		Alloy	Main metals	Uses			ANY 2 correct, 1 mark
		duralumin	copper and <u>aluminium</u>	aircraft parts			
		brass	copper and zinc	musical instruments			
		bronze	copper and tin	bells / propellers for ships / statues			ALLOW any sensible use for bronze IGNORE electrical wiring/circuits for bronze IGNORE 'parts' for cars or 'parts' for ships for bronze
				√√			DIONZE

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