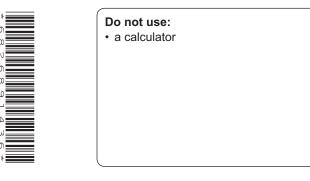


A Level Computer Science

H446/01 Computer Systems

Friday 16 June 2017 – Morning

Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes





| First name | |
|---------------|------------------|
| Last name | |
| Centre number | Candidate number |

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- · Complete the boxes above with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- · Answer all the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- · Do **not** write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **140**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended responses will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- · This document consists of 28 pages.



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Turn over

Answer all questions.

| An a | An architect firm specialises in designing skyscrapers. | | | | |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|
| (a) | The RAI | ne firm uses high end computers with high performance CPUs, GPUs and large amounts of AM. | | | |
| | (i) | Give one use the firm might have for GPUs. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | [1] | | | |
| | (ii) | Describe what is meant by the term 'RAM'. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | [2] | | | |
| (| (iii) | State one characteristic a high performance CPU might have. | | | |
| | | [1] | | | |
| (b) | Eac | Each computer has a multi-tasking operating system installed. | | | |
| | (i) | State the name of and describe two methods that the operating system can use to divide the contents of RAM. | | | |
| | | Method 1 | | | |
| | | Name | | | |
| | | Description | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Method 2 | | | |
| | | Name | | | |
| | | Description | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

1

[4]

| | (ii) | Explain, giving an example, why the firm's computers use operating systems capable of multi-tasking. |
|-----|-------|---|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| (c) | The | computers in the office are connected to a LAN which is connected to the Internet. |
| | (i) | The LAN is set up in a client-server network. |
| | | Give one advantage and one disadvantage to the architects' firm of a client-server set up rather than a peer to peer setup. |
| | | Advantage |
| | | |
| | | Disadvantage |
| | | [2] |
| | (ii) | The LAN is connected to the Internet via a firewall. Describe the term 'firewall'. |
| | | |
| | | [1] |
| | (iii) | State why the architects' firm would use a firewall. |
| | | |
| | | [1] |

| 2 A coach company offers tours of the | UK |
|---------------------------------------|----|
|---------------------------------------|----|

Oxford

Oxford

London

London

| (a) | A linked list stores t | he names of cities of | n a coach tour in th | ne order the | v are visited. |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| (4) | / t iii iitoa iiot otoroo t | | ni a ocacii toai iii ti | io oraci uio | y are viertea. |

| (i) | Describe what is meant by the term 'linked list'. | |
|-----|---|-----|
| | | |
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| | | |
| | | [3] |

Birmingham

Manchester null

Manchester null

(ii) The tour is amended. The new itinerary is: London, Oxford, Manchester then York. Explain how Birmingham is removed from the linked list and how York is added. You may use the diagram below to illustrate your answer.

Birmingham | •-

| [4] |
|-----|

The program stores records about its customers.

| (b) | Often an individual customer's record needs to be accessed. This is done by searching using the Customer ID. Explain why a hash table is better suited than a linked list to store the customer records, particularly as the company acquires more customers. |
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| | |
| | [4] |

A charitable organisation is trying to make the works of William Shakespeare available to more

| (a) | dow | organisation decides to make a copy of Shakespeare's entire works available as a inloadable text file from its website. It further decides to compress the file before making it ilable to download. |
|------|------|--|
| | (i) | State an advantage to the website's visitors of the file being compressed. |
| | (ii) | Explain why the company should use lossless and not lossy compression. |
| | | |
| | | [3] |
| (b)* | | organisation looks at using either run length encoding or dictionary encoding to compress file described in part (a) . |
| | | cuss the two compression methods and justify which you would recommend. You may r to the extract of text below to illustrate your argument. |
| | Wha | at's in a name? that which we call a rose |
| | - | any other name would smell as sweet; Romeo would, were he not Romeo call'd, [12] |
| | | |
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3

people.

- 4 A cinema offers discounted tickets, but only under one of the following conditions:
 - Customer is under 18 and has a student card.
 - Customer is over 60 and has ID which proves this.

Let:

A be Customer is under 18

B be Customer has a student card

C be Customer is over 60

D be Customer has ID

Q be Discount ticket issued

(a) Complete the Boolean expression below:

| \frown | _ | |
|----------|---|--|
| (1 | | |
| w | | |
| | | |

[3]

(b) The cinema has a voucher which promises free popcorn when the voucher is produced whilst buying a soft drink or bottle of water.

Let:

E be Voucher is shown

F be Soft drink is bought

G be Bottle of water is bought

R be Free popcorn given.

This could be written as:

$$R \equiv (E \wedge F) \vee (E \wedge G)$$

(i) Complete the truth table below.

| E | F | G | (E∧F) | (E∧G) | (E∧F)∨(E∧G) |
|---|---|---|-------|-------|-------------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |

| | | | | 0 0 | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|--------|----------|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|------------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | [4] |
| | (ii) | Simpli | fy the e | express | sion | | | | | | |
| | | (E∧F) | ∨ (E∧G |)) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | [2] |
| film | 5 da | | ore the | relea | se date via | as digitally. A a a private d | | | | | |
| (c) | Des earl | | ne tec | hnical | measure t | he studio co | uld use to | o ensure | that films | are not sl | hown |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 5 | (a) | Below is part of a program written using the Little Man Computer instruction set. This section |
|---|-----|--|
| | | of code can exit by either jumping to the code labelled pass or fail depending on what |
| | | value is in the accumulator when the code is run. |

| test | SUB | ten |
|------|-----|------|
| | BRZ | pass |
| | BRP | test |
| | BRA | fail |
| | | |
| ten | DAT | 10 |

| (i) | Explain what the line ten DAT 10 does. |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

(ii) Complete the table below determining whether the program branches to pass or fail given the following values in the Accumulator when it is run.

| Starting value in Accumulator | pass or fail |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 29 | |
| 30 | |
| 31 | |

[3]

| (b) | The c | omplete p | rogram is shown | below: | | | | |
|-----|-------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------|
| | main | INP STA BRA | entry test | | | | | |
| | fail | LDA ADD BRA | entry one main | | | | | |
| | test | SUB BRZ BRP | ten pass test fail | | | | | |
| | pass | BRA LDA OUT HLT | entry | | | | | |
| | entr ten | DAT | 10 | | | | | |
| | | DAT Give one incommunications Communications Communications | instruction in the or. | e program tha | it when exe | cuted, chan | ges the value | e in the |
| | | Give one in | struction in the p | rogram that wh | | | | |
| (| (iii) S | State the v | alue the code ou | tputs for the in | | | | [1] |
| (| (iv) S | State the v | alue the code ou | | | | | [1] |
| | | | | | | | | [1] |
| | (v) [| escribe th | e purpose of the | program. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

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Turn over

| 6 | (a) | (i) | Convert the denary number 188 to an unsigned 8-bit binary number. |
|---|-----|------|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | (ii) | Convert the denary number 188 to hexadecimal. |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [1] |
| | (b) | (i) | Convert the denary number -44 to an 8-bit binary number with sign and magnitude representation. |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | Convert the denary number -44 to an 8-bit binary number with two's complement representation. |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [1] |
| | (c) | Exp | lain how, using bit shift, the unsigned binary number 00101100 can be divided by 4. |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | 101 |

| (d) | Demonstrate subtraction on the two numbers below, both stored in normalised floating point format, using 6 bits for their mantissa and 4 for their exponent. Show the result in the same format. Show your working. |
|-----|---|
| | 010010 0100 - 010010 0010 |
| | |
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| | roz |

- 7 A web forum stores all its content in a database.
 - (a) The forum stores details of its users in the table called Users. An extract of Users is shown below.

| userID | username | passwordHash | locked |
|--------|----------|----------------------------------|--------|
| 1 | Zeus | 8dfa46a79248037752bba6166fcb34f8 | 1 |
| 2 | Hera | 74d39d60507eb55e000c6ec5c1265891 | 0 |
| 3 | Poseidon | b015d770d0208ddcce2c2c719fe29371 | 0 |

| | Des | cribe what is meant by the term 'primary key', giving an example from the table above. |
|-----|------|--|
| | | [2] |
| (b) | | user's password is passed to a function that generates a hash and the result is stored in swordHash. |
| | (i) | Describe what is meant by the term 'hash'. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Describe one advantage to storing the password as a hash. |
| | | |
| | | |
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| | | 101 |

| (c) | Write an SQL statement to get just the passwordHash and locked values of the user Apollo. |
|-----|--|
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| | [3] |
| (d) | Sometimes users can have their accounts locked if they behave inappropriately. When this is the case the $locked$ field is set to 1 rather than 0. |
| | Write an SQL statement that locks the account of the user Hades |
| | |
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| | [3] |

| (e) | The function <code>checkAccess</code> takes in the password the user has entered (<code>givenPassword</code>) along with the password hash (<code>passwordHash</code>) and locked value (<code>locked</code>). |
|-----|---|
| | <code>passwordHash</code> and <code>locked</code> have already been extracted from the database before being passed to the function. It should return the value <code>true</code> if a user should be allowed access to a system and <code>false</code> if they aren't. |
| | Your function should make use of the pre-written function $hash()$ which takes in a string and returns the hash of that string. |
| | e.g. |
| | hash("Hello") returns f7ff9e8b7bb2e09b70935a5d785e0cc5d9d0abf0 |
| | Complete the function checkAccess. |
| | function checkAccess(givenPassword, passwordHash, locked) |
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[4]

endfunction

| Discus | ss whether c | or not you agr | ee with this s | tatement. | | |
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9 A website contains the following HTML:

```
<html>
<head>
   <title>Boris' Cake Shop</title>
   <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
   <h1>Boris' Cake Shop</h1>
   Welcome to Boris' cake shop.
      <script>
         var hour = new Date().getHours();//gets the hour value of the
current time
         if (hour>9 && hour<17)
            document.write("We are currently open.");
         else
            document.write("We are closed, come visit us when we are
open (09:00 - 17:00).");
      </script>
   <div class="customerQuote">
      Boris makes the best cupcakes I have ever tasted.
   </div>
</body>
</html>
(a) Explain the difference between a HTML id attribute and a HTML class attribute.
```

| | (iii) | Give one disadvantage of this code being run client side rather than server side. |
|-------|-------|---|
| | | |
| | (ii) | Explain how this bug can be fixed. |
| | | ne users have reported that there is a bug and the site says the shop is closed when they on between 9 and 10 in the morning. |
| | 0 | [1] |
| | (i) | State the name of the language used between the script tags. |
| (-) | | p's opening hours of 09:00 and 17:00. |
| (c) | The | code between the script tags is supposed to display a different message during the |
| | | |
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| | | |
| | Writ | te the code that should go in style.css to give this formatting. |
| | The | introduction text should be dark red (using the named colour darkRed). |
| | | customer quote should be on a background with the colour E8C3E1. |
| (-) | | t between h1 tags should be in the font Arial. |
| (b) | The | html file is linked to the CSS file style.css |

| 10 | Asc | oftware development team is writing a word game. | | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | The team is using Rapid Application Development. | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Describe the Rapid Application Development process. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | [4] | | | | | | | |
| | lette | yers are given 10 random letters and asked to find the largest word they can make from those ers. Each letter can only be used once. The length of the word determines the number of points arded. e.g. a word with 6 letters would mean 6 points are awarded. | | | | | | | |
| | play from doe | function validateAnswer takes in the randomLetters as an array of letters and the ver's answer as a string. It then checks if the word the player has entered only contains letters in the 10 random letters with each letter being used only once. (At this stage the program sn't check if the answer provided is an actual word.) It then returns a score, out of 10, for a d word or 0 for an invalid word. | | | | | | | |
| | Exa | mple | | | | | | | |
| | If th | e random letters are | | | | | | | |
| | OPX | CCMURETN | | | | | | | |
| | The | word COMPUTER returns 8 | | | | | | | |
| | Whe | ereas | | | | | | | |
| | The | word POST returns 0 (there is no S in the random letters). | | | | | | | |
| | And | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

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The word ${\tt RETURN}$ returns 0 (there is only one R in the random letters).

| | 21 |
|-----|---|
| (b) | Complete the function validateAnswer |
| | <pre>function validateAnswer(answer, randomLetters[])</pre> |
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| | endFunction |

(c) Code is to be added to check if the word is an actual English word. All English words are stored in a binary search tree.

Give **one** advantage of storing the words in a binary search tree over an array.

[1]

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[6]

(d) The software team use a prebuilt library to create the Graphical User Interface.

| (i) | Give two advantages to the software team of using a library. |
|-----|---|
| | 1 |
| | |
| | 2 |
| | [2] |

| лагу в | ecomes | s part o | T the Til | nsnea | progra | ım, jusi | lifying \ | wny ea | cn stag | je is n | ecessary |
|--------|--------|----------|-----------|-------|--------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|----------|
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11 A half adder has the truth table shown below:

| Α | В | Sum | Carry |
|---|---|-----|-------|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

(a) Draw a half adder using logic gates.

[3]

(b) Draw the logic gates represented by the Karnaugh Map below. Show your working.

| | AB | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| | | 00 | 01 | 11 | 10 | |
| | 00 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| CD | 01 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | |

[4]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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