

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Physics (1SC0) Paper 1PF

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word			
Strand Element		Describe	Explain		
A01*		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required		
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)		
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description			
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning		
AO3	3a	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment			
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning		

^{*}there will be situations where an AO1 question will include elements of recall of knowledge directly from the specification (up to a maximum of 15%). These will be identified by an asterisk in the mark scheme.

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (a) (i)	type of radiation use of radiation		(3) AO1
	satellite transmission disinfecting water visible light colour photography microwaves scanning for broken bones ultraviolet thermal imaging	award one mark for each correct line up to three marks reject for a mark two lines starting or ending at the same box	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1	C ultraviolet	(1) AO1
(a)(ii)	A (infrared), B (microwaves) and D (visible light) all have frequencies below that of ultraviolet	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b)(i)	an explanation linking (X-rays/they) pass through/penetrate (the bags/cases) (1)	accept see through	(2) AO1
	to see contents/to show objects of greater density (1)	accept look/see inside accept see contents/check inside	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1	an explanation linking		(2)
(b)(ii)	X-rays/they are ionising (1)	accept harmful/dangerous accept a description of ionising accept high energy accept kill/damage cells	AO2
	cause cancer/mutations (of cells/DNA) (1)		

Total for question 1 = 8mark

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2	B QR (horizontal line)	(1)
(a (i))		AO3
	A PQ is incorrect it shows constant acceleration	
	C RS is incorrect it shows constant acceleration	
	D ST is incorrect it shows constant deceleration	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2 (a)(ii)	A PQ (steeper slope shows greater acceleration) B QR is incorrect it shows zero acceleration	(1) AO3
	C RS is incorrect as slope is less steep than for PQ D ST is incorrect as the slope is less steep than for PQ and shows deceleration	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
2	substitution (1)		(2)
(a)(iii)	(a=) <u>15(-0)</u>	15 seen	AO3
	10		
		allow 10 divided by any number between 6 and 7 for this mark	
	evaluation (1) 1.5 (m/s²)		
		award full marks for the	
		correct answer with no	
		working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a)(iv)	indication that distance travelled = area under graph (1)	may be seen on graph accept distance = speed x time ignore speed = <u>distance</u> time	(3) AO3
	substitution (1) (distance travelled =) 10 x 15 evaluation (1) 150 (m)	award full marks for the correct answer with no working award 2 marks for 10 x 15 seen anywhere if no other marks awarded, 1 mark for use of 15 (m/s) or 10 (s)	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)	substitution (1)		(2)
	(F=) 1200 x 2.4		AO2
	evaluation (1) 2900 (N)	accept 2880 (N)	
	2300 (14)	(II)	
		award one mark for power of	
		ten error	
		award full marks for the	
		correct answer with no	
		working	

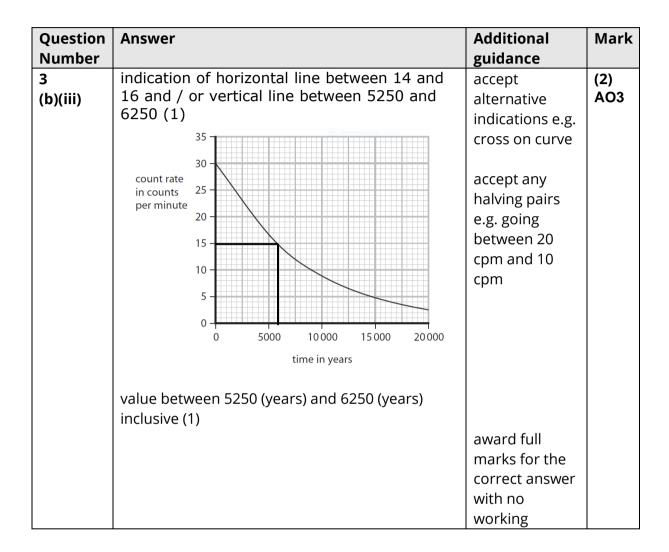
Question Number	Answe	er			Mark
3			-		(1)
a (i)	_	1	+1		AO1
	C	·		-	
	B is inc	correct the prot correct the prot correct the prof	on has a m		

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 a(ii)	substitution (1) ratio = $\frac{10^{-10}}{10^{-15}}$	10 ⁻¹⁰ : 10 ⁻¹⁵	(2) AO2
	evaluation (1) 10 ⁵	accept suitable equivalent ratios e.g. 1 x 10 ⁵ : 1 1: 10 ⁻⁵ or 10 ⁵ : 1 1: 0.00001 or 100000:1 allow 1 mark for inverted ratios e.g. 10 ⁻¹⁵ : 10 ⁻¹⁰ 0.00001:1 or 1:100000	
		award full marks for the correct answer with no working	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 a(iii)	an explanation linking		(2) AO1
	same number / amount of (1)	equal number / amount of	
		allow balanced (number / amount of)	
	electrons and protons (1)	negative and positive charges ignore (neutral) neutrons	
		reject positive/negative neutrons for 2 nd marking point	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
3 (b)(i)	6 / six		(1) AO1

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b)ii	8 / eight		(1) AO2



Total for question 3 = 9 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4	B the line shows the amplitude	(1)
(a)(i)		AO1
	A is incorrect the line shows twice the amplitude	
	C is incorrect the line shows half the wavelength	
	D is incorrect the line shows the wavelength	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (a)(ii)	an explanation linking		(2) AO1
	vibration/oscillation (1)		
	perpendicular / at right angles / 90° (to the direction of travel of the wave/direction of energy transfer) (1)	accept up and down	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b)(i)	a description including		(2) AO1
	count the number of		
	waves/ripples (1)		
	(that pass a point) in a certain time (1)		
	OR		
	measure the time for a certain number of waves/ripples (1)		
	use of f = 1/T (1)		
		accept use of numerical values	
		calculate the number of waves that pass the point in a second scores 2 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b)(ii)	a description including any two from		(2) AO1
	the waves/ripples are made to look stationary (1)	using camera, video, strobe light, stroboscope, mobile, phone, photo(graph)	
	measure the distance across a number of waves/wave fronts/ripples (1)	accept measure the distance across a number of lines	
	calculate the wavelength from the measurements (1)	divide distance by the number of waves/ripples	
		accept the idea of measuring the distance between one wave/ripple/line and another (successive) wave/ripple/line for 2 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4	substitution (1)		(3)
(c)	0.8 =f x 4.0	(f =) <u>0.8</u> 4.0	AO2
		allow correct substitution into seen incorrect rearrangement	
	rearrangement and evaluation (1) 0.2 (Hz)		
		award 2 marks for the correct answer with no working	
	unit (1)		
	Hz / s ⁻¹ / per sec	accept hz or hertz independent mark accept recognisable spelling	

Total for question 4= 10marks

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)	B distance		(1) AO1
	A,C , and D are incorrect as these are vector quantities		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b)(i)	A description to include any 4 from:		(4) AO1
	measure height (1)	allow 'keep same height' allow in this context hold against (fixed point) on metre rule	
	measure time of fall (1)	allow 'time it'	
	use (average) speed = distance /time (1)		
	repeat with different number of cupcake cases in the stack/more cupcake cases (1)	accept cupcakes for cupcake cases	
	repeat and average time (of fall for each stack of cupcake cases) (1)		
	plot a graph (speed of fall against number of cupcake cases dropped) (1)		

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
5	substitution (1)		(2)
(b)(ii)	(W=)0.005 x 10		AO2
	evaluation (1)		
	0.05 (N)	5 x 10 ⁻² (N)	
		do not allow power of ten error	
		award full marks for the correct	
		answer with no working	
		give full credit for use of g=9.8 or	
		9.81 N/kg	

114111441	Question number
judge by eye any vertical upward arrow outside or inside the cupcake case ignore length of arrow arrow need not touch cupcake holder ignore label on arrow	_

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b) (iv)	zero / there is none / 0 / it has no acceleration	ignore 'constant'	(1) AO2
		ignore units	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	substitution (1) (change in velocity=) 3 x 7		(2) AO2
	evaluation (1) 21 (m/s)	award full marks for the correct	
		answer with no working	

Total for question 5 = 11 marks

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
6	substitution (1)		(3)
(a)(i)	11 = 0.42 x 10 x Δh	accept substitution and	AO2
		rearrangement in either order	
	rearrangement (1)	J	
	(Δh =) <u>11</u>	(Δh =) <u>ΔGPE</u>	
	0.42×10	m x g	
	evaluation (1)		
	2.6 (m)	accept any value which rounds	
		to 2.6 (m)	
		award 2 marks for 2.6 to any	
		other power of 10	
		allow 1 mark for 0.38	
		allow 1 mark for 46(.2)	
		award full marks for the correct	
		answer with no working	
		give full credit for use of g=9.8	
		or 9.81 N/kg (gives 2.7 (m))	

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
number			
6	substitution(1)		(2)
(a)(ii)	$(KE=) \frac{1}{2} \times 0.42 \times 12^2$		AO2
	evaluation (1)		
	30 (J)	allow 30.2(4) (J)	
		award 1 mark for 30 240 (J)	
		award 1 mark for 2.52(J)	
		award 1 mark for 60.5 (J)	
		award full marks for the correct	
		answer with no working	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (a)(iii)	A description including: KE/kinetic (energy store) (1)	allow mechanically / mechanical transfer	(2) AO2
	(transfers to)		
	and one of:		
	elastic (potential energy store) (1)	ignore reference to gravitational potential energy	
	OR		
	thermal (energy of ball/wall/surroundings) (1)	allow heat for thermal allow sound in this context	
	OR		
	dissipates (to surroundings) (1)	ignore reference to the ground	

Question	Indicative content	Mark
number		
6*(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant. AO2,AO3 Non-renewable sources of energy trend: less used/decrease in use (between 2012 and 2019) fossil fuels coal, gas, oil are running out / finite resource / sustainability argument produce carbon dioxide/ sulphur dioxide/	(6) AO2, AO3
	greenhouse gases (when burned) in power stations cause pollution/ smoke particles /damage to the environment causes climate change / global warming production of greenhouse gases needs to be reduced (for Britain to become carbon neutral)	
	nuclear fuels no carbon dioxide produced radioactive waste produced safety concerns	
	Renewable sources of energy trend: more used /increase in use (between 2012 and 2019) renewable and non-renewable about equally used from 2019 solar, wind, hydroelectric, tidal, geothermal, wave and biomass never run out / are sustainable do not produce carbon dioxide/ greenhouse gases (except biomass) slow down climate change / global warming	

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No awardable content
Level 1	1-2	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information attempted but will be limited with a focus on mainly just one variable. Demonstrates limited synthesis of understanding. (AO3) The explanation attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
Level 2	3-4	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information on both variables, synthesising mostly relevant understanding. (AO3) The explanation is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
Level 3	5-6	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information, demonstrating throughout the skills of synthesising relevant understanding. (AO3) The explanation is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance – the decision within levels
			e.g At each level, as well as content, the scientific coherency of what is stated will help place the answer at the top, or the bottom, of that level.
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1–2	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		isolated facts about the resources, non-renewable or renewable	coal is non-renewable and solar is renewable
		OR	non-renewables are decreasing and renewables are increasing
		the trend(s) in usage	non-renewable resources are higher on (most of) the graph
Level 2	3-4	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		trend(s) AND	use of renewable resources is increasing because renewables are sustainable
		limited explanation of the	OR
		renewable trend OR limited explanation of the non-renewable trend	use of non-renewable resources are decreasing because they cause global warming
Level 3	5-6	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
	both trends AND detailed explanation of one trend AND some explanation of the other trend		use of renewable resources are increasing and the use of non-renewable resources are decreasing because non-renewable resources_are
			running out and wind turbines do not produce carbon dioxide