OCR Oxford Cambridge and RSA

GCSE (9-1)

Biology A (Gateway Biology)

J247/01: Paper 1 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2019

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
√	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
LI	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
✓	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Biology A:

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

For answers to Section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Qı	uestion		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1		Α		1	1.1	
2		В		1	1.1	
3		В		1	1.1	
4		D		1	1.1	
5		В		1	1.1	
6		D		1	1.1	
7		A		1	1.1	
8		Α		1	1.1	
9		Α		1	2.1	
10		D		1	2.1	
11		С		1	1.1	
12		В		1	2.1	
13		В		1	2.2	
14		С		1	2.2	
15		В	·	1	2.1	

Q	uestion	Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance	
16	(a)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.04 (mm) award 2 marks 20 ÷ 500 ✓ = 0.04 (mm) ✓	2	2.2	ALLOW 0.038 – 0.042 ALLOW 19 ÷ 500 OR 21 ÷ 500 ALLOW 40 μm/micrometres ALLOW 0.004 for 1 mark due to incorrect units for	
16	(b)	xylem cell ✓	1	1.1	measurement	
16	(c)	Any two from: dead cells ✓ thick/strengthened cell wall ✓ hollow (lumen) ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW ECF from the cell selected in 16(b) ALLOW lignin present/lignified IGNORE cellulose ALLOW waterproof walls ALLOW forms continuous walls/column for water/ continuous tube IGNORE contain water	
16	(d)	(yes) smallest (size of cell) 8 μm/0.8 thousands of a millimetre ✓ (size is) greater than 0.02 thousands of a millimetre / 0.2 μm ✓	2	2.2	If answer is no award zero marks	
16	(e)	(sub-cellular) structures were not clearly visible until electron microscopy ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW idea that smaller organelles/structures can now be seen by electron microscope	

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			ALLOW electron microscopes have a higher
			resolution / magnification
			ALLOW (sub-cellular) structures/organelles shown in
			more detail/easier to see

Q	Question		Answer		AO Element	Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	phloem √	1	2.1	
17	(a)	(ii)	idea that sugar / food / nutrients removed (by the greenfly) ✓	2	2.1	IGNORE xylem / root hair IGNORE water / minerals
			Any one from: So less left for growth ✓			ALLOW so not enough for growth / so unlikely to grow / difficult to grow healthily
						ALLOW less sugar translocated/transported to other parts
			So less for respiration / energy / ATP ✓			
17	(b)	(i)	Any two from: idea of being more exposed to the wind OR plant in glasshouse is protected from wind/sheltered ✓	2	2.1	ALLOW greater humidity in glasshouse ALLOW leaves moved by wind/air movement
			moving air increases transpiration/water loss ✓			ALLOW more evaporation/diffusion of water (need comparative statement)
			wind blows the water (vapour) away from the leaf ✓			
						ALLOW higher level response e.g. the cells losing water and become plasmolysed
						if no other marks awarded ALLOW link between wind and water loss for 1 mark
17	(b)	(ii)	Any three from:	3	3.3a	

<u>JZ477</u>	01	IVIAIK	Julie 20 i		
G	uestio	n Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance
		control the temperature ✓			IGNORE control the heat IGNORE references to time unless linked to potometer
		control light intensity ✓			ALLOW control amount of light ALLOW control amount of wind e.g. use of fan
		cover the pot/prevent water loss from pot (balance) to measure plant mass before and after 			ALLOW control amount of water given to plants
					ALLOW measure fresh weight of leaves at regular intervals
		repeats ✓			ALLOW measure water loss
		set up using a potometer ✓			ALLOW remove leaves from plant and keep one set of leaves sealed in bag another set in air from fan
17	(c)	MRI / X-ray imaging / new technology allows new evidence to be collected ✓	2	3.1b	ALLOW idea MRI etc. shows precise position of water whereas older techniques give approximate position ALLOW couldn't see what they can see now with new
					methods ALLOW tissue easily disturbed by injected dyes / AW
					ALLOW modern methods give more accurate results
		ideas/explanations have changed to fit new observations/technologies √			ALLOW different techniques give different results so different conclusions drawn

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'	Questic	on	Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance
18	(a)	(i)	Any one from: provides a fine/clean cut ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW scalpel is sharper ALLOW easier to cut with scalpel IGNORE more hygienic
			for more accurate/precise cutting measurement ✓			
18	(a)	(ii)	cut in a direction away from yourself / where possible cut using a cutting board ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW place cover over scalpel if not in use ALLOW idea of keep fingers away from cutting/sharp edge/blade IGNORE safety gloves
18	(a)	(iii)	No roots to take up minerals/water ✓	2	2 x 2.2	
			No shoots so no photosynthesis/sugars ✓			ALLOW (cells absorb) sugars for respiration/energy
						ALLOW to provide water/sugar/minerals/nutrients scores 1 mark if no other mark
18	(b)	(i)	warmth needed for (chemical) reactions / respiration / photosynthesis / growth ✓	2	2 x 2.1	ALLOW warmth speeds up metabolism/enzymes/mitosis/reproduction IGNORE bacteria
			light for photosynthesis / chlorophyll produced 🗸			ALLOW light/sunlight so plant can make sugar IGNORE Sun
18	(b)	(ii)	temperature can be controlled / kept at optimum temperature <	2	3.3a	ALLOW keeps constant temperature IGNORE keep heat constant
						ALLOW idea that air movement is constant
			idea that light can be provided 24 hours / continuous light source ✓			ALLOW may go dark at night near window / avoids night-time conditions / avoids sunlight variability AW
18	(b)	(iii)	leaf cells / cells producing stems / chlorophyll being produced ✓	1	3.2a	ALLOW explants are making chloroplasts / able to photosynthesise

1247/01		IVIAIK SCH	Julie 2018		
	Question	Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance
18	(c)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 86.7 (%) award 3 marks	3		
		13 ÷ 15 ✓ = 86.666666 (%) ✓		2 x 2.2	ALLOW 86.6· (recurring) ALLOW ECF for % calculation if incorrect substitution of values from question
		= 86.7 (%) (1 decimal place) ✓		1.2	ALLOW ECF for answer given to 1 decimal place
18	(d)		2	2.1	If not specified assume answer refers to adult animals
		plant/cauliflower cells can differentiate into any cell/become specialised (and make a new individual) ✓			ALLOW embryonic cells can differentiate into any cell and make a new individual
		the type of cell adult stem cells can differentiate into is limited / adult stem cells are difficult to obtain ✓			ALLOW adult animals no longer have embryonic (stem) cells
					ALLOW animals cells cannot differentiate into any cell
					ALLOW higher level answers relating to cloning techniques e.g. animal cells with no cell wall so osmotic medium needs balancing precisely to avoid cells bursting

	247/01		IVIAIK 3		Julie 201	
Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance
19	(a)	(i)	flower opening ✓ germination ✓ shedding of leaves✓	3	1.1	
19	(b)	(i)	plant B has grown in the direction of/towards the light source ✓	2	3.1a	ALLOW in plant A it is still showing phototropism to the light source above IGNORE movement
			tropic response is positive ✓			ALLOW positive phototropism is correct
19	(b)	(ii)	auxin √	1	1.1	ALLOW IAA/indole acetic acid
19	(c)	(i)	FSH ✓	3	1.1	
			follicle			
19	(c)	(ii)	progesterone ✓ Days 3 – 6 ✓	1	2.2	
19	(d)		Any three from: mitosis ✓	3	1.1	
			DNA replicates ✓			ALLOW chromosomes are copied ALLOW DNA duplicates/doubles
			chromosomes separate √			
			cells divide into two new cells ✓			ALLOW (identical) daughter cells produced each with own copy of chromosomes ALLOW cell splits into two
			cells grow ✓			

247/01			IVIAIK SC			Julie A	
Q	Question		Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance	
20	(a)	(i)	insulin √	1	1.1		
20	(a)	(ii)	Any two from: secreted / released from glands/endocrine cells ✓ travel in blood(stream) ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW named gland	
			affect target organs / cells ✓			ALLOW hormones bind to specific receptors	
20	(a)	(iii) *	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 5 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks)	6	2x 1.1 2x 2.1 2x 3.2a	AO1.1 Demonstrates knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas to describe how diabetes is controlled	

Question	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
Question	Allawei	IVIAIR	Element	Guidance
	Correctly compares differences in insulin and glucose levels and identifies each person with evidence from the graphs. AND Describes the treatment for Type 1 and Type 2 diabetes. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Correctly identifies at least one of the people who are diabetic/healthy AND Describes the treatment for Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes. OR Correctly compares differences in insulin and glucose levels in at least one person. AND Describes the treatment for Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Correctly identifies at least one of the people who are diabetic/healthy. OR Correctly compares differences in insulin and glucose levels in at least one person. OR Describes the treatment for Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes. There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant. O marks			 Type 1 diabetes needs insulin injections Type 2 diabetes needs a carefully managed diet/avoid high sugar intake/regular exercise/take diabetic medication/pills AO2.1 Applies knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas in describing the differences in the glucose and insulin levels In person A the insulin levels increase and return the glucose levels to normal In person B insulin levels remain low and glucose levels are very high and not reduced In person C insulin is produced (but slowly) and glucose levels are slow to be reduced/do not return to normal Persons B and C have higher resting glucose levels AO3.2a Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions about the type of diabetes each person has Person A is healthy Person B and C have diabetes Person B has Type 1 diabetes Person C has Type 2 diabetes
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Question		Answer	Mark	AO Element	Guidance	
		No response or no response worthy of credit.				
20	(b)	kidney √	1	1.1		
20	(c)	Any two from: drugs shape is same as substrate ✓ blocks the active site ✓ denature the enzyme ✓ change (shape of) active site ✓	2	2.1	ALLOW drug is competitive/non-competitive inhibitor ALLOW competes with enzyme for active site NOT kill the enzyme ALLOW drug deforms enzyme/active site ALLOW substrate doesn't fit the active site/not complimentary ALLOW key doesn't fit the lock	

Question		n	Answer		AO Element	Guidance
21	(a)		blood travels through pump/heart twice √	2	1.1	ALLOW idea that there are two pumps / idea that blood is pumped twice
			on full circuit around body ✓			ALLOW idea that blood passes separately to lungs and body
21	(b)		bird ✓	3	2.1	If bird is not ticked or bird not selected in answer, then zero for question
			bird has 4 chambered heart ✓			ALLOW bird has heart with 4 sections/compartments/named four chambers
			bird has double circulation√			ALLOW description of double circulation
21	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 4 award 2 marks	2		
			25 000÷5800 = 4.3 ✓ = 4 (nearest whole number) ✓		2.2 1.2	ALLOW ECF mark for correct rounding if calculation is incorrect
21	(c)	(ii)	Any two from: muscles need more energy / more ATP / more respiration muscles need more oxygen / more carbon dioxide to be removed / more glucose /	2	3.2a	need to include only one comparative word e.g. more, to be able to score the first two marking points, e.g. muscles need more oxygen for energy = 2 marks
			to avoid anaerobic respiration / to avoid lactic acid production ✓ other organs not needed (in exercise) ✓			ALLOW to remove more heat
			other digano not needed (in exclude)			ALLOW other organs not prioritised / blood diverted from other organs

C	Question		Answer		AO Element	Guidance
22	(a)	(i)	alcohol / ethanol and carbon dioxide √	1	1.1	ALLOW either order ALLOW correct formulae
22	(b)		Any two from: alcohol produced in yeast (not humans) / ORA✓ lactic acid produced by humans (not yeast) / ORA✓	2	1.1	If any incorrect product is stated, then max 1 mark. If yeast or humans are not stated assume answer refers to yeast
			carbon dioxide produced by yeast (not humans) / ORA			IGNORE reference to oxygen debt / ATP production
22	(c)	(i)	sucrose ✓	1	3.2a	
22	(c)	(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 12 award 2 marks	2	2.2	
			6.0 ÷ 0.5 ✓			
			= 12 √			
22	(c)	(iii)	glucose ✓	1	3.2a	
22	(c)	(iv)	(Yeast B) doesn't ferment fructose ✓	2	3.1a	ALLOW (Yeast B) does not use up fructose / fructose levels decrease slightly / fructose levels remain high / higher yield of fructose / fructose levels remain constant ALLOW reverse arguments for Yeast A DO NOT ALLOW fructose is produced
			(Yeast B) produces some fermented products ✓			ALLOW fermented products increased DO NOT ALLOW fermented products produced from fructose DO NOT ALLOW produces high levels of fermented products IGNORE fermented product level stays the same / less fermented product than A

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