

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel GCSE In Physics (1SC0) Paper 2PF

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Summer 2023
Publications Code 1PH0_2F_2306_MS
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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Mark schemes have been developed so that the rubrics of each mark scheme reflects the characteristics of the skills within the AO being targeted and the requirements of the command word. So for example the command word 'Explain' requires an identification of a point and then reasoning/justification of the point.

Explain questions can be asked across all AOs. The distinction comes whether the identification is via a judgment made to reach a conclusion, or, making a point through application of knowledge to reason/justify the point made through application of understanding. It is the combination and linkage of the marking points that is needed to gain full marks.

When marking questions with a 'describe' or 'explain' command word, the detailed marking guidance below should be consulted to ensure consistency of marking.

Assessment Objective		Command Word		
Strand	Element	Describe	Explain	
AO1		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description	An explanation that links identification of a point with reasoning/justification(s) as required	
AO2		An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description, showing application of knowledge and understanding	An explanation that links identification of a point (by applying knowledge) with reasoning/justification (application of understanding)	
AO3	1a and 1b	An answer that combines points of interpretation/evaluation to provide a logical description		
AO3	2a and 2b		An explanation that combines identification via a judgment to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning	
AO3	За	An answer that combines the marking points to provide a logical description of the plan/method/experiment		
AO3	3b		An explanation that combines identifying an improvement of the experimental procedure with a linked justification/reasoning	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(a)	lamp symbol (1) switch symbol (1) open or closed resistor symbol (1) complete series circuit, with any circuit symbol(s) connected to the battery (1)	ignore any additional symbols ignore cells / batteries	(4) AO1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (b)	B 5 A		(1) AO1
	A, C and D are incorrect repetitions or addition		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (c) (i)	substitution (1)		(2) AO2
	$(charge) = 0.46 \times 30$		
	evaluation (1)		
	(charge) = 14 (C)	any number that rounds to 14 e.g. 13.8	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1 (c) (ii)	substitution (1)		(2) AO2
	(energy transferred) = 0.46 x 6.0 x 60	allow (energy transferred) = 0.46 x 6.0 x 1 or (energy transferred) = 0.46 x 6.0 x 30	
	evaluation (1)		
	(energy transferred) = 170 (J)	any number that rounds to 170 e.g. 165.6 or 166	
		allow answers that round to 2.8 or 83 e.g. 2.76 or 82.8 for 1 mark only	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Total for Q1 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a) (i)	$ \begin{array}{c} $	both poles needed for each mark (either side of paper clip, right or left) allow just S at the top of the pair and N at the bottom of the pair for 1 mark ignore the third paper clip after these two (given in question)	(2) AO1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a) (ii)	induced (1)		(1) AO1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (a) (iii)	iron / steel / nickel / cobalt (1)	ignore 'metal'	(1) AO1
		do not allow any other named metal	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a) (iv)	description including two from		(2) AO1
	use a (plotting) compass (1)		
	(plotting compass) shows a change in direction / needle moves	sees repulsion / repelling	
	OR bring the paper clips together (1)	bring the paper clips near to a magnetic material ignore 'magnet' for this marking point	
	seeing if they attract / repel (1)	do not accept 'attracts to a magnet'	
	OR use of iron filings (around the paperclips) (1)		
	see a pattern (1)	accept for two marks bring a magnet close to a paper clip to test for repulsion	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (b) (i)	(magnetic field) {lines / circles / pattern} closer (together at P) (1)	(magnetic field) lines more concentrated (at P)	(1) AO1
		(magnetic field) lines further apart / less concentrated at Q	
		ignore idea that P is closer (to the wire than Q)	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2 (b) (ii)	a description to include as current increases magnetic field strength increases (1) linear/ increases in even steps / doubling idea / proportional (1)	allow positive correlation	(2) AO3
		'directly proportional' scores 2 marks	

Total for Q2 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Mark
3 (a)	C 50 Hz	(1) AO1
	A, B and D are all distracting numbers not matching the frequency of the mains	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (b)	explanation linking any two from:	accept thermal energy for heat energy	(2) AO1
	(smaller currents) reduce heating effect (in cables) (1)	allow will not get (as) hot / heat loss is reduced	
	less energy / power wasted (in cables) (1)		
	increases efficiency (1)		
		allow 2 marks for 'reduce(s) heat energy loss'	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (c) (i)	substitution (1) (power =) 12000 x 0.64	allow (power =) 240 x 32	(2) AO3
	evaluation (1)		
	R = 7700 (W)	any answer that rounds to 7700 (W) e.g. 7680 (W)	
		award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3 (c) (ii)	substitution (1) (number of turns in secondary coil number of turns in primary coil =) 1600 or 1 80000 50		(2) AO2
	evaluation (1) 0.02(0)	0.02(0) to any other power of 10 scores 1 mark award full marks for correct answer without working accept for 1 mark (seen anywhere) 50, 80000, 50 1 1600 or (from counting turns) 4, 0.27 15	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c) (iii)	(ratio =) 240 : 12000 (1)		(2) AO2
	1:50(1)	0.02 : 1 award full marks for correct answer without working	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (a)	substitution (1) (mean speed) $= \frac{1.31 + 1.27 + 1.16}{3}$ evaluation (1)	3.74 3	(2) AO2
	speed = 1.25 (m/s)	any number that rounds to 1.25 (m/s) e.g. 1.247 accept 1.2 or 1.3 allow 1.24 award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (b)	any one idea from	ignore accuracy	(1) AO1
	 identifying anomalous results (1) 	check if results are precise	
		allow more precise	
	improve reliability (1)		
	 uncertainty in starting point (1) 		

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (c)	substitutions (2)		(3) AO2
	$(\Delta GPE = m \times g \times \Delta h)$		AOZ
	$= 0.052 \times 10 \times (0.0)5 (1)$		
	converts 5 cm to 0.05 m (1)	0.05 seen	
	evaluation (1)		
	= 0.026 (J)	award full marks for the correct answer without working	
		0.026 to any other power of ten scores 2 marks	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (d) i	ruler / line / rectangle shown vertically, must include minimum vertical distance shown on diagram (1)	judge by eye accept any vertical line covering the minimum vertical distance	(1) AO3

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4 (d) ii	description to include set square placed	accept reasonable alternatives on a diagram or explained in writing	(2) AO3
	against ruler (to measure vertical position) (1)		
	(one edge of set square placed at) right angles / perpendicular / 90° (to ruler) (1)	accept one edge of the set square shown as vertical in diagram	
	(set square used to) make ruler vertical (1)		
		full marks may be awarded from additions to Figure 10 or 11	
		e.g.	
		ball light beam	
		allow 2 marks for any horizontal line (set square use) on the diagram drawn through / touching a vertical ruler	
		if no other mark scored allow 1 mark for improving accuracy	

Total for Q4 = 9 marks

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (a)	substitution (1)		(2) AO2
	(E =) 0.042 x 1.5		
	evaluation (1)		
	(E =) 0.063 (J) (1)	6.3 x 10 ⁻²	
		award 2 marks for the correct answer without working	
		accept 0.063 to any other power of 10 for 1 mark	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b)	voltmeter connected in parallel with the iron wire / any part of the iron wire (1)	accept any recognisable symbols.	(2) AO1
	ammeter connected in series with the iron wire (1) example: connector variable resistor battery	accept symbol drawn over connecting wire do not credit the same type of meter shown in contradictory positions	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (c) (i)	one from: metre rule / metre stick / ruler / (measuring) tape / crocodile clip / other clip / wire cutters / pliers / sliding contact jockey / more (iron) wire	accept scissors	(1) AO3
		ignore additional electrical devices such as ohmmeter / multimeter	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (c)(ii)	(ii) Figure 4 shows a graph of the results. 4.00 3.50 3.2Ω 3.00 2.50 1.50 1.00 × 1.50 × 1.00 × 2.8Ω 2.8Ω	accept any straight line within the shaded range shown judge by eye.	(1) AO2
	6cm length in cm	ignore extrapolation	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (c)(iii)	any number between 2.7 and 3.3 inclusive	allow ecf from (ii) $\pm 0.1 \Omega$	(1) AO2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (c) (iv)	explanation linking any two from:	accept flow of electrons / charge for current	(2) AO1
	(variable) resistor increases the resistance (of the circuit) (1)		
	(therefore) keeps the current constant / small(er) (1)	reduces current / limits the current	
		ignore slows the current / charge	
	because current increases temperature of the (iron) wire (1)	accept current heats up (iron) wire	
		accept for two marks: adjust variable resistor to keep current constant / small	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (d)	substitution (1)	alternative method rearrangement (1)	(2) AO2
	1.56 = 0.45 x R	$(R =) \frac{V}{I}$	
		or	
		(R=) <u>1.56</u> 0.45	
	rearrangement and evaluation (1)	(substitution and) evaluation (1)	
	(R =) 3.5 (ohms)	(R =) 3.5 (ohms)	
		allow values that round to 3.5 e.g. 3.46(666) 3.47 etc award full marks for the correct answer without working	

Total for Q5 = 11 marks

Question number	Answer	Mark
6 (a)	A is incorrect because it describes a change of state from gas to liquid. B is incorrect because it describes a change of state from liquid to solid C is incorrect because it describes a change of state from solid to liquid	(1) AO1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (b)	substitution (1) $(r) = \frac{7.22(\times 10^{-2})}{2.69(\times 10^{-5})}$	2.68 to any power of ten seen	(3) AO2
	evaluation (1)		
	(ρ =) 2680	allow any value that rounds to 2680; e.g. 2684	
		accept 2700	
		allow values in standard form e.g. 2.68×10^3	
	unit (1) kg / m³	kg m ⁻³	
		allow for three marks: 2.68 to any power of ten with a consistent unit, e.g. 2680 kg/m³ 2680 g/dm³ 2.68 g/cm³ 2.68 kg/dm³ 0.00268 kg/cm³ 2 680 000 g/m³	
		allow for two marks: • 2680 with no or incorrect unit • 2.68 to any other power of 10 with an inconsistent unit of density • correct substitution with an inconsistent unit of density	
		 allow for one mark: 2680 to any other power of ten with no or incorrect unit appropriate unit of density with no or an incorrect value 	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (c) (i)	933 (K)	do not accept -933	(1) AO2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
6 (c)(ii)	A description to include any two from:		(2) AO1
	(motion is) random (1)	move freely / move in any direction / move around	
	various {speeds / velocities / kinetic energies} (1)	different speeds range of speeds	
	bump into each other / collide (1)	slide over / past each other / touch each other / in contact with each other	
	fast(er than solid) (1)	more kinetic energy (than in solid)	
		ignore bulk properties of liquids e.g. take shape of container.	
		ignore vibrate	
		"random speeds" on its own scores 1 mark	

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
*6(d)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme. The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant. Fibre glass • has lower R-value • similar R-value (to polystyrene) • derived from sand so plentiful / cheap • non-flammable • dangerous to install • concludes / uses other arguments to say that it is a suitable or unsuitable material Polystyrene • high(est) R-value so suitable on that score • (but) involves petroleum / oil extraction so (could be) environmentally damaging • melting / flammable / fire hazard / release of toxic fumes • concludes / uses other arguments to say that it is a suitable or unsuitable material	(6) AO2, AO3

AO targeting: 3 marks AO2 strand 1 and 3 marks AO3 strand 1a and 1b

Level	Mark	Descriptor	
	0	No awardable content	
Level 1	1-2	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information attempted but will be limited with a focus on mainly just one variable. Demonstrates limited synthesis of understanding. (AO3) 	
		 The explanation attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2) 	
Level 2	3-4	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information on both variables, synthesising mostly relevant understanding. (AO3) 	
		 The explanation is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2) 	
Level 3	5-6	 Interpretation and evaluation of the information, demonstrating throughout the skills of synthesising relevant understanding. (AO3) 	
		 The explanation is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2) 	

Level	Mark	Additional Guidance	General additional guidance – the decision within levels
			e.g At each level, as well as content, the scientific coherency of what is stated will help place the answer at the top, or the bottom, of that level.
	0	No rewardable material.	
Level 1	1-2	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		at least two pieces of information from the table used OR one piece of information on the table and makes a simple choice	R is 4.0 for polystyrene + fibreglass is not flammable OR we should use fibreglass
Level 2	3-4	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		compares at least two properties OR compares one property and gives a conclusion about suitability	fibreglass has a lower R-value and is not flammable, but polystyrene is OR fibreglass is not flammable, but polystyrene is, so fibreglass better
		uses information from the two materials used AND makes some comparison(s) / concludes logically about suitability	
Level 3	5-6	Additional guidance	Possible candidate responses
		compares at least two properties AND gives a conclusion (both materials involved, allow one to be discussed in greater detail than the other) WITH logical connections between elements argued from the table.	fibreglass and polystyrene have similar R-values. Fibreglass is not flammable, but polystyrene is, so fibreglass is better